

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from ____ to ____

Commission File Number: 001-32295

FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

British Columbia, Canada
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

20-0442384
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

PO Box 13628, 68 TW Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

27709
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (919) 636-4530

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer
Non-Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer
Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicated by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES NO

As of November 13, 2018, there were 19,729,164 shares of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. common stock outstanding.

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PART 1: FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands)

	<u>September 30, 2018</u> <u>(unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2017</u>
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,524	\$ 28,260
Prepaid expenses	411	128
Other current assets	-	13
Total current assets	<u>\$ 24,935</u>	<u>\$ 28,401</u>
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,866	\$ 855
Accrued liabilities	210	622
Derivative instruments (Note 4)	-	167
Total current liabilities	<u>2,076</u>	<u>1,644</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,076</u>	<u>1,644</u>
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 19,104 shares issued and outstanding (2017-18,411)	104,770	103,045
Additional paid-in capital	45,118	43,837
Accumulated deficit	(128,272)	(121,368)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,243	1,243
Total stockholders' equity	<u>22,859</u>	<u>26,757</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 24,935</u>	<u>\$ 28,401</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	<u>Three Months Ended</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2018</u>	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2018</u>	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>
Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	1,798	492	3,285	1,050
General and administrative	1,050	1,694	4,019	3,386
Loss from operations	(2,848)	(2,186)	(7,304)	(4,436)
Other income (expense):				
Unrealized (loss)/gain on derivatives (Note 4)	-	(183)	167	(340)
Other (loss)/gain	(2)	1	-	(4)
Interest income and other	101	16	233	24
Total other income/(expense), net	99	(166)	400	(320)
Net loss	\$ (2,749)	\$ (2,352)	\$ (6,904)	\$ (4,756)
Basic net loss per common share	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.32)
Diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.32)
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, basic	18,968	15,740	18,648	14,533
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, diluted	18,968	15,740	18,648	14,533

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(U.S. Dollars in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	<u>Three Months Ended</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2018</u>	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2018</u>	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>
Cash flows (used in) provided by:				
Operating activities:				
Net loss	\$ (2,749)	\$ (2,352)	\$ (6,904)	\$ (4,756)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Unrealized loss/(gain) on derivative	-	183	(167)	340
Stock-based compensation - contractors	46	210	243	552
Stock-based compensation - employees	222	907	1,603	1,409
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Prepaid assets	(351)	(177)	(283)	(155)
Other current assets	4	4	13	1
Accounts payable	1,157	196	1,011	248
Accrued liabilities	72	71	(412)	40
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(1,599)</u>	<u>(958)</u>	<u>(4,896)</u>	<u>(2,321)</u>
Financing activities:				
Short swing profit judgment offset with settlement expense	-	-	18	-
Issuance of units, options and warrants exercised	483	383	1,142	512
Private placement	-	31	-	7,571
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>483</u>	<u>414</u>	<u>1,160</u>	<u>8,083</u>
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,116)	(544)	(3,736)	5,762
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of period	25,640	10,232	28,260	3,926
Cash and cash equivalents - End of period	<u>\$ 24,524</u>	<u>\$ 9,688</u>	<u>\$ 24,524</u>	<u>\$ 9,688</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Number (Note 5)	Amount				
Balance at December 31, 2017	18,411	\$ 103,045	\$ 43,837	\$ (121,368)	\$ 1,243	\$ 26,757
Stock options issued to employees	-	-	174	-	-	174
Stock options issued to contractors	-	-	114	-	-	114
Exercise of stock options	23	71	(35)	-	-	36
Exercise of warrants	50	221	(71)	-	-	150
Net loss	-	-	-	(1,568)	-	(1,568)
Balance at March 31, 2018	18,484	103,337	44,019	(122,936)	1,243	25,663
Short swing profit judgment offset with settlement expense	-	-	18	-	-	18
Stock options issued to employees	-	-	1,207	-	-	1,207
Stock options issued to contractors	-	-	83	-	-	83
Exercise of stock options	18	75	(40)	-	-	35
Exercise of warrants	292	598	(160)	-	-	438
Net loss	-	-	-	(2,587)	-	(2,587)
Balance at June 30, 2018	18,794	104,010	45,127	-125,523	1,243	24,857
Stock options issued to employees	-	-	222	-	-	222
Stock options issued to contractors	-	-	46	-	-	46
Exercise of stock options	81	290	(151)	-	-	139
Exercise of warrants	229	470	(126)	-	-	344
Net loss	-	-	-	(2,749)	-	(2,749)
Balance at September 30, 2018	19,104	\$ 104,770	\$ 45,118	\$ (128,272)	\$ 1,243	\$ 22,859

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

1. Nature of Business and Going Concern

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (“Fennec”) is a British Columbia corporation. Fennec, together with its wholly-owned subsidiaries Oxiquant, Inc. (“Oxiquant”) and Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., both Delaware corporations, Fennec Pharmaceuticals (EU) Limited (“Fennec Limited”), newly formed and registered in Ireland, and Cadherin Biomedical Inc. (“CBI”), a Canadian corporation, collectively referred to herein as the “Company,” is a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of PEDMARKTM (a unique formulation of Sodium Thiosulfate (“STS”)) for the prevention of ototoxicity from cisplatin in pediatric patients. With the exception of Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., all subsidiaries are inactive.

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“US GAAP”) that are applicable to a going concern which contemplates that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

On June 8, 2017, the Company completed the closing of a non-brokered private placement (the “Offering”) of 1,900,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$7.6 million (\$7,571 net of commissions, fees and issue costs). Each common share was issued at a price of \$4.00.

On December 12, 2017, the Company announced the completion of an underwritten public offering of 2,352,950 common shares at a public offering price of \$8.50 per share. In addition, Fennec issued an additional 135,670 common shares in connection with the partial exercise of the underwriters’ over-allotment option. The approximate total gross proceeds from the offering was \$21.2 million (\$19,810 net of commissions, fees and issue costs).

During the three and nine-months ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred a loss from operations of \$2,848 and \$7,304, respectively. At September 30, 2018, it had an accumulated deficit of \$128.3 million and had experienced negative cash flows from operating activities during the three and nine-months ended September 30, 2018 in the amount of \$1,599 and \$4,896, respectively.

The Company believes the aforementioned capital raises provide sufficient funding for the Company to carry-out its planned activities for at least the next twelve months as it continues its strategic development of PEDMARKTM.

These financial statements do not reflect the potentially material adjustments in the carrying values of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses, and the balance sheet classifications used, that would be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with US GAAP and are the responsibility of the Company’s management. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and notes required by US GAAP for annual financial statements. Accordingly, these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and notes filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Company’s accounting policies are consistent with those presented in the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in U.S. dollars. All amounts presented are in thousands except for per share amounts.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that impact the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the opinion of management, these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, which are normal and recurring in nature, necessary for the fair presentation of the Company’s financial position at September 30, 2018 and to state fairly the results for the periods presented. The most significant estimates utilized during the quarter ended September 30, 2018 included estimates necessary to value grants of stock option to contractors, employees and various contractors, disclosed in Note 5.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

New accounting pronouncements

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework-Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. ASU 2018-13 removes certain disclosures, modifies certain disclosures and adds additional disclosures. The ASU is effective for us on January 1, 2020, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. Certain disclosures in ASU 2018-13 would need to be applied on a retrospective basis and others on a prospective basis. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance may have on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07 to expand the scope of ASC Topic 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting, to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. The pronouncement is effective for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. We are currently in the process of evaluating the effects of this pronouncement on our consolidated financial statements, including potential early adoption.

In March 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-05, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118". The overarching purpose of ASU 2018-05 is to codify the guidance issued by the SEC related to income tax accounting implications due to the comprehensive U.S. tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act enacted on December 22, 2017 (the "Tax Reform Act"), as originally discussed within Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, Income Tax Accounting Implications of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (SAB 118) within ASC 740, Income Taxes. SAB 118, and now ASC 740 provide a measurement period, which in no case should extend beyond one year from the Tax Reform Act enactment date, during which a company acting in good faith may complete the accounting for the impacts of the Tax Reform Act. To the extent that a company's accounting for certain income tax effects of the Tax Reform Act is incomplete, the company can determine a reasonable estimate for those effects and record a provisional estimate in the financial statements in the first reporting period in which a reasonable estimate can be determined. If a company cannot determine a provisional estimate to be included in the financial statements, the company should continue to apply ASC 740 based on the provisions of the tax laws that were in effect immediately prior to the Tax Reform Act being enacted. The Company will continue to analyze the effects of the Tax Reform Act on its Condensed and Consolidated Financial Statements. Additional impacts from the enactment of the Tax Reform Act will be recorded as they are identified during the measurement period as provided for in SAB 118, which extends up to one year from the enactment date.

In February 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-05, "Other Income - Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets" ("ASU 2017-05"). ASU 2017-05 is meant to clarify the scope of the original guidance within Subtopic 610-20 that was issued in connection with ASU 2014-09, as defined below, which provides guidance for recognizing gains and losses from the transfer of nonfinancial assets in contracts with noncustomers. ASU 2017-05 also added guidance for partial sales of nonfinancial assets. ASU 2017-05 is effective for our fiscal year ending December 31, 2018 and we are required to adopt ASU 2017-05 concurrent with the adoption of ASU 2014-09. The Company adopted ASU 2017-05 January 1, 2018. The Company concluded after evaluation, that the impact of ASU 2017-05 on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures was de minimis.

In May 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update 2017-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting ("ASU 2017-09"). The FASB issued ASU 2017-09 to clarify and reduce both (i) diversity in practice and (ii) cost and complexity when applying the guidance in Topic 718, to a change to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment award. This guidance became effective for the Company as of January 1, 2018. The amendments in this ASU have been applied prospectively to awards modified after the adoption date.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-9, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue. This update provides a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires revenue to be recognized in a manner to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which delayed the effective date of the new standard from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2018. The FASB also agreed to allow entities to choose to adopt the standard as of the original effective date. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations, which clarifies the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, which clarifies certain aspects of identifying performance obligations and licensing implementation guidance. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients related to disclosures of remaining performance obligations, as well as other amendments to guidance on collectability, non-cash consideration and the presentation of sales and other similar taxes collected from customers. In September 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-13, Revenue Recognition (Topic 605), Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), Leases (Topic 840), and Leases (Topic 842): Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to the Staff Announcement at the July 20, 2017 EITF Meeting and Rescission of Prior SEC Staff Announcements and Observer Comments. The amendments in ASU No. 2017-13 amends the early adoption date option for certain companies related to the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09 and ASU No. 2016-02. In November 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Income Statement- Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220), Revenue Recognition (Topic 605), which amends certain SEC paragraphs within the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. These standards had the same effective date and transition date of January 1, 2018. The new revenue standard allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective application. The Company currently does not have any revenue and therefore this update has virtually no effect on its consolidated financial statements.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The new guidance requires the recognition of lease liabilities, representing future minimum lease payments, on a discounted basis, and corresponding right-of-use assets on a balance sheet for most leases, along with requirements for enhanced disclosures to give financial statement users the ability to assess the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leasing arrangements. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-10 and 2018-11 which permit application of the new guidance at the beginning of the year of adoption, recognizing a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption, in addition to the method of applying the new guidance retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented. The ASU is effective for us on January 1, 2019. We have concluded the impact of this guidance will be negligible on our consolidated financial statements, given we have no material leases.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with original maturities at the date of purchase of three months or less. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents in investments held by highly rated financial institutions in accordance with its investment policy designed to protect the principal investment. At September 30, 2018, the Company had \$24,524 in cash, savings and money market accounts (\$28,260 at December 31, 2017). At September 30, 2018, the Company held \$914 in cash of which \$31 (as presented in U.S. dollars) was in Canadian dollars (\$255 at December 31, 2017 as presented in U.S. dollars). At September 30, 2018, the Company held \$23,610 in money market investments and savings accounts. Money market investments typically have minimal risks. The Company has not experienced any loss or write-down of its money market investments since inception.

3. Earnings per Share

Earnings per common share is presented under two formats: basic earnings per common share and diluted earnings per common share. Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, plus the potentially dilutive impact of common stock equivalents (i.e. stock options and warrants). Dilutive common share equivalents consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and warrants. The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Numerator:				
Net (loss)	\$ (2,749)	\$ (2,352)	\$ (6,904)	\$ (4,756)
Denominator:				
Weighted-average common shares, basic	18,968	15,740	18,648	14,533
Dilutive effect of stock options	-	-	-	-
Dilutive effect of warrants	-	-	-	-
Incremental dilutive shares	-	-	-	-
Weighted-average common shares, diluted	18,968	15,740	18,648	14,533
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.32)

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

The following outstanding options and warrants were excluded from the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share for the periods presented because including them would have had an anti-dilutive effect:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Options to purchase common stock	2,498	2,361	2,498	2,361
Warrants to purchase common stock	792	1,362	792	1,362

4. Derivative Instruments

As of September 30, 2018, the Company no longer has outstanding derivative instruments. Prior to March 31, 2018, the Company had outstanding options denominated in Canadian dollars which were not considered to be indexed to its own stock because the exercise price is denominated in Canadian dollars and the Company's functional currency is U.S. dollars. Therefore, these options were treated as derivative financial instruments and recorded at their fair value as a liability. All other outstanding convertible instruments are considered to be indexed to the Company's stock, because their exercise price is denominated in the same currency as the Company's functional currency and are included in stockholders' equity.

These options were recorded at their fair value as a liability at issuance and were re-measured at fair value as a liability at each subsequent balance sheet date until they were exercised, forfeited or expired. Any change in value between reporting periods was recorded as unrealized gain/(loss). The fair value of these options was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

Comparative data related to gain/(loss) recorded on re-measurement of the derivative liability for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 are summarized in the table below. There is no cash flow impact for these derivatives until the options are exercised. When the options are exercised, the Company receives the proceeds from the exercise at the current exchange rate at the time of exercise.

Gain/(Loss) on Derivative Instruments	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Options to contractors	\$ -	\$ (183)	\$ 167	\$ (340)
Gain/(loss) on Derivative Instruments	\$ -	\$ (183)	\$ 167	\$ (340)

During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company issued 36 and 29, respectively, options to contractors with a Canadian dollar denominated strike price. Consequently, the Company had derivatives relating to these options since the strike price is denominated in a currency other than the US dollar functional currency of the Company. While there is an exception to this rule for employees in ASU 2010-13 "Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Effect of denominating the exercise price of a share-based payment award in the currency of the market in which the underlying equity security trades", no such exception exists for contractors.

The table below summarizes Canadian dollar denominated contractor option activity, during the interim period:

	Number of	Weighted-Average
	Options (thousands)	Exercise Price (\$CAD)
Outstanding December 31, 2017	19	1.71
Granted	-	-
Exercised	(19)	1.71
Outstanding at March 31, 2018	-	-
Granted	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	-	-
Granted	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Outstanding at September 30, 2018	-	-

Canadian dollar denominated options issued to contractors vest immediately and are treated as derivative liabilities. In the case a derivative option is exercised, upon the exercise date, the Company extinguishes the derivative liability, records the cash received and the shares issued into common stock and additional paid in capital accordingly. During the three and nine-month period ended September 30, 2018, there was an exercise of 0 and 19 Canadian denominated option being treated as derivative liabilities, respectively. This exercise resulted in \$0 and \$26 gross proceeds to the Company, respectively.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

5. Stockholders' Equity

Authorized capital stock

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of an unlimited number of shares of no par common stock.

Warrants to Purchase Common Stock

The Company has warrants outstanding to purchase common stock priced in U.S. dollars with a weighted average price of \$1.50 and a weighted average remaining life of 0.15 years. During the three and nine-months ended September 30, 2018, there were 229 and 571 warrants exercised resulting in gross proceeds to the Company of \$344 and \$932, respectively.

Warrant Description	Common Shares Issuable Upon Exercise of Outstanding Warrants at September 30, 2018	Exercise Price \$USD	Expiration Date
Investor warrants	792	\$1.50 USD	November 22, 2018
Total	792		

Stock option plan

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors administers the Company's stock option plan. The Compensation Committee designates eligible participants to be included under the plan and approves the number of options to be granted from time to time under the plan. Currently, the maximum number of option shares issuable is twenty-five percent (25%) of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of common stock. Based upon the current shares outstanding, a maximum of 4,776 options are authorized for issuance under the plan. For all options issued under the plan, the exercise price is the fair value of the underlying shares on the date of grant. All options vest within three years or less and are exercisable for a period of seven years from the date of grant. The stock option plan allows the issuance of Canadian and U.S. dollar grants. The table below outlines recognized contractor and employee expense for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Contractor options expense recognized	\$ 46	\$ 210	\$ 243	\$ 552
Employee options expense recognized	222	907	1,603	1,409
Total option expense recognized	\$ 268	\$ 1,117	\$ 1,846	\$ 1,961

Stock option activity

The following is a summary of option activity for each of the quarterly periods in fiscal year 2018 for stock options denominated in U.S. dollars:

US Denominated Options	Number of Options (thousands)	Weighted-Average Exercise Price \$USD
Outstanding December 31, 2017	1,603	2.70
Granted	210	8.38
Exercised	(4)	2.79
Outstanding at March 31, 2018	1,809	3.36
Granted	95	11.10
Exercised	(7)	2.72
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	1,897	3.75
Granted	-	-
Exercised	(47)	1.90
Outstanding at September 30, 2018	1,850	3.68

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2018, US denominated option exercises provided gross proceeds of \$89. US denominated option exercises during the three-month period ended September 30, 2018, resulted in the issuance of 47 common shares. Of the 1,850 options granted and outstanding at September 30, 2018, 1,543 are fully vested and exercisable.

The following is a summary of option activity for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018 for stock options denominated in Canadian dollars:

Canadian Denominated Options	Number of Options (thousands)	Weighted-Average Exercise Price \$CAD
Outstanding December 31, 2017	712	2.38
Exercised	(19)	1.32
Outstanding at March 31, 2018	693	1.86
Exercised	(11)	1.89
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	682	2.40
Exercised	(34)	1.89
Outstanding at September 30, 2018	648	2.43

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
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For the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018, there was no issuance activity related to Canadian dollar denominated options. During the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018, there were exercises of 34 and 64 Canadian denominated options, respectively. These exercises resulted in gross proceeds of CAD\$64 and CAD\$110, respectively (\$49 and \$91 as presented in U.S. dollars, respectively). As of September 30, 2018, all 648 outstanding options denominated in Canadian dollars were fully vested and exercisable.

Valuation assumptions

The value of options granted were estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions in the table below. The expected volatility was determined using historical volatility of our stock based on the contractual life of the award. There were no options issued during the three months ended September 30, 2018, (21 for the same period in 2017). Assumptions for the valuation of the option grants are described in the table below:

Black-Scholes Model Assumptions	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Expected dividend	0.00%	0.00%
Risk free rate	2.74 – 3.00%	2.04%
Expected volatility	132 - 141%	162%
Expected life	7 years	7 years

6. Fair Value Measurements

The Company adopted the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Topic of the FASB in 2011. This Topic applies to certain assets and liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis. The Topic defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with US GAAP, and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. This Topic enables the reader of the financial statements to assess the inputs used to develop those measurements by establishing a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. The Topic requires that financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis	Fair Value Measurement at September 30, 2018			Total
	Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Instruments	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 914(1)	\$ 23,610	\$ -	\$ 24,524

(1) The Company held \$914 in cash of which \$31 (as presented in U.S. dollars) was in Canadian funds.

7. Commitments and Contingencies

Oregon Health & Science University Agreement

On February 20, 2013, Fennec entered into a new exclusive license agreement with Oregon Health & Science University (“OHSU”), for exclusive worldwide license rights to intellectual property directed to thiol-based compounds, including STS and their use in oncology (the "New OHSU Agreement"). OHSU will receive certain milestone payments, royalty on net sales for licensed products and a royalty on any consideration received from sublicensing of the licensed technology.

The term of the New OHSU Agreement expires on the date of the last to expire claim(s) covered in the patents licensed to Fennec, unless earlier terminated as provided in the agreement. STS is currently protected by methods of use patents that the Company exclusively licensed from OHSU that expire in Europe in 2021 and are currently pending in the United States. The New OHSU Agreement is terminable by either Fennec or OHSU in the event of a material breach of the agreement by either party after 45 days prior written notice. Fennec also has the right to terminate the New OHSU Agreement at any time upon 60 days prior written notice and payment of all fees due to OHSU under the New OHSU Agreement.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
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(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

On May 18, 2015, Fennec negotiated an amendment ("Amendment 1") to the exclusive license agreement with OHSU. Amendment 1 expands the exclusive license agreement signed with OHSU on February 20, 2013 ("New OHSU Agreement") to include the use of N-acetylcysteine as a standalone therapy and/or in combination with STS for the prevention of ototoxicity induced by chemotherapeutic agents to treat cancers. Further, Amendment 1 adjusts select milestone payments entered in the OHSU Agreement including but not limited to the royalty rate on net sales for licensed products, royalty rate from sublicensing of the licensed technology and the fee payable upon the regulatory approval of a licensed product.

Executive Severance

In the event of his termination with us other than for cause, we will be obligated to pay Mr. Raykov a one-time severance payment of \$350. In the event of his termination with us other than for cause, we will be obligated to pay Mr. Andrade a one-time severance payment of \$125.

Leases

The Company has an operating lease in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. This operating lease is terminable with 30 days' notice and has no penalties or contingent payments due. The Company had rent expense of \$2 during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

The discussion below contains forward-looking statements regarding our financial condition and our results of operations that are based upon our annual consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles within the United States, or U.S. GAAP, and applicable U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, regulations for financial information. The preparation of these financial statements requires our management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis. Our estimates are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable.

Overview

Lead Product Candidate PEDMARK™

The following is our only lead product candidate in the clinical stage of development:

- PEDMARK™ (a unique formulation of sodium thiosulfate (STS)) – sodium thiosulfate in a novel formulation, recently announced results of two Phase 3 clinical trials for the prevention of cisplatin induced hearing loss, or ototoxicity in children including the pivotal Phase 3 study SIOPEL 6, “A Multicentre Open Label Randomised Phase 3 Trial of the Efficacy of Sodium Thiosulfate in Reducing Ototoxicity in Patients Receiving Cisplatin Chemotherapy for Standard Risk Hepatoblastoma,” and the proof of concept Phase 3 study “A Randomized Phase 3 Study of Sodium Thiosulfate for the Prevention of Cisplatin-Induced Ototoxicity in Children”.

We continue to focus the Company’s resources on the development of PEDMARK™.

We have licensed from OHSU intellectual property rights for the use of PEDMARK™ as a chemoprotectant, and are developing PEDMARK™ as a protectant against the hearing loss often caused by platinum-based anti-cancer agents in children. Preclinical and clinical studies conducted by OHSU and others have indicated that PEDMARK™ can effectively reduce the incidence of hearing loss caused by platinum-based anti-cancer agents.

Hearing loss among children receiving platinum-based chemotherapy is frequent, permanent and often severely disabling. The incidence of hearing loss in these children depends upon the dose and duration of chemotherapy, and many of these children require lifelong hearing aids. There is currently no established preventive agent for this hearing loss and only expensive, technically difficult and sub-optimal cochlear (inner ear) implants have been shown to provide some benefit. In addition, adults undergoing chemotherapy for several common malignancies, including ovarian cancer, testicular cancer, and particularly head and neck cancer and brain cancer, often receive intensive platinum-based therapy and may experience severe, irreversible hearing loss, particularly in the high frequencies.

The Company estimates in the U.S. and Europe that over 10,000 children with solid tumors are treated with platinum agents. The vast majority of these newly diagnosed tumors are localized and classified as low to intermediate risk in nature. These localized cancers may have overall survival rates of greater than 80%, further emphasizing the importance of quality of life after treatment. The incidence of hearing loss in these children depends upon the dose and duration of chemotherapy, and many of these children require lifelong hearing aids. There is currently no established preventive agent for this hearing loss and only expensive, technically difficult and sub-optimal cochlear (inner ear) implants have been shown to provide some benefit. Infants and young children at critical stages of development lack speech language development and literacy, and older children and adolescents lack speech language development and literacy, and older children and adolescents lack social-emotional development and educational achievement.

STS has been studied by cooperative groups in two Phase 3 clinical studies of survival and reduction of ototoxicity: COG ACCL0431 and SIOPEL 6. Both studies are closed to recruitment. COG ACCL0431 enrolled one of five childhood cancers typically treated with intensive cisplatin therapy for localized and disseminated disease, including newly diagnosed hepatoblastoma, germ cell tumor, osteosarcoma, neuroblastoma, and medulloblastoma. SIOPEL 6 enrolled only hepatoblastoma patients with localized tumors. COG ACCL0431 final results were published in the Lancet Oncology in 2016. SIOPEL 6 final results were published in the New England Journal of Medicine in June 2018.

Fennec anticipates regulatory approval for PEDMARK™ in 2019 based on the data from SIOPEL 6 study along with the proof of principle data from COG ACCL0431. In March 2018, PEDMARK™ received Breakthrough Therapy and Fast Track designations from the FDA. Further, PEDMARK™ has received Orphan Drug Designation in the US in this setting.

In August 2018, the Pediatric Committee (PDCO) of the European Medicines Agency (EMA) accepted the Company's pediatric investigation plan (PIP) for PEDMARK™ for the condition of the prevention of platinum-induced hearing loss. The indication targeted by the PIP is for the prevention of platinum-induced ototoxic hearing loss for standard risk hepatoblastoma (SR-HB). Additional tumor types of the proposed indication will be subject to the Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) assessment at the time of the Marketing Authorization Application (MAA). The company was also advised that PEDMARK™ is eligible for submission of an application for a Pediatric Use Marketing Authorisation (PUMA). An accepted PIP is a prerequisite for filing a MAA for any new medicinal product in Europe. Therefore, this decision allows Fennec to proceed with the submission of a PUMA in the European Union (EU) with incentives of automatic access to the centralized procedure and up to 10 years of data and market protection. No deferred clinical studies were required in the positive opinion given by PDCO. The PUMA is a dedicated marketing authorization covering the indication and appropriate formulation for medicines developed exclusively for use in the pediatric population and provides data and market protection up to 10 years for PEDMARK™.

SIOPEL 6

In October 2007, we announced that our collaborative partner, the International Childhood Liver Tumour Strategy Group, known as SIOPEL, a multi-disciplinary group of specialists under the umbrella of the International Society of Pediatric Oncology, had launched a randomized Phase 3 clinical trial SIOPEL 6 to investigate whether STS reduces hearing loss in standard risk hepatoblastoma (liver) cancer patients receiving cisplatin as a monotherapy.

The study was initiated in October 2007 initially in the United Kingdom and completed enrollment at the end of 2014. 52 sites from 11 countries, enrolled 109 evaluable patients. Under the terms of our agreement, SIOPEL conducts and funds all clinical activities and Fennec provides drug, drug distribution and pharmacovigilance, or safety monitoring, for the study. SIOPEL 6 was completed in December 2014 and the final results of SIOPEL 6 were published in *The New England Journal of Medicine* in June 2018.

The primary objectives of SIOPEL 6 are:

- To assess the efficacy of STS to reduce the hearing impairment caused by cisplatin
- To carefully monitor any potential impact of STS on response to cisplatin and survival

SIOPEL 6 - Results

Background / Objectives:

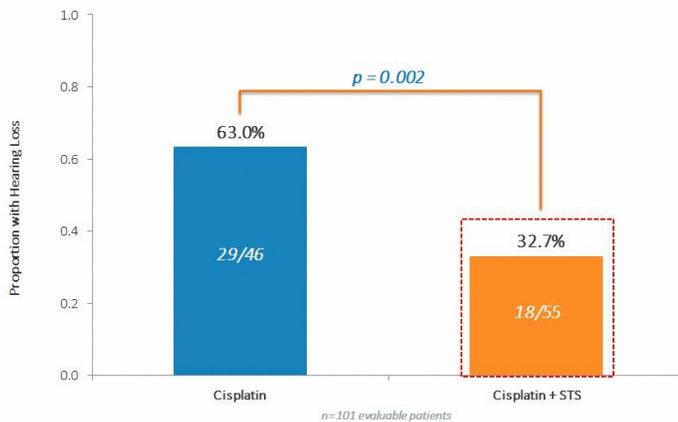
Background: Bilateral high-frequency hearing loss is a serious permanent side-effect of cisplatin therapy; particularly debilitating when occurring in young children. STS has been shown to reduce cisplatin induced hearing loss. SIOPEL 6 is a Phase 3 randomised trial to assess the efficacy of STS in reducing ototoxicity in young children treated with cisplatin (Cis) for SR-HB.

Design / Methods:

Methods: Newly diagnosed patients with SR-HB, defined as tumour limited to PRETEXT I, II or III, no portal or hepatic vein involvement, no intra-abdominal extrahepatic disease, AFP >100ng/ml and no metastases, were randomized to Cis or Cis+STS for 4 preoperative and 2 postoperative courses. Cisplatin 80mg/m² was administered over 6 hours, STS 20g/m² was administered intravenously over 15 minutes exactly 6 hours after stopping cisplatin. Tumour response was assessed after 2 and 4 preoperative cycles with serum AFP and liver imaging. In case of progressive disease (PD), STS was to be stopped and doxorubicin 60mg/m² combined with cisplatin. The primary endpoint is centrally reviewed absolute hearing threshold, at the age of ≥ 3.5 years by pure tone audiometry.

Results:

One hundred and nine randomized patients (52 Cisplatin only ("Cis") and 57 Cis+STS) are evaluable. The combination of Cis+STS was generally well tolerated. With a follow up time of 52 months for the patients the three year Event Free Survival ("EFS") for Cis is 78.8% Cisplatin and 82.1% for the Cis + STS. The three year Overall Survival ("OS") is 92.3% for Cis and 98.2% for Cis + STS. Treatment failure defined as Progressive Disease ("PD") at 4 cycles was equivalent in both arms. Among the first 101 evaluable patients, hearing loss occurred in 29/46=63.0% under Cis and in 18/55=33.0% under Cis + STS, corresponding to a relative risk of 0.52 (P=0.002).



Conclusions:

This randomized Phase 3 trial in SR-HB of cisplatin versus cisplatin plus sodium thiosulfate shows that the addition of sodium thiosulfate significantly reduces the incidence of cisplatin-induced hearing loss without any evidence of tumor protection.

COG ACCL0431

In March 2008, we announced the activation of a Phase 3 trial with STS to prevent hearing loss in children receiving cisplatin-based chemotherapy in collaboration with the Children's Oncology Group ("COG ACCL0431"). The goal of this Phase 3 study was to evaluate in a multi-centered, randomized trial whether STS is an effective and safe means of preventing hearing loss in children receiving cisplatin-based chemotherapy for newly diagnosed germ cell, liver (hepatoblastoma), brain (medulloblastoma), nerve tissue (neuroblastoma) or bone (osteosarcoma) cancers. Eligible children, one to eighteen years of age, who were to receive cisplatin according to their disease-specific regimen and, upon enrollment in this study, were randomized to receive STS or not. Efficacy of STS was determined through comparison of hearing sensitivity at follow-up relative to baseline measurements using standard audiometric techniques. The Children's Oncology Group is responsible for funding the clinical activities for the study and we are responsible for providing the drug, drug distribution and pharmacovigilance, or safety monitoring, for the study. The trial completed enrollment of 131 pediatric patients in the first quarter of 2012. The final results of COG ACCL0431 were published in *Lancet Oncology* in December 2016.

COG ACCL0431 - Results

COG Study ACCL0431, "A Randomized Phase 3 Study of Sodium Thiosulfate for the Prevention of Cisplatin-Induced Ototoxicity in Children," finished enrollment of 131 patients of which 126 were eligible patients in Q1 2012. The patients had been previously diagnosed with childhood cancers.

The primary endpoint was to evaluate the efficacy of STS for prevention of hearing loss in children receiving cisplatin chemotherapy (hypothesis: 50% relative reduction in hearing loss).

Secondary endpoints included:

- Compare change in mean hearing thresholds
- Compare incidence of other Grade 3/4 toxicities (renal and hematological)
- Monitor Event Free Survival (EFS) and Overall Survival (OS) in two groups

126 eligible subjects were enrolled with germ cell tumor (32), osteosarcoma (3029), neuroblastoma (26), medulloblastoma/pnet (26), hepatoblastoma (7) or other (5). Of these, 104 subjects (64 male and 29 <5 years old) were evaluable for the primary endpoint.

Subjects were randomized either to no treatment (control) or treatment with STS 16 grams/m² IV over 15 minutes, 6 hours after each cisplatin dose. Hearing was measured using standard audiometry for age and data were reviewed centrally using American Speech-Language-Hearing Association criteria.

The proportion of subjects with hearing loss assessed at 4 weeks post the final cisplatin dose (primary endpoint)..

- The proportion of hearing loss for STS vs. Control was 28.6% (14/49) vs. 56.4% (31/55), respectively (p=0.004).
- In a predefined subgroup of patients less than 5 years old with 29 eligible subjects: STS vs. Control was 21.4% (3/14) vs. 73.3% (11/15), respectively (p=0.005)

Conclusions:

- STS protects against cisplatin-induced hearing loss in children across a heterogeneous range of tumor types with even stronger efficacy in the protocol predefined subgroup of patients under five years old and is not associated with serious adverse events attributed to its use.
- Further potential clinical use will be informed by the final results of SIOPEL 6 study.

Capital Funding

We have not received and do not expect to have significant revenues from our product candidate until we are either able to sell our product candidate after obtaining applicable regulatory approvals or we establish collaborations that provide us with up-front payments, licensing fees, milestone payments, royalties or other revenue.

We generated a net loss of approximately \$6.9 million for the nine-months ended September 30, 2018 and a net loss of \$4.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 (inclusive of a non-cash gain on derivatives of \$0.17 million and \$0.34 million non-cash loss on derivatives for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively). As of September 30, 2018, our accumulated deficit was approximately \$128.3 million (\$121.4 million at December 31, 2017).

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2018, which totaled \$24.5 million, will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements through the next twelve to fifteen months. Our projections of our capital requirements are subject to substantial uncertainty. More capital than we anticipated may be required thereafter. To finance our continuing operations, we may need to raise substantial additional funds through either the sale of additional equity, the issuance of debt, the establishment of collaborations that provide us with funding, the out-license or sale of certain aspects of our intellectual property portfolio or from other sources. Given current economic conditions, we might not be able to raise the necessary capital, or such funding may not be available on financially acceptable terms if at all. If we cannot obtain adequate funding in the future, we might be required to further delay, scale back or eliminate certain research and development studies, consider business combinations or even shut down some, or all, of our operations.

Our operating expenses will depend on many factors, including the progress of our drug development efforts and efficiency of our operations and current resources. Our research and development expenses, which include expenses associated with our clinical trials, drug manufacturing to support clinical programs, salaries for research and development personnel, stock-based compensation, consulting fees, sponsored research costs, toxicology studies, license fees, milestone payments, and other fees and costs related to the development of our product candidate, will depend on the availability of financial resources, the results of our clinical trials and any directives from regulatory agencies, which are difficult to predict. Our general and administration expenses include expenses associated with the compensation of employees, stock-based compensation, professional fees, consulting fees, insurance and other administrative matters associated in support of our drug development programs.

Results of Operations

Three months ended September 30, 2018 versus three months ended September 30, 2017:

In thousands of U.S. Dollars	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	%	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017	%	Change
Revenue	\$ -		\$ -		\$ -
Operating expenses:					
Research and development	1,798	63%	492	23%	1,306
General and administration	1,050	37%	1,694	77%	(644)
Total operating expenses	2,848	100%	2,186	100%	662
Loss from operations	(2,848)		(2,186)		(662)
Unrealized gain/(loss) on derivatives	-		(183)		183
Other loss	(2)		1		(3)
Interest income and other	101		16		85
Net loss	\$ (2,749)		\$ (2,352)		\$ (397)

Research and development expenses increased by \$1,306 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 over the same period in 2017 as the Company continued preparation for regulatory approval and commercial development of PEDMARK™. This increase relates primarily to drug manufacturing activities and regulatory registration activities. General and administrative expenses decreased by \$644 over same period in 2017. There was a large net decrease in non-cash equity compensation from the same period in 2017 which was offset by increased compensation and administrative expenses as compared with the same period in 2017.

The Company no longer has derivative instruments on its books because all remaining Canadian dollar denominated options were exercised during the first fiscal quarter of 2018. Interest income was up significantly over the same period in 2017, due to higher interest rates on deposits and higher average cash balances.

Our results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 versus nine months ended September 30, 2017 were as follows:

In thousands of U.S. Dollars	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018	%	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017	%	Change
Revenue	\$ -		\$ -		\$ -
Operating expenses:					
Research and development	3,285	45%	1,050	24%	2,235
General and administration	4,019	55%	3,386	76%	633
Total operating expenses	7,304	100%	4,436	100%	2,868
Loss from operations	(7,304)		(4,436)		(2,868)
Unrealized (loss)/gain on derivatives	167		(340)		507
Other loss	-		(4)		4
Interest income and other	233		24		209
Net loss	\$ (6,904)		\$ (4,756)		\$ (2,148)

Total research and development expenses were up by \$2,235 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 over the same period in 2017. This increase relates primarily to drug manufacturing activities and preparations for registration batches. General and administrative costs increased by \$633 over the prior year in the same period due to the issuance of equity-based compensation and increased compensation as compared with the same period in 2017.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018, the Company posted an unrealized gain of \$167 as the final derivative liabilities on its books were extinguished. Interest income was up significantly, \$209 over the same period in 2017, due to higher interest rates on deposits and higher average cash balances.

Quarterly Information

The following table presents selected condensed financial data for each of the last eight quarters through September 30, 2018, as prepared under US GAAP (U.S. dollars in thousands, except per share information):

Period	Net Loss for the Period	Basic Net Loss per Common Share	Diluted Net Loss per Common Share
December 31, 2016	(1,143)	(0.08)	(0.08)
March 31, 2017	(806)	(0.06)	(0.06)
June 30, 2017	(1,598)	(0.11)	(0.11)
September 31, 2017	(2,352)	(0.15)	(0.15)
December 31, 2017	(2,290)	(0.15)	(0.15)
March 31, 2018	(1,568)	(0.09)	(0.09)
June 30, 2018	(2,587)	(0.14)	(0.14)
September 30, 2018	(2,749)	(0.14)	(0.14)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

U.S. Dollars in thousands

Selected Asset and Liability Data:

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,524	\$ 28,260
Other current assets	411	141
Current liabilities excluding derivative liabilities	2,076	1,477
Derivative liabilities	-	167
Working capital ⁽¹⁾	22,859	26,924
⁽¹⁾ [Current assets – current liabilities excluding derivative liability]		
Selected equity:		
Common stock	104,770	103,045
Accumulated deficit	(128,272)	(121,368)
Stockholders' equity	22,859	26,757

Cash and cash equivalents were \$24,524 at September 30, 2018 and \$28,260 at December 31, 2017. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents between September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, is the result of cash spent on research and development and general and administrative activities offset by cash received from the exercise of various warrants and options. The Company received \$483 from the exercise of options and warrants during the three months ended September 30, 2018. The Company issued a total of 310 shares because of these activities.

The following table illustrates a summary of cash flow data for the three and nine-month periods of September 30, 2018 and 2017:

Dollar and shares in thousands

Selected cash flow data:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,599)	(958)	(4,896)	(2,321)
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	-	-	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	483	414	1,160	8,083
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,116)	(544)	(3,736)	5,762

Net cash used in operating activities for the three and nine-months ended September 30, 2018 was \$1,599 and \$4,896, respectively. This is compared to \$958 and \$2,321 during the same periods in 2017, respectively. These increases in cash outlays relate to the formulation and manufacturing of registration batches for PEDMARKTM. Net cash provided by financing activities for the three and nine-months ended September 30, 2018 was \$483 and \$1,160, respectively; compared to \$414 and \$8,083, during the same periods in 2017, respectively. The \$483 provided by financing activities for the three-months ended September 30, 2018, derived from the exercise of 81 options and 229 warrants. For the same three-month period in 2017, there were \$414 provided by exercise of 207 options and 21 warrants to purchase common shares.

During the nine-months ended September 30, 2018, the Company received \$1,160 from financing activities. The \$1,160 was the result of the exercise of 571 warrants and 122 options for common shares in addition to the short swing profit settlement with a shareholder. These items provided \$932, \$210 and \$18, respectively. Net cash from financing activities during the same period in 2017 was \$8,083. The \$8,083 included \$7,571 net proceeds from the receipt of equity financing, and \$81 and \$31 in cash representing the exercise of 293 options and 31 warrants, respectively. Total change in cash and cash equivalents was a decrease of \$1,116 and \$3,736 for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively. This compares to an decrease of \$544 and, an increase of \$5,762 for the same period in 2017, respectively.

We continue to pursue various strategic alternatives including collaborations with other pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies. Our projections of further capital requirements are subject to substantial uncertainty. Our working capital requirements may fluctuate in future periods depending upon numerous factors, including: our ability to obtain additional financial resources; our ability to enter into collaborations that provide us with up-front payments, milestones or other payments; results of our research and development activities; progress or lack of progress in our preclinical studies or clinical trials; unfavorable toxicology in our clinical programs, our drug substance requirements to support clinical programs; change in the focus, direction, or costs of our research and development programs; personnel related costs; the costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining, defending and enforcing our patent claims; competitive and technological advances; the potential need to develop, acquire or license new technologies and products; our business development activities; new regulatory requirements implemented by regulatory authorities; the timing and outcome of any regulatory review process; and commercialization activities, if any.

Outstanding Share Information

The outstanding share data for our company as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows (in thousands):

	September 30,	December 31, 2017	Change
	2018		
Common shares	19,104	18,411	693
Warrants	792	1,362	(570)
Stock options	2,498	2,315	183
Total	22,394	22,088	306

Financial Instruments

We invest excess cash and cash equivalents in high credit quality investments held by financial institutions in accordance with our investment policy designed to protect the principal investment. At September 30, 2018, we had approximately \$24,524 in cash accounts (\$23,610 in savings and money market accounts, and \$914 in checking accounts). We have not experienced any loss or write down of our money market investments since inception.

Our investment policy is to manage investments to achieve, in the order of importance, the financial objectives of preservation of principal, liquidity and return on investment. Investments may be made in U.S. or Canadian obligations and bank securities, commercial paper of U.S. or Canadian industrial companies, utilities, financial institutions and consumer loan companies, and securities of foreign banks provided the obligations are guaranteed or carry ratings appropriate to the policy. Securities must have a minimum Dun & Bradstreet rating of A for bonds or R1 low for commercial paper. The policy also provides for investment limits on concentrations of securities by issuer and maximum-weighted average time to maturity of twelve months. This policy applies to all of our financial resources.

The policy risks are primarily the opportunity cost of the conservative nature of the allowable investments. As our main purpose is research and development, we have chosen to avoid investments of a trading or speculative nature.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Since our inception, we have not had any material off-balance sheet arrangements. In addition, we do not engage in trading activities involving non-exchange traded contracts. As such, we are not materially exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in such activities.

Research and Development

Our research and development efforts have been focused on the development of PEDMARKTM since 2013.

We have established relationships with contract research organizations, universities and other institutions, which we utilize to perform many of the day-to-day activities associated with our drug development. Where possible, we have sought to include leading scientific investigators and advisors to enhance our internal capabilities. Research and development issues are reviewed internally by our executive management and supporting scientific team.

Research and development expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,798 and \$492, respectively and for the nine months then ended, \$3,285 and \$1,050, respectively. The Company has increased its research and development expenses related to PEDMARKTM as a result of the Company's drug manufacturing activities related to the preparation for registration batches.

Our product candidate still requires significant, time-consuming and costly research and development, testing and regulatory clearances. In developing our product candidate, we are subject to risks of failure that are inherent in the development of products based on innovative technologies. For example, it is possible that our product candidate will be ineffective or toxic or will otherwise fail to receive the necessary regulatory clearances. There is a risk that our product candidate will be uneconomical to manufacture or market or will not achieve market acceptance. There is also a risk that third parties may hold proprietary rights that preclude us from marketing our product candidate or that others will market a superior or equivalent product. As a result of these factors, we are unable to accurately estimate the nature, timing and future costs necessary to complete the development of this product candidate. In addition, we are unable to reasonably estimate the period when material net cash inflows could commence from the sale, licensing or commercialization of such product candidate, if ever.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on assumptions and judgments that may be affected by commercial, economic and other factors. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Our accounting policies are consistent with those presented in our annual consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Money Market Investments

We maintain an investment portfolio consisting of U.S. or Canadian obligations and bank securities and money market investments in compliance with our investment policy. We do not hold any mortgaged-backed investments in our investment portfolio. Securities must have a minimum Dun & Bradstreet rating of A for bonds or R1 low for commercial paper. The policy also provides for investment limits on concentrations of securities by issuer and maximum-weighted average time to maturity of twelve months. This policy applies to all of our financial resources.

At September 30, 2018, we had \$23,610 in money market investments and savings accounts as compared to \$27,985 at December 31, 2017; these investments typically have minimal risk. The financial markets had been volatile resulting in concerns regarding the recoverability of money market investments, but those conditions have stabilized. We have not experienced any loss or write down of our money market investments since inception.

Our investment policy is to manage investments to achieve, in the order of importance, the financial objectives of preservation of principal, liquidity and return on investment. Our risk associated with fluctuating interest rates on our investments is minimal and not significant to the results of operations. We currently do not use interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes. As the main purpose of the Company is research and development, we have chosen to avoid investments of a trade or speculative nature.

Foreign Currency Exposure

We are subject to foreign currency risks as we purchase goods and services which are denominated in Canadian dollars. To date, we have not employed the use of derivative instruments; however, we do hold Canadian dollars which we use to pay vendors in Canada and other corporate obligations. At September 30, 2018, the Company held approximately 41 thousand Canadian dollars (31 thousand as presented to U.S. dollars). At December 31, 2017, the Company held approximately 321 thousand Canadian dollars (255 thousand as presented into U.S. dollars).

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

In connection with the preparation of this report, an evaluation was carried out by the Company's management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act")) as of September 30, 2018. Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management concluded, as of the end of the period covered by this report, that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as a result of having identified two material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, as described in further detail below.

Our management has identified a control deficiency due to not maintaining an effective control environment, which is the foundation for the discipline and structure necessary for effective internal control over financial reporting, as evidenced by: (i) a lack of segregation of duties over individuals responsible for certain key control activities; (ii) an insufficient number of personnel appropriately qualified to perform control monitoring activities, including the recognition of the risks and complexities of transactions; and (iii) control activities that are not designed to respond to the risks identified. This control deficiency could result in a misstatement of balance sheet, income and cash flow statement accounts in our interim or annual financial statements that would not be detected. Accordingly, management has determined that this control deficiency constitutes a material weakness.

Our management has also identified another control deficiency that it believes constitutes a material weakness in our control over financial reporting. We did not maintain sufficient personnel with an appropriate level of technical accounting knowledge, experience, and training in the application of US GAAP with regards to unusual transactions commensurate with our complexity and our financial accounting and reporting requirements. This control deficiency could result in a misstatement of the financial statements including disclosure that would not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

We believe the control deficiencies described herein, individually and when aggregated, represent material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting at September 30, 2018 since such deficiencies result in a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement in our annual or interim consolidated financial statements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by our internal controls.

These material weaknesses did not result in any material misstatements to the financial statements. However, these material weaknesses could result in misstatement of the aforementioned account balances or disclosures that would result in material misstatements to the annual or interim consolidated financial statements that would not be prevented or detected.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company has engaged a PCAOB registered accounting firm to assist the Company in its compliance with its needs for a well-designed and effective internal accounting control system. In addition, this accounting firm is working with management of the Company to strengthen its internal accounting control system and to remediate the material weaknesses identified earlier. The Company believes that these enhancements of its internal controls related to accounting and financial reporting system will remediate these matters and that system will be designed and effective as of December 31, 2018 to meet the standards for internal accounting control systems.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

None

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the SEC on March 28, 2017 (the “Annual Report”), includes a detailed discussion of our risk factors under the heading “PART I, Item 1A – Risk Factors.” You should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in our Annual Report, as well as other information in this quarterly report. Any of these risks could cause our business, financial condition, results of operations and future growth prospects to suffer. We are not aware of any material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed.

Item 2. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

None

Item 3. Default Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosure.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of the Company in accordance with Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of the Company in accordance with Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company in accordance with Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
99.1	Press Release for Quarter Ended September 30, 2018 (filed herewith).
101.1	Interactive Data File

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 13, 2018

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.

By: /s/ Rostislav Raykov
Rostislav Raykov
Chief Executive Officer
(principal executive officer)

Date: November 13, 2018

By: /s/ Robert Andrade
Robert Andrade
Chief Financial Officer
(principal financial and chief accounting officer)

**FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC
CERTIFICATION**

I, Rostislav Raykov, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018 of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its condensed subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2018

By: /s/ Rostislav Raykov
Rostislav Raykov
Chief Executive Officer

FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC.
CERTIFICATION

I, Robert Andrade, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018 of Fenec Pharmaceuticals Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its condensed subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2018

By: /s/ Robert Andrade
Robert Andrade
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. §1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018 (the "Report"), each of the undersigned, Rostislav Raykov, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Robert Andrade, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 13, 2018

By: /s/ Rostislav Raykov
Rostislav Raykov
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 13, 2018

By: /s/ Robert Andrade
Robert Andrade
Chief Financial Officer

FENNEC PROVIDES BUSINESS UPDATE AND ANNOUNCES THIRD QUARTER 2018 FINANCIAL RESULTS

- **Positive Opinion on the Pediatric Investigation Plan from EMA for PEDMARK™**
- **Targeting US approval of PEDMARK™ in the second half of 2019**
- **Strong financial position with \$24.5 million in cash and no debt**

Research Triangle Park, NC, November 13, 2018 – Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (NASDAQ:FENC; TSX: FRX), a specialty pharmaceutical company focused on the development of PEDMARK™ (a unique formulation of sodium thiosulfate (STS)) for the prevention of platinum-induced ototoxicity in pediatric patients, today reported financial results for the third quarter ended September 30, 2018.

“In recent months, we have made meaningful progress in the preparation of regulatory submissions in both the U.S. and EU,” said Rosty Raykov, chief executive officer of Fennec. “In August, our pediatric investigation plan received a positive opinion from the EMA which establishes a path forward for PEDMARK™ in Europe with up to 10 years of data protection. In September, an externally-led Patient Focused Drug Development meeting focused on Chemotherapy-Induced Hearing Loss in Pediatrics was conducted to inform the FDA of the burden of the condition and potential future treatments including PEDMARK™. For the remainder of the year, we will continue to advance our regulatory submissions with a targeted US approval in the second half of 2019.”

Financial Results for the Third Quarter 2018

- **Cash Position** - Cash and cash equivalents were \$24.5 million as of September 30, 2018. The reduction in cash balance over the quarter ended September 30, 2018, is the net result of cash used for operating activities offset by the inflow of \$0.5 million from the exercise of various options and warrants. The Company had a working capital balance of \$22.9 million as of September 30, 2018.
- **R&D Expenses** - Research and development (R&D) expenses were \$1.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$0.5 million for the same period in 2017. The increase in R&D expenses for the comparative three months, is primarily due to the manufacturing and regulatory expenses for the regulatory approval and planned commercialization of PEDMARK™.
- **G&A Expenses** - General and administrative (G&A) expenses were \$1.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$1.7 million same period in 2017. The decrease in G&A expenses in 2018 over 2017 primarily relates to a decrease in non-cash equity compensation.
- **Net Loss** - Net loss was \$2.7 million and \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- **Financial Guidance** - The Company believes its cash and cash equivalents on hand as of September 30, 2018 will be sufficient to fund the Company’s planned commercial launch of PEDMARK™ upon targeted approval in the second half of 2019.

Financial Update

The selected financial data presented below is derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements which were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The complete interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2018 and management’s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations will be available via www.sec.gov and www.sedar.com. All values are presented in thousands unless otherwise noted.

Interim Unaudited Condensed Statement of Operations
(U.S. Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017
Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	1,798	492	3,285	1,050
General and administrative	1,050	1,694	4,019	3,386
Loss from operations	(2,848)	(2,186)	(7,304)	(4,436)
Other:				
Unrealized gain on derivatives	-	(183)	167	(340)
Other loss	(2)	1	-	(4)
Interest income and other	101	16	233	24
Total other, net	99	(166)	400	(320)
Net loss and total comprehensive loss	\$ (2,749)	\$ (2,352)	\$ (6,904)	\$ (4,756)
Basic net loss per common share	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.32)
Diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.32)
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, basic	18,968	15,740	18,648	14,533
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, diluted	18,968	15,740	18,648	14,533

Fenec Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Balance Sheets

(U.S. Dollars in thousands)

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,524	\$ 28,260
Other current assets	411	141
Total Assets	\$ 24,935	\$ 28,401
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities	\$ 2,076	\$ 1,477
Derivative liabilities	-	167
Total stockholders' equity	22,859	26,757
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 24,935	\$ 28,401

Working Capital

Selected Asset and Liability Data:

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
(U.S. Dollars in thousands)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,524	\$ 28,260
Other current assets	411	141
Current liabilities excluding derivative liability	(2,076)	(1,477)
Working capital	\$ 22,859	\$ 26,924
Selected Equity:		
Common stock	\$ 104,770	\$ 103,045
Accumulated deficit	(128,272)	(121,368)
Stockholders' equity	22,859	26,757

Dollar and shares in thousands**Selected cash flow data:**

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,599)	(958)	(4,896)	(2,321)
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	-	-	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	483	414	1,160	8,083
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,116)	(544)	(3,736)	5,762

About PEDMARK™ (sodium thiosulfate/STS)

Cisplatin and other platinum compounds are essential chemotherapeutic components for many pediatric malignancies. Unfortunately, platinum-based therapies cause ototoxicity in many patients, and are particularly harmful to the survivors of pediatric cancer.

Each year in the U.S. and Europe there is estimated that over 10,000 children with solid tumors are treated with platinum agents. The vast majority of these newly diagnosed tumors are localized and classified as low to intermediate risk in nature. These localized cancers may have overall survival rates of greater than 80%, further emphasizing the importance of quality of life after treatment. The incidence of hearing loss in these children depends upon the dose and duration of chemotherapy, and many of these children require lifelong hearing aids. There is currently no established preventive agent for this hearing loss and only expensive, technically difficult and sub-optimal cochlear (inner ear) implants have been shown to provide some benefit. Infants and young children at critical stages of development lack speech language development and literacy, and older children and adolescents lack social-emotional development and educational achievement.

STS has been studied by cooperative groups in two Phase 3 clinical studies of survival and reduction of ototoxicity: COG ACCL0431 and SIOPEL 6. Both studies are closed to recruitment. COG ACCL0431 enrolled one of five childhood cancers typically treated with intensive cisplatin therapy for localized and disseminated disease, including newly diagnosed hepatoblastoma, germ cell tumor, osteosarcoma, neuroblastoma, and medulloblastoma. SIOPEL 6 enrolled only hepatoblastoma patients with localized tumors. COG ACCL0431 final results were published in the Lancet Oncology. SIOPEL 6 final results were published in the New England Journal of Medicine.

About Fennec Pharmaceuticals

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc., is a specialty pharmaceutical company focused on the development of PEDMARK™ (a unique formulation of sodium thiosulfate (STS)) for the prevention of platinum-induced ototoxicity in pediatric patients. STS has received Orphan Drug Designation in the US in this setting. Further, PEDMARK™ received Breakthrough Therapy and Fast Track Designation by the FDA in March 2018. Fennec has a license agreement with Oregon Health and Science University (OHSU) for exclusive worldwide license rights to intellectual property directed to STS and its use for chemoprotection, including the prevention of ototoxicity induced by platinum chemotherapy, in humans. For more information, please visit www.fennecpharma.com.

Forward looking statements

Except for historical information described in this press release, all other statements are forward-looking. Forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties inherent in the Company's business that could cause actual results to vary, including such risks that regulatory and guideline developments may change, scientific data may not be sufficient to meet regulatory standards or receipt of required regulatory clearances or approvals, clinical results may not be replicated in actual patient settings, protection offered by the Company's patents and patent applications may be challenged, invalidated or circumvented by its competitors, the available market for the Company's products will not be as large as expected, the Company's products will not be able to penetrate one or more targeted markets, revenues will not be sufficient to fund further development and clinical studies, the Company may not meet its future capital requirements in different countries and municipalities, and other risks detailed from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc. disclaims any obligation to update these forward-looking statements except as required by law.

The scientific information discussed in this news release related to PEDMARK™ is preliminary and investigative. Such product candidates are not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, Health Canada or other regulatory and no conclusions can or should be drawn regarding the safety or effectiveness of such product candidate.

For a more detailed discussion of related risk factors, please refer to our public filings available at www.sec.gov and www.sedar.com.

For further information, please contact:

Rosty Raykov
Chief Executive Officer
Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.
T: (919) 636-5144
