### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

### FORM S-1

# **REGISTRATION STATEMENT** UNDER **THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

# FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

2836

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) 20-0442384

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

PO Box 13628, 68 TW Alexander Drive **Research Triangle Park, NC 27709** (919) 636-4530

British Columbia, Canada

(State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

Co

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices) (Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

(919) 636-4530

**Rostislav Ravkov Chief Executive Officer** 

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Approximate date of proposed sale to the public: From time to time after the effective date of this registration statement, as shall be determined by the selling stockholders identified herein.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 check the following box:  $\boxtimes$ 

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $\Box$ 

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $\Box$ 

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $\Box$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer $\Box$	Accelerated filer $\Box$
Non-accelerated filer $\Box$	Smaller reporting company 🗵
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Emerging growth company $\Box$

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act.

# CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

	Amount to be Registered (1)	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share (3)	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration F	'ee
Common Shares, no par value per share	11,943,214(2)	5.92	\$ 70,703,826.88	\$ 8,194.	57
Total	11,943,214(2)		\$ 70,703,826.88	\$ 8,194.	57

**Research Triangle Park, NC 27709** 

- (1) Pursuant to Rule 416 under the Securities Act, the shares being registered hereunder include such indeterminate number of shares as may be issuable with respect to the shares being registered hereunder as a result of stock splits, stock dividends or similar transactions.
- (2) This registration statement relates to the resale by the selling stockholders identified herein of shares of common stock, including shares of common stock that are issuable upon the exercise of warrants.
- (3) Estimated solely for purposes of calculating the amount of the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457. The offering price per share and the aggregate offering price are based upon the average of the high and low prices of the registrant's common stock as reported on the OTCQB on August 1, 2017.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. The selling stockholders identified in this prospectus may not sell securities under this prospectus until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities, and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

# PROSPECTUS



### SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED AUGUST 10, 2017

# FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC. 11,943,214 COMMON SHARES

The selling stockholders identified in this prospectus are offering on a resale basis 11,943,214 of our common shares pursuant to this prospectus, including 1,383,331 shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale by the selling stockholders of the common shares. Upon any exercise of the warrants by payment of cash, however, we will receive the exercise price of the warrants.

Our common shares are quoted on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX") under the symbol "FRX" and on the OTCQB Market under the symbol "FENCF." The last reported sale price of our common shares on the TSX on August 1, 2017 was CAD\$7.65 per share and on the OTCQB Market on August 1, 2017 was \$5.99 per share.

# THIS INVESTMENT INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. YOU SHOULD PURCHASE SECURITIES ONLY IF YOU CAN AFFORD A COMPLETE LOSS. SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 5.

You should read this prospectus and any prospectus supplement carefully before you decided to invest. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this document.

# NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

The date of this Prospectus is [\_\_\_\_\_], 2017.

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# FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC.

#### **PROSPECTUS SUMMARY**

The following information is a summary of the prospectus and it does not contain all of the information you should consider before making an investment decision. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the consolidated financial statements and the notes relating to the financial statements.

### ABOUT US

We incorporated under the laws of Canada in September 1996. On August 25, 2011, we continued from the laws of Canada under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* (the "CBCA") to the laws of British Columbia in accordance with Section 302 of the *Business Corporations Act* (*British Columbia*) (the "Continuance").

Our principal executive offices are located at PO BOX 13628, 68 TW Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709. Our telephone number is (919) 636-4530. Our website is www.fennecpharma.com. Information contained in our website does not constitute part of this prospectus.

We are a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of Sodium Thiosulfate ("STS") for the prevention of platinum-induced ototoxicity in pediatric cancer patients.

We have not received and do not expect to have significant revenues from our product candidate until we are either able to sell our product candidate after obtaining applicable regulatory approvals or we establish collaborations that provide us with up-front payments, licensing fees, milestone payments, royalties or other revenue. We generated a net loss from operations of approximately \$2.8 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2016 (there was a non-cash gain on the change in derivative liability of \$0.05 million), and net loss of \$0.7 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2015 (as a result of a non-cash gain on derivatives of \$1.2 million). As of December 31, 2016, our accumulated deficit was approximately \$114.3 million. Our independent outside accounting firm has indicated that these circumstances raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

On May 16, 2016, we completed a non-brokered private placement of 2,631,579 common shares to Essetifin, SpA (formerly Sigma Tau Finanzaria at a price of \$1.90 per share for gross proceeds of \$5.0 million.

On June 8, 2017, we completed a non-brokered private placement of 1,900,000 common shares at a price of \$4.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$7.6 million.

In this prospectus, unless otherwise indicated, all dollar amounts and references to "\$" are to U.S. dollars and "CAD\$" refers to Canadian dollars.

## THE OFFERING

The selling stockholders identified on page 15 of this prospectus are offering on a resale basis a total of 11,943,214 shares of our common stock, including 1,383,331 shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants.

Common shares offered	11,943,214 shares
Common shares outstanding before the offering(1)	15,680,663 shares
Common shares outstanding after the offering(2)	17,063,994 shares
Use of proceeds	We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the common shares by the selling stockholders, except for the warrant exercise price paid for the shares offered hereby that are issuable upon the exercise of certain warrants.
Risk Factors	The common shares offered hereby involve a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 5.
Dividend Policy	Our board of directors does not intend to declare cash dividends on our common shares for the foreseeable future.
OTCQB Symbol	Our common shares are currently quoted on the OTCQB under the symbol "FENCF".
TSX Symbol	Our common shares are currently quoted on the TSX under the symbol "FRX".

(1) Based on the number of shares outstanding as of August 1, 2017, not including 1,383,331 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding warrants and options to purchase our common shares.

(2) The increase in shares outstanding after the offering assumes the issuance of 1,383,331 shares offered hereby that are issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants held by the selling stockholders.

We will bear the fees and expenses relating to the offering.

#### **Risks Related to Our Business**

# We have a history of significant losses and have had no revenues to date through the sale of our products. If we do not generate significant revenues, we will not achieve profitability.

To date, we have been engaged primarily in research and development activities. We have had no revenues through the sale of our products, and we do not expect to have significant revenues until we are able to either sell our product candidate after obtaining applicable regulatory approvals or we establish collaborations that provide us with up-front payments, licensing fees, milestone payments, royalties or other revenue. We have incurred significant operating losses every year since our inception on September 3, 1996. We reported a loss of approximately \$2.8 million (including a non-cash gain on derivative liabilities of \$0.05 million) in the twelve months ended December 31, 2016, and reported a net loss of approximately \$0.7 million (which included a non-cash gain on derivative liabilities of \$1.2 million) for the twelve months ended December 31, 2015. At December 31, 2016, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$114.3 million. We anticipate incurring substantial additional losses due to the need to spend substantial amounts on our current clinical trials, anticipated research and development activities, and general and administrative expenses, among other factors. We have not commercially introduced any product and results from our current product trials are not expected until the fourth quarter of 2017. Our ability to attain profitability will depend upon our ability to fund and develop products that are safe, effective and commercially viable, to obtain regulatory approval for the manufacture and sale of our product candidate successfully. Any revenues generated from such product, assuming it is successfully developed, marketed and sold, may not be realized for a number of years. We may never achieve or sustain profitability on an ongoing basis

#### There is no assurance that we will successfully develop a commercially viable product.

Since our formation in September 1996, we have engaged in research and development programs. We have generated no revenue from product sales, do not have any products currently available for sale, and none are expected to be commercially available for sale until we have completed additional clinical trials, if at all. There can be no assurance that the research we fund and manage will lead to a commercially viable product. We have completed enrollment of two Phase III studies for STS. STS must still undergo substantial additional regulatory review prior to commercialization.

#### We anticipate the need for additional capital in the future and if we cannot raise additional capital, we will not be able to fulfill our business plan.

We need to obtain additional funding in the future in order to finance our business strategy, operations and growth. We may not be able to obtain additional financing in sufficient amounts or on acceptable terms when needed. If we fail to arrange for sufficient capital on a timely basis, we may be required to curtail our business activities until we can obtain adequate financing. Debt financing must be repaid regardless of whether or not we generate profits or cash flows from our business activities. Equity financing may result in dilution to existing shareholders and may involve securities that have rights, preferences, or privileges that are senior to our common stock or other securities. If we cannot raise sufficient capital when necessary, we will likely have to curtail operations and you may lose part or all of your investment.

# If we do not maintain current or enter into new collaborations with other companies, we might not successfully develop our product candidate or generate sufficient revenues to expand our business.

We currently rely on scientific and research and development collaboration arrangements with academic institutions and other third party collaborators, including an exclusive worldwide license from Oregon Health & Science University ("OHSU") for STS. We also rely on collaborators for testing STS, including SIOPEL and the Children's Oncology Group.

The agreements with OHSU are terminable by either party in the event of an uncured breach by the other party. We may also terminate our agreement with OHSU at any time upon prior written notice of specified durations to OHSU. Termination of any of our collaborative arrangements could materially adversely affect our business. For example, if we are unable to make the necessary payments under these agreements, the licensor might terminate the agreement, which might have a material adverse impact. In addition, our collaborators might not perform as agreed in the future.

Since we conduct a significant portion of our research and development through collaborations, our success may depend significantly on the performance of such collaborators, as well as any future collaborators. Collaborators might not commit sufficient resources to the research and development or commercialization of our product candidate. Economic or technological advantages of products being developed by others, among other factors, could lead our collaborators to pursue other product candidates or technologies in preference to those being developed in collaboration with us. The commercial potential of, development stage of and projected resources required to develop our drug candidate will affect our ability to maintain current collaborations or establish new collaborators. There is a risk of dispute with respect to ownership of technology developed under any collaboration. Our management of any collaboration will require significant time and effort as well as an effective allocation of resources. We may not be able to simultaneously manage a large number of collaborations.

# Our product candidate is still in development. Due to the long, expensive and unpredictable drug development process, we might not ever successfully develop and commercialize our product candidate.

In order to achieve profitable operations, we, alone or in collaboration with others, must successfully fund, develop, manufacture, introduce and market our product candidate. The time necessary to achieve market success for any individual product is long and uncertain. Our product candidate and research programs are in clinical development and require significant, time-consuming and costly research, testing and regulatory clearances. In developing our product candidate, we are subject to risks of failure that are inherent in the development of therapeutic products based on innovative technologies. The results of preclinical and initial clinical trials are not necessarily predictive of future results. Our product candidate might not be economical to manufacture or market or might not achieve market acceptance. In addition, third parties might hold proprietary rights that preclude us from marketing our product candidates or others might market equivalent or superior products.

# We must conduct human clinical trials to assess our product candidate. If these trials are delayed or are unsuccessful, our development costs will significantly increase and our business prospects may suffer.

Before obtaining regulatory approvals for the commercial sale of our product candidate, we must demonstrate, through preclinical studies with animals and clinical trials with humans, that our product candidate is safe and effective for use in each target indication. To date, we have performed only limited clinical trials. Much of our testing has been conducted on animals or on human cells in the laboratory, and the benefits of treatment seen in animals or on human cells in a laboratory setting may not ultimately be obtained in human clinical trials. As a result, we may need to perform significant additional research and development activities and conduct extensive preclinical and clinical testing prior to any application for commercial use. We may suffer significant setbacks in clinical trials, and the trials may demonstrate our product candidate to be unsafe or ineffective. We may also encounter problems in our clinical trials that will cause us to delay, suspend or terminate those clinical trials, which would increase our development costs and harm our financial results and commercial prospects. Identifying and qualifying patients to participate in clinical trials of our potential products is critically important to our success. The timing of our clinical trials depends on, among other things, the speed at which we can recruit patients to participate in testing our product candidate. We have experienced delays in some of our clinical trials and we may experience significant delays in the future. If patients are unwilling to participate in our trials because of competing clinical trials for similar patient populations, perceived risk or any other reason, the timeline for recruiting patients, conducting trials and obtaining regulatory approval of potential products will be delayed. Other factors that may result in significant delays include obtaining sufficient quantities of drugs for use in the clinical trials. Such delays could result in the termination of the clinical trials altogether.

# Regulatory approval of our product candidate is time-consuming, expensive and uncertain, and could result in unexpectedly high expenses and delay our ability to sell our product.

Development, manufacture and marketing of our product is subject to extensive regulation by governmental authorities in the United States and other countries. This regulation could require us to incur significant unexpected expenses or delay or limit our ability to sell our product candidate. Our clinical studies might be delayed or halted, or additional studies might be required, for various reasons, including:

- · lack of funding;
- · ineffectiveness of the drug;
- · patients experiencing severe side effects during treatment;
- qualified patients not enrolling in the studies at the rate expected;
- · drug supplies not being sufficient to treat the patients in the studies; or
- our decision to modify the drug during testing.

If regulatory approval of our product is granted, it will be limited to those indications for which the product has been shown to be safe and effective, as demonstrated to the FDA's satisfaction through clinical studies. Furthermore, approval might entail ongoing requirements for post-marketing studies. Even if regulatory approval is obtained, labeling and promotional activities are subject to continual scrutiny by the FDA and state regulatory agencies and, in some circumstances, the Federal Trade Commission. FDA enforcement policy prohibits the marketing of approved products for unapproved, or off-label, uses. These regulations and the FDA's interpretation of them might impair our ability to effectively market our product.

We and our third-party manufacturers are also required to comply with the applicable current FDA Good Manufacturing Practices regulations, which include requirements relating to quality control and quality assurance, as well as the corresponding maintenance of records and documentation. Further, manufacturing facilities must be approved by the FDA before they can be used to manufacture our product, and they are subject to additional FDA inspection. If we fail to comply with any of the FDA's continuing regulations, we could be subject to reputational harm and sanctions, including:

- delays, warning letters and fines;
- · product recalls or seizures and injunctions on sales;
- refusal of the FDA to review pending applications;
- total or partial suspension of production;
- withdrawals of previously approved marketing applications; and
- · civil penalties and criminal prosecutions.

In addition, identification of side effects after a drug is on the market or the occurrence of manufacturing problems could cause subsequent withdrawal of approval, reformulation of the drug, additional testing or changes in labeling of the product.

# We may be unable to effectively deploy the proceeds from our recent financings for the development of STS.

In June 2017 and May 2016, we closed private placements of our common shares for gross proceeds of \$7.6 million and \$5.0 million, respectively. Any inability on our part to manage effectively the deployment of this capital could limit our ability to successfully develop STS.

# If our licenses to proprietary technology owned by others are terminated or expire, we may suffer increased development costs and delays, and we may not be able to successfully develop our product candidate.

The development of our drug candidate and the manufacture and sale of any products that we develop will involve the use of processes, products and information, some of the rights to which are owned by others. STS is licensed under agreements with OHSU. Although we have obtained licenses or rights with regard to the use of certain processes, products and information, the licenses or rights could be terminated or expire during critical periods and we may not be able to obtain, on favorable terms or at all, licenses or other rights that may be required. Some of these licenses provide for limited periods of exclusivity that may be extended only with the consent of the licensor, which may not be granted.

# If we are unable to adequately protect or maintain our patents and licenses related to our product candidate, or we infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others, we may not be able to successfully develop and commercialize our product candidate.

The value of our technology will depend in part upon our ability, and those of our collaborators, to obtain patent protection or licenses to patents, maintain trade secret protection and operate without infringing on the rights of third parties. Although we have successfully pursued patent applications in the past, it is possible that:

- some or all of our pending patent applications, or those we have licensed, may not be allowed;
- proprietary products or processes that we develop in the future may not be patentable;
- any issued patents that we own or license may not provide us with any competitive advantages or may be successfully challenged by third parties; or
- the patents of others may have an adverse effect on our ability to do business.

It is not possible for us to be certain that we are the original and first creator of inventions encompassed by our pending patent applications or that we were the first to file patent applications for any such inventions. Further, any of our patents, once issued, may be declared by a court to be invalid or unenforceable.

STS is currently protected by methods of use patents that we exclusively licensed from OHSU that expire in Europe in 2021 and are currently pending in the United States. In addition, periods of marketing exclusivity for STS may also be possible in the United States under orphan drug status. We obtained Orphan Drug Designation in the United States for the use of STS in the prevention of platinum-induced ototoxicity in pediatric patients in 2004; if it is subsequently approved, will have seven and a half years of pediatric exclusivity in the United States from the approval date. Refer to the "Description of Business" section of this report for a further description of the United States Orphan Drug Designation.

We may be required to obtain licenses under patents or other proprietary rights of third parties but the extent to which we may wish or need to do so is unknown. Any such licenses may not be available on terms acceptable to us or at all. If such licenses are obtained, it is likely they would be royalty bearing, which would reduce any future income. If licenses cannot be obtained on an economical basis, we could suffer delays in market introduction of planned products or their introduction could be prevented, in some cases after the expenditure of substantial funds. If we do not obtain such licenses, we would have to design around patents of third parties, potentially causing increased costs and delays in product development and introduction or precluding us from developing, manufacturing or selling our planned products, or our ability to develop, manufacture or sell products requiring such licenses could be foreclosed.

Litigation may also be necessary to enforce or defend patents issued or licensed to us or our collaborators or to determine the scope and validity of a third party's proprietary rights. We could incur substantial costs if litigation is required to defend ourselves in patent suits brought by third parties, if we participate in patent suits brought against or initiated by our collaborators, or if we initiate such suits. We might not prevail in any such action. An adverse outcome in litigation or an interference to determine priority or other proceeding in a court or patent office could subject us to significant liabilities, require disputed rights to be licensed from other parties or require us or our collaborators to cease using certain technology or products. Any of these events would likely have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Much of our technological know-how that is not patentable may constitute trade secrets. Our confidentiality agreements might not provide for meaningful protection of our trade secrets, know-how or other proprietary information in the event of any unauthorized use or disclosure of information. In addition, others may independently develop or obtain similar technology and may be able to market competing products and obtain regulatory approval through a showing of equivalency to our product that has obtained regulatory approvals, without being required to undertake the same lengthy and expensive clinical studies that we would have already completed.

# The vulnerability to off-label use or sale of our product candidate that are covered only by "method of use" patents may cause downward pricing pressure on the product candidate if they are ever commercialized and may make it more difficult for us to enter into collaboration or partnering arrangements for the development of this product candidate.

STS is currently only covered by "method of use" patents, which covers the use of certain compounds to treat specific conditions, and are not covered by "composition of matter" patents, which would cover the chemical composition of the compound. Method of use patents provide less protection than composition of matter patents because of the possibility of off-label competition if other companies develop or market the compound for other uses. If another company markets a drug that we expect to market under the protection of a method of use patent, physicians may prescribe the other company's drug for use in the indication for which we obtain approval and have a patent, even if the other company's drug is not approved for such an indication. Off-label use and sales could limit our sales and exert pricing pressure on any product we develop covered only by method of use patents. Also, it may be more difficult to find a collaborator to license or support the development of our product candidate that is only covered by method of use patents.

# If our third party manufacturers breach or terminate their agreements with us, or if we are unable to secure arrangements with third party manufacturers on acceptable terms as needed in the future, we may suffer significant delays and additional costs.

We have no experience manufacturing products and do not currently have the resources to manufacture any products that we may develop. We currently have agreements with contract manufacturers for clinical supplies of STS, including drug substance providers and drug product suppliers, but they might not perform as agreed in the future or may terminate our agreements with them before the end of the required term. Significant additional time and expense would be required to effect a transition to a new contract manufacturer.

We plan to continue to rely on contract manufacturers for the foreseeable future to produce quantities of products and substances necessary for research and development, preclinical trials, human clinical trials and product commercialization, and to perform their obligations in a timely manner and in accordance with applicable government regulations. If we develop any product with commercial potential, we will need to develop the facilities to independently manufacture such product or products or secure arrangements with third parties to manufacture them. We may not be able to independently develop manufacturing capabilities or obtain favorable terms for the manufacture of our product. While we intend to contract for the commercial manufacturers may also fail to meet required manufacturing standards, which could result in delays or failures in product delivery, increased costs, injury or death to patients, product recalls or withdrawals and other problems that could significantly hurt our business. We intend to maintain a second source for back-up commercial manufacturing, wherever feasible. However, if a replacement to our future internal or contract manufactures were required, the ability to establish second-sourcing or find a replacement manufacturer may be difficult due to the lead times generally required to manufacture drugs and the need for FDA compliance inspections and approvals of any replacement manufacturer, all of which factors could result in production delays and additional commercialization costs. Such lead times would vary based on the situation, but might be twelve months or longer.

# We lack the resources necessary to effectively market our product candidate, and we may need to rely on third parties over whom we have little or no control and who may not perform as expected.

We do not have the necessary resources to market our product candidate. If we develop any products with commercial potential, we will either have to develop a marketing capability, including a sales force, which is difficult and expensive to implement successfully, or attempt to enter into a collaboration, merger, joint venture, license or other arrangement with third parties to provide a substantial portion of the financial and other resources needed to market such products. We may not be able to do so on acceptable terms, if at all. If we rely extensively on third parties to market our products, the commercial success of such products may be largely outside of our control.

# We conduct our business internationally and are subject to laws and regulations of several countries which may affect our ability to access regulatory agencies and may affect the enforceability and value of our licenses.

We have conducted clinical trials in the United States, Canada, Europe and the Pacific Rim and intend to, or may, conduct future clinical trials in these and other jurisdictions. There can be no assurance that any sovereign government will not establish laws or regulations that will be deleterious to our interests. There is no assurance that we, as a British Columbia corporation, will continue to have access to the regulatory agencies in any jurisdiction where we might want to conduct clinical trials or obtain regulatory approval, and we might not be able to enforce our license or patent rights in foreign jurisdictions. Foreign exchange controls may have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition, since such controls may limit our ability to flow funds into or out of a particular country to meet obligations under licenses, clinical trial agreements or other collaborations.

### Our cash invested in money market funds might be subject to loss.

Even though we believe we take a conservative approach to investing our funds, the nature of financial markets exposes us to investment risk, including the risks that the value and liquidity of our money market investments could deteriorate significantly and the issuers of the investments we hold could be subject to credit rating downgrades. While we have not experienced any loss or write down of our money market investments in the past, we cannot guarantee that such losses will not occur in future periods.

## **Risks Related to Our Industry**

#### If we are unable to obtain applicable U.S. and/or foreign regulatory approvals, we will be unable to develop and commercialize our drug candidate.

The preclinical studies and clinical trials of our product candidate, as well as the manufacturing, labeling, sale and distribution, export or import, marketing, advertising and promotion of our product candidate are subject to various regulatory frameworks in the United States, Canada and other countries. Any products that we develop must receive all relevant regulatory approvals and clearances before any marketing, sale or distribution. The regulatory process, which includes extensive preclinical studies and clinical testing to establish product safety and efficacy, can take many years and cost substantial amounts of money. As a result of the length of time, many challenges and costs are associated with the drug development process, and the historical rate of failures for drug candidates is extremely high. Changes in regulatory policy could also cause delays or affect regulatory approval. Any regulatory delays may increase our development costs and negatively impact our competitiveness and prospects. It is possible that we may not be able to obtain regulatory approval of our drug candidate or approvals may take longer and cost more to obtain than expected.

Regulatory approvals, if granted, may entail limitations on the uses for which any product we develop may be marketed, limiting the potential sales for any such products. The granting of product approvals can be withdrawn at any time, and manufacturers of approved products are subject to regular reviews, including for compliance with FDA Good Manufacturing Practices regulations. Failure to comply with any applicable regulatory requirement, which may change from time to time, can result in warning letters, fines, sanctions, penalties, recalling or seizing products, suspension of production, or even criminal prosecution.

## Future sales of our product candidate may suffer if they fail to achieve market acceptance.

Even if our product candidate is successfully developed and achieves appropriate regulatory approval, it may not enjoy commercial acceptance or success. Our product candidate may compete with a number of new and traditional drugs and therapies developed by major pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies. Market acceptance is dependent on the product candidate demonstrating clinical efficacy and safety, as well as demonstrating advantages over alternative treatment methods. In addition, market acceptance is influenced by government reimbursement policies and the ability of third parties to pay for such products. Physicians, patients, or the medical community may not accept or utilize any products we may develop.

# We face a strong competitive environment. Other companies may develop or commercialize more effective or cheaper products, which may reduce or eliminate the demand for our product candidate.

The biotechnology and pharmaceutical industry, and in particular the field of cancer therapeutics where we are focused, is very competitive. Many companies and research organizations are engaged in the research, development and testing of new cancer therapies or means of increasing the effectiveness of existing therapies, including, among many others, Amgen, AstraZeneca, Bayer, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Eli Lilly, Eisai, Merck KGaA, Novartis, Johnson & Johnson, Pfizer, Roche, Taiho and Sanofi-Aventis. Many of these companies have marketed drugs or are developing targeted cancer therapeutics which, depending upon the mechanism of action of such agents could be competitors.

Many of our existing or potential competitors have substantially greater financial, technical and human resources than we do and may be better equipped to develop, manufacture and market products. In addition, many of these competitors have extensive experience with preclinical testing and human clinical trials and in obtaining regulatory approvals. Also, some of the smaller companies that compete with us have formed collaborative relationships with large, established companies to support the research, development, clinical trials and commercialization of any products that they may develop. Academic institutions, government agencies and other public and private research organizations may also conduct research, seek patent protection and establish collaborative arrangements for research, clinical development and marketing of products similar to those we seek to develop. These companies and institutions compete with us in recruiting and retaining qualified scientific and management personnel as well as in acquiring technologies complementary to our projects.

We are likely to face competition in the areas of product efficacy and safety, ease of use and adaptability, as well as pricing, product acceptance, regulatory approvals and intellectual property. Competitors could develop more effective, safer and more affordable products than we do, and they may obtain patent protection or product commercialization before we do or even render our product candidate obsolete. The existence of competitive products, including products or treatments of which we are not aware, or products or treatments that may be developed in the future, may adversely affect the marketability of any product that we develop.

# We may face product liability claims that could require us to defend costly lawsuits or incur substantial liabilities that could adversely impact our financial condition, receipt of regulatory approvals for our product candidate and our results of operation.

The use of our product candidate in clinical trials and for commercial applications, if any, may expose us to liability claims in the event that such product candidate causes injury or death or results in other adverse effects. These claims could be made by health care institutions, contract laboratories, and subjects participating in our clinical studies, patients or others using our product candidate. In addition to liability claims, certain serious adverse events could require interruption, delay and/or discontinuation of a clinical trial and potentially prevent further development of our product candidate. We carry clinical trial insurance but the coverage may not be sufficient to protect us from legal expenses and liabilities we might incur. Litigation is very expensive, even if we defend successfully against possible litigation. In addition, our existing coverage may not be adequate if we develop additional products, and future coverage may not be available in sufficient amounts or at reasonable cost. In addition, we might reduce the amount of this coverage due to our limited financial resources. Adverse liability claims may also harm our ability to obtain or maintain regulatory approvals.



# We used hazardous materials and chemicals in our research and development, and our failure to comply with laws related to hazardous materials could materially harm us.

In the past, our research and development processes involved the controlled use of hazardous materials, such as flammable organic solvents, corrosive acids and corrosive bases. Accordingly, we are subject to federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of such materials and certain waste products. The risk of accidental contamination or injury from these materials cannot be completely eliminated. We could be held liable for any damages that result and any such liability could exceed our resources and may not be covered by our general liability insurance. We currently do not carry insurance specifically for hazardous materials claims. We may be required to incur significant costs to comply with environmental laws and regulations, which may change from time to time. Our current practice is to outsource these activities.

# Efforts to reduce product pricing and health care reimbursement and changes to government policies could negatively affect the commercialization of our product candidate.

If our product candidate achieves regulatory approval, we may be materially adversely affected by the continuing efforts of governmental and third-party payers to contain or reduce health care costs. For example, if we succeed in bringing one or more products to market, such products may not be considered cost-effective and the availability of consumer reimbursement may not exist or be sufficient to allow the sale of such products on a competitive basis. The constraints on pricing and availability of competitive products may further limit our pricing and reimbursement policies as well as adversely impact market acceptance and commercialization for the products.

In many markets, the pricing or profitability of healthcare products is subject to government control. In recent years, federal, state, provincial and local officials and legislators have proposed or are proposing a variety of price-based reforms to the healthcare systems in the United States, Canada and elsewhere. Some proposals include measures that would limit or eliminate payments from third-party payors to the consumer for certain medical procedures and treatments or allow government control of pharmaceutical pricing. The adoption of any such proposals or reforms could adversely affect the commercial viability of our product candidates.

In the United States, there have been and continue to be a number of legislative initiatives to contain healthcare costs. For example, in 2010, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act, or the "ACA", was passed, which substantially changes the way health care is financed by both governmental and private insurers, and significantly impacts the U.S. pharmaceutical industry. The expansion of insured among children under the ACA is not expected to be significant to the prospects for our product candidate since Medicaid was more available to children than the general population.

The provisions of the ACA of importance to the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industry are, among others, the following:

- an annual, nondeductible fee on any entity that manufactures or imports certain branded prescription drugs agents and biologic agents, which is apportioned among these entities according to their market share in certain government healthcare programs;
- an increase in the rebates a manufacturer must pay under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program to 23.1% and 13% of the average manufacturer price for branded and generic drugs, respectively;
- a new Medicare Part D coverage gap discount program, in which manufacturers must agree to offer 50% point-of-sale discounts to negotiated prices of applicable brand drugs to eligible beneficiaries during their coverage gap period, as a condition for the manufacturer's outpatient drugs to be covered under Medicare Part D;
- extension of manufacturers' Medicaid rebate liability to covered drugs dispensed to individuals who are enrolled in Medicaid managed care organizations, unless the drug is subject to discounts under the 340B drug discount program;
- a new methodology by which rebates owed by manufacturers under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program are calculated for drugs that are inhaled, infused, instilled, implanted or injected;
- expansion of eligibility criteria for Medicaid programs by, among other things, allowing states to offer Medicaid coverage to additional individuals and by adding new mandatory eligibility categories for certain individuals with income at or below 133% of the federal poverty level, thereby potentially increasing manufacturers' Medicaid rebate liability;
- expansion of the entities eligible for discounts under the Public Health Service pharmaceutical pricing program;
- new requirements under the federal Physician Payments Sunshine Act for drug manufacturers to report information related to payments and other transfers of value made to physicians and teaching hospitals as well as ownership or investment interests held by physicians and their immediate family members;

- a new Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute to oversee, identify priorities in, and conduct comparative clinical effectiveness research, along with funding for such research;
- creation of the Independent Payment Advisory Board, which, if and when impaneled, will have authority to recommend certain changes to the Medicare program that could result in reduced payments for prescription drugs; and
- establishment of a Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation at CMS to test innovative payment and service delivery models to lower Medicare and Medicaid spending, potentially including prescription drug spending.

Some states are also considering legislation that would control the prices of drugs, and state Medicaid programs are increasingly requesting manufacturers to pay supplemental rebates and requiring prior authorization by the state program for use of any drug for which supplemental rebates are not being paid. Managed care organizations continue to seek price discounts and, in some cases, to impose restrictions on the coverage of particular drugs. Government efforts to reduce Medicaid expenses may lead to increased use of managed care organizations by Medicaid programs. This may result in managed care organizations influencing prescription decisions for a larger segment of the population and a corresponding constraint on prices and reimbursement for our products.

Since its enactment, there have been judicial and Congressional challenges to numerous aspects of the ACA, and Congress and the executive branch are seeking to replace the ACA with new federal legislation. There may also be federal and state regulatory changes that impact the ACA or healthcare programs, insurance coverage or reimbursement generally. These efforts have increased uncertainty regarding the availability of healthcare programs, insurance coverage and reimbursement as a general matter as well as for our product candidate, and we cannot predict how these events will impact our business.

In addition, there has been heightened governmental scrutiny over the manner in which manufacturers set prices for their marketed products, which have resulted in several recent Congressional inquiries and proposed bills designed to, among other things, bring more transparency to product pricing, review the relationship between pricing and manufacturer patient programs, reduce the price of drugs under Medicare and reform government program reimbursement methodologies for products. We expect that additional state and federal healthcare reform measures will be adopted in the future, any of which could limit the amounts that federal and state governments will pay for healthcare products and services, which could result in reduced demand for our product candidates or additional pricing pressures.

Any significant changes in the healthcare system in the United States, Canada or abroad would likely have a substantial impact on the manner in which we conduct business and could have a material adverse effect on our ability to raise capital and the viability of product commercialization.

## **Risks Related to Owning Our Common Shares**

# We may be unable to maintain the listing of our common stock on the TSX and that would make it more difficult for shareholders to dispose of their common stock.

Our common stock is currently listed on the TSX. The TSX has rules for continued listing, including minimum market capitalization and other requirements, that we might not meet in the future.

Delisting from the TSX would make it more difficult for shareholders to dispose of their common stock and more difficult to obtain accurate quotations on our common stock. This could have an adverse effect on the price of our common stock. There can be no assurances that a market maker will make a market in our common stock on the OTCQB or any other stock quotation system after delisting. Furthermore, securities quoted over-the-counter generally have significantly less liquidity than securities traded on a national securities exchange, not only in the number of shares that can be bought and sold, but also through delays in the timing of transactions and lower market prices than might otherwise be obtained. As a result, shareholders might find it difficult to resell shares at prices quoted in the market or at all. Furthermore, because of the limited market and generally low volume of trading in our common stock, our common stock is more likely to be affected by broad market fluctuations, general market conditions, fluctuations in our operating results, changes in the market's perception of our business, and announcements made by us, our competitors or parties with whom we have business relationships. Our ability to issue additional securities for financing or other purposes, or to otherwise arrange for any financing we may need in the future, may also be materially and adversely affected by the fact that our securities are not traded on a national securities exchange.

#### The market price of our common stock is highly volatile and could cause the value of your investment to significantly decline.

Historically, the market price of our common stock has been highly volatile and the market for our common stock has from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations, some of which are unrelated to our operating performance. From January 1, 2014 to August 1, 2017, the closing trading price of our stock on the TSX fluctuated from a high of CAD\$9.42 per share to a low of CAD\$1.08 per share. Historically, our common stock has had a low trading volume, and may continue to have a low trading volume in the future. This low volume may contribute to the volatility of the market price of our common stock. It is likely that the market price of our common stock will continue to fluctuate significantly in the future.

The market price of our stock may be significantly affected by many factors, including without limitation:

- the development of our sole product candidate, STS;
- the need to raise additional capital and the terms of any transaction we are able to enter into;
- other external factors generally or stock market trends in the pharmaceutical or biotechnology industries specifically;
- announcements of licensing agreements, joint ventures, collaborations or other strategic alliances that involve our product or those of our competitors;
- · innovations related to our or our competitors' products;
- actual or potential clinical trial results related to our or our competitors' products;
- our financial results or those of our competitors;
- reports of securities analysts regarding us or our competitors;
- · developments or disputes concerning our licensed or owned patents or those of our competitors;
- · developments with respect to the efficacy or safety of our product or those of our competitors; and
- health care reforms and reimbursement policy changes nationally and internationally.

# Our common stock is deemed to be a "penny stock," which may make it more difficult for investors to sell their shares due to suitability requirements.

Our common stock is subject to Rule 15g-1 through 15g-9 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which imposes certain sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell our common stock to persons other than established customers and "accredited investors" who are generally individuals with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 (excluding their principal residence) or an annual income exceeding \$200,000, or \$300,000 together with their spouses. For transactions covered by this rule, a broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and have received the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to the sale. This rule adversely affects the ability of broker-dealers to sell our common stock and the ability of our shareholders to sell their shares of common stock.

Additionally, our common stock is subject to additional SEC regulations for "penny stock." Penny stock includes any equity security that is not listed on a national securities exchange and has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. The regulations require that prior to any non-exempt buy/sell transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule set forth by the SEC relating to the penny stock market must be delivered to the purchaser of such penny stock. This disclosure must include the amount of commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative and current price quotations for the common stock. The regulations also require that monthly statements be sent to holders of penny stock that disclose recent price information for the penny stock and information of the limited market for penny stocks. These requirements adversely affect the market liquidity of our common stock.

# Our existing principal shareholders hold a substantial number of shares of our common stock and may be able to exercise influence in matters requiring approval of shareholders.

At August 1, 2017, our current shareholders separately representing more than 5% ownership in our Company collectively represented beneficial ownership of approximately 65.5% of our common stock. In particular, Southpoint Capital Advisors LP ("Southpoint Capital") owns or exercises control over 4.0 million shares of common stock, representing approximately 25.5% of the issued and outstanding common stock. In addition, Essetifin SpA, owns approximately 2.9 million shares, or 18.7% of our common stock. In addition, Manchester Explorer, LP ("Manchester Explorer"), together with its associates, owns approximately 2.5 million shares, or 15.7% of our common stock. Furthermore, 683 Capital, owns approximately 0.9 million shares, or 5.8% of our common stock. Southpoint Capital, Manchester Explorer, 683 Capital and our other shareholders representing more than 5% ownership, and other insiders, acting alone or together, might be able to influence the outcomes of matters that require the approval of our shareholders, including but not limited to certain equity transactions (such as a financing), an acquisition or merger with another company, a sale of substantially all of our assets, the election and removal of directors, or amendments to our incorporating documents. These shareholders might make decisions that are adverse to your interests. The concentration of ownership could have the effect of delaying, preventing or deterring a change of control of our company, which could adversely affect the market price of our common stock or deprive our other shareholders of an opportunity to receive a premium for their common stock as part of a sale of our company.

# There are a large number of shares of our common stock underlying outstanding warrants and options, and reserved for issuance under our stock option plan, that may be sold in the market, which could depress the market price of our stock and result in substantial dilution to the holders of our common stock.

Sale or issuance of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the future could cause the market price of our common stock to decline. It may also impair our ability to obtain additional financing. At August 1, 2017, we had outstanding warrants to purchase approximately 1.4 million shares (\$2.15 million) of our common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$1.55 per common share. In addition, at August 1, 2017, there were approximately 2.6 million shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options granted by us of which approximately \$2.4 million were denominated in Canadian dollars and had a weighted average exercise price of \$2.37 per common share and approximately \$4.2 million were denominated in U.S. dollars and had a weighted average exercise price of \$2.48 per common share. We may also issue further warrants as part of any future financings in addition to the additional 1.3 million options to acquire our common stock currently remaining and available for issuance under our stock option plan.

# We may need to raise substantial additional funds in the near future to continue our operations. Any equity offering could result in significant dilution to the ownership interests of shareholders and may result in dilution of the value of such interests and any debt offering will increase financial risk.

In order to satisfy our anticipated capital requirements to develop our product, we may need to raise substantial additional funds through either the sale of additional equity, the issue of securities convertible into equity, the issuance of debt, the establishment of collaborations that provide us with funding, the outlicense or sale of certain aspects of our intellectual property portfolio, or from other sources. The most likely sources of financing that may be available to us in the near term are the sale of shares of common stock and/or securities convertible into common stock and the issuance of debt.

We cannot predict the size of future issues of common stock or the issue of securities convertible into common stock or the effect that any such future issues and sales of common stock will have on the market price of our common stock. Any transaction involving the issue of common stock, or securities convertible into common stock, could result in immediate and substantial dilution to present and prospective holders of common stock. Alternatively, we may rely on debt financing and assume debt obligations that require us to make substantial interest and capital payments and to pledge some or all of our assets as collateral to secure such debt obligations.

# We have not paid any dividends since incorporation and do not anticipate declaring any dividends in the foreseeable future. As a result, you may not be able to recoup your investment through the payment of dividends on your common stock and the lack of a dividend payable on our common stock might depress the value of your investment.

We will use all available funds to finance the development of our product candidates and operation of our business. Our directors will determine if and when dividends should be declared and paid in the future based on our financial position at the relevant time, but since we have no present plans to pay dividends, you should not expect receipt of dividends either for your cash needs or to enhance the value of your common stock.

## **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the common shares by the selling stockholders. Certain of the shares offered hereby are issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants. Upon exercise of such warrants we will receive the applicable cash exercise price paid by the holders of the warrants.

# SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

This prospectus covers the resale by the selling stockholders identified in the table below of 11,943,214 common shares, which includes 1,383,331 common shares issuable upon the exercise of warrants held by certain selling stockholders as indicated in the table below. The selling stockholders acquired the common shares and warrants to purchase common shares pursuant to the following transactions;

- our April 2010 private placement of common shares and warrants to purchase common shares;
- our November 2013 private placement of common shares and warrants to purchase common shares;
- our February 2016 private placement of warrants to purchase common shares issued in lieu of payment for investor services rendered;
- our May 2016 private placement of common shares; and
- our June 2017 private placement of common shares.

Selling Stockholder	Shares beneficially owned before offering (1)	Number of outstanding shares offered by selling stockholder	Number of shares offered by selling stockholder upon exercise of warrants	Percentage beneficial ownership after offering (2)
Southpoint Capital Advisors, LP. (3)	3,997,214	3,997,214	-	25.5%
Essetifin SpA (4)	2,931,579	2,931,579	-	18.7%
683 Capital Management, LLC (5)	912,531	262,499	104,166	5.8%
Robert Butts	768,592	768,592	-	4.9%
Manchester Management Company, LLC (6)	2,530,587	999,999	999,999	15.7%
Manchester Explorer, L.P. (7)	1,645,372	625,000	625,000	10.1%
JEB Partners, L.P. (8)	525,883	208,333	208,333	3.3%
James Besser (9)	192,666	83,333	83,333	1.2%
Morgan Frank (10)	166,666	83,333	83,333	1.1%
Varana Capital Focused, LP (11)	283,520	93,750	-	1.8%
venBio Select Fund LLC (12)	712,500	712,500	-	4.5%
2B LLC (13)	37,500	37,500	-	0.2%
The Sonic Fund II, LP (14)	375,000	375,000	-	2.4%
Acuta Opportunity Fund, LP (15)	52,500	52,500	-	0.3%
Acuta Capital Fund, LP (16)	197,500	197,500	-	1.3%
Kenneth Marks	6,250	6,250	-	nil
John Grimley (17)	83,333	-	83,333	0.5%
Overall LLC (18)	250,000	125,000	125,000	1.6%
Rodney & June Baber (19)	20,833	-	20,833	0.1%
Aranea Partners, Inc. (20)	50,000	-	50,000	0.3%



- (1) Based on 15,680,663 shares of common stock outstanding as of August 1, 2017. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, and includes any shares as to which the stockholder has sole or shared voting power or investment power, and also any shares which the stockholder has the right to acquire within 60 days of the date hereof, whether through the exercise or conversion of any stock option, convertible security, warrant or other right. The indication herein that shares are beneficially owned is not an admission on the part of the stockholder that it is a direct or indirect beneficial owner of those shares.
- (2) Post-offering percentage ownership calculations assume that all common shares being offered under this prospectus are sold..
- (3) Southpoint Capital Advisors, LP, 623 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2503, New York, New York 10022. John S. Clark, II holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Southpoint Capital Advisors, LP.
- (4) Essetifin SpA, Via Sudafrica 20, Rome, Italy 00144. Mario Altali holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Essetifin SpA.
- (5) 683 Capital Management, LLC, 595 Madison Avenue, 17th Floor, New York, New York 10025. Ari Zweiman holds dispositive power over the shares owned by 683 Capital Management LLC. The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 808,365 common shares and 104,167 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.
- (6) Manchester Management Company, LLC, 131 Charles Street, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Boston Massachusetts 02114. Includes 1,645,372 shares owned by Manchester Explorer, L.P. and 525,883 shares owned by JEB Partners, L.P. Manchester Management holds dispositive power over the shares held by Manchester Explorer, L.P. and JEB Partners, L.P. James Besser and Morgan Frank hold shared dispositive power over the shares held by Manchester Management Company, LLC. Additionally, James Besser owns 192,666 shares for which he has sole dispositive power and Morgan Frank owns 166,666 shares for which he has sole dispositive power.
- (7) Manchester Explorer, L.P., 3 West Hill Place, Boston, MA, 02114. James Besser holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Manchester Explorer, L.P. The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 1,020,372 common shares and 625,000 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.
- (8) JEB Partners, L.P., 3 West Hill Place, Boston, MA, 02114. James Besser holds dispositive power over the shares owned by JEB Partners, L.P. The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 317,550 common shares and 208,333 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.
- (9) The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 109,333 common shares and 83,333 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.
- (10) The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 83,333 common shares and 83,333 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.
- (11) Varana Capital Focused, LP, 205 East 42<sup>nd</sup> Street, 14<sup>th</sup> Floor, New York, NY 10017. Phillip Broenniman holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Vrana Capital Focused, LP.
- (12) venBio Select Fund LLC, 120 W. 45<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 2802, New York, NY 10036. Scott Epstein holds dispositive power over the shares owned by venBIO Select Fund LLC.
- (13) 2B LLC, 17-20 Whitestone Expressway, Ste. 403, Whitestone, NY 11357. J. Darius Bikoff and Rony Kalina hold dispositive power over the shares owned by 2B LLC.
- (14) The Sonic Fund II, LP, 400 Hobron Lane #3709, Honolulu, HI 96815. Lawrence Kam holds dispositive power over the shares owned by The Sonic Fund II, LP.
- (15) Acuta Opportunity Fund, LP, 1301 Shoreway Road, Suite 250, Belmont, CA 94002. Manfred Yu holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Acuta Opportunity Fund, LP.
- (16) Acuta Capital Fund, LP, 1301 Shoreway Road, Suite 250, Belmont, CA 94002. Manfred Yu holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Acuta Opportunity Fund, LP.
- (17) The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 83,333 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.
- (18) Overall LLC, 29 Commonwealth Avenue, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Boston, MS 02114. Andrew Davis holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Overall LLC. The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 250,000 common shares and 125,000 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.
- (19) Rodney and June Baber hold the shares jointly as tenants in common. The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 20,833 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.
- (20) Aranea Partners, Inc., 43 Orchard Lane, Colts Neck, NJ 07722. Ryan Aldridge holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Aranea Partners, Inc. The number of shares beneficially owned consists of 39,700 common shares and 20,000 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants.

# MATERIAL UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THIS OFFERING

The following discussion sets forth certain material United States and Canadian federal income tax consequences resulting from the acquisition, ownership and disposition of Shares by a "U.S. Holder". For purposes of this discussion, a U.S. Holder means any U.S. person who holds Shares. For purposes of our discussion, a U.S. person is:

- an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation (or other entity taxed as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or any subdivision thereof;
- an estate, the income of which is includable in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust (or if the trust was in existence on August 20, 1996, and has validly elected to be treated as a U.S. person under applicable Treasury regulations); and
- for purposes of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "Tax Act") is neither resident nor deemed to be resident in Canada and does not use or hold, and is not deemed to use or hold their Shares in connection with carrying on business in Canada (a "Non-Resident Holder").

### Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations

We have not sought, and will not seek, a ruling from the IRS regarding the Federal income tax consequences of this offering. The discussion is based on current provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), current and proposed Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, and administrative and judicial decisions as of the date hereof, all of which are subject to change, possibly on a retroactive basis. This discussion is not a representation of, nor does it address, all aspects of United States federal income taxation that may be relevant to any particular U.S. Holder based on such U.S. Holder's individual circumstances. The following discussion does not address the tax consequences of this offering under foreign, state, or local tax laws, or the alternative minimum tax provisions or U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. Holders that are subject to special treatment. Additionally, the discussion does not consider the tax treatment of persons who hold Shares through a partnership or other pass-through entity or the possible application of U.S. federal gift or estate tax. The following discussion does not address possible changes in the federal tax law which may be enacted pursuant to proposals which recently have been made.

THIS DISCUSSION DOES NOT ADDRESS THE IMPACT OF AN INVESTOR'S INDIVIDUAL TAX CIRCUMSTANCES. ACCORDINGLY, EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT HIS OR HER OWN TAX ADVISOR AS TO THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO HIM OR HER OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE SHARES, INCLUDING THE EFFECTS OF APPLICABLE STATE, LOCAL OR FOREIGN TAX LAWS AND POSSIBLE CHANGES IN THE TAX LAWS.

### Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition of Shares.

This discussion is qualified by the discussions below under the subheading "Tax Consequences if We Are a Passive Foreign Investment Company."

Gain or loss will be recognized by a U.S. Holder upon the sale, exchange or other disposition of the Shares, in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and the tax basis of the Shares. Such gain or loss will be a capital gain or loss and will be considered long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder's holding period in the Shares is more than one year. Long-term capital gains of certain non-corporate taxpayers generally are taxed at lower rates than items of ordinary income. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Gains and losses recognized by a U.S. Holder on a sale, exchange or other disposition of Shares generally will have a U.S. source for foreign tax credit purposes unless a tax treaty applies and an election is made by the U.S. Holder.

#### Tax Consequences if We are a Passive Foreign Investment Company

A foreign corporation generally will be treated as a "passive foreign investment company" ("PFIC") if, after applying certain "look-through" rules, either (i) 75% or more of its gross income is passive income or (ii) 50% or more of the average value of its assets is attributable to assets that produce or are held to produce passive income. Passive income for this purpose generally includes dividends, interest, rents, royalties and gains from securities and commodities transactions. The look-through rules require a foreign corporation that owns at least 25% by value, of the stock of another corporation to treat a proportionate amount of assets and income as held or received directly by the foreign corporation.



The Company has not made the analysis necessary to determine whether or not it is currently a PFIC or whether it has ever been a PFIC. There can be no assurance that the Company is not, has never been or will not in the future be a PFIC. If the Company were to be treated as a PFIC, any gain recognized by a U.S. shareholder upon the sale (or certain other dispositions) of common stock (or the receipt of certain distributions) generally would be treated as ordinary income, and a U.S. shareholder may be required, in certain circumstances, to pay an interest charge together with tax calculated at maximum rates on certain "excess distributions," including any gain on the sale or certain dispositions of common stock. In order to avoid this tax consequence, a U.S. shareholder (i) may be permitted to make a "qualified electing fund" election, in which case, in lieu of such treatment, such shareholder would be required to include in its taxable income certain undistributed amounts of the Company's income or (ii) may elect to mark-to-market the common stock. Additionally, if the Company is deemed to be a PFIC, a U.S. shareholder who acquires common stock in the Company from a decedent will be denied the normally available step-up in tax basis to fair market value for the common stock at the date of the death and instead will have a tax basis equal to the decedent's tax basis if lower than fair market value. Neither the Company nor its advisors have the duty to or will undertake to inform U.S. shareholders of changes in circumstances that would cause the Company to become a PFIC. U.S. shareholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the application of the PFIC rules including eligibility for and the manner and advisability of making certain elections in the event the Company is determined to be a PFIC at any point in time after the date of this report. The Company does not currently intend to take the action necessary for a U.S. shareholder to make a "qualified electing fund" election in the event the Company

### Tax Consequences if We are a Controlled Foreign Corporation

A foreign corporation will be treated as a "controlled foreign corporation" ("CFC") for United States federal income tax purposes if, on any day during the taxable year of such foreign corporation, more than 50% of the equity interests in such corporation, measured by reference to the combined voting power or value of the equity of the corporation, is owned directly or by application of the attribution and constructive ownership rules of Sections 958(a) and 958(b) of the Code by United States Shareholders. For this purpose, a "United States Shareholder" is any United States person that possesses directly, or by application of the attribution and constructive ownership rules of Sections 958(a) and 958(b) of the traitbution and constructive ownership rules of Sections 958(a) and 958(b) of the Code, 10% or more of the combined voting power of all classes of equity in such corporation. If a foreign corporation is a CFC for an uninterrupted period of 30 days or more during any taxable year, each United States Shareholder of the corporation who owns, directly or indirectly, shares in the corporation on the last day of the taxable year on which it is a CFC will be required to include in its gross income for United States federal income tax purposes its pro rata share of the CFC's "Subpart F income," even if the Subpart F income is not distributed. Subpart F income generally includes passive income but also includes certain related party sales, manufacturing and services income.

United States persons who might, directly, indirectly or constructively, acquire 10% or more of the shares of the Company or any of its non-U.S. subsidiaries, and therefore might be a United States Shareholder, should consider the possible application of the CFC rules, and consult a tax advisor with respect to such matter.

#### **Dividends Paid on Shares**

Distributions paid on the Shares (including any Canadian taxes withheld) to a U.S. Holder will be treated as ordinary dividend income for United States federal income tax purposes to the extent of the Company's current and accumulated earnings and profits (as computed for U.S. federal income tax purposes). Such dividends, which will be treated as foreign source income for U.S. foreign tax credit purposes, generally will not qualify for the dividends-received deduction available to corporations. Distributions in excess of such earnings and profits will be applied against and will reduce the shareholder's tax basis in the Shares and, to the extent in excess of such tax basis, will be treated as gain from a sale or exchange of such Shares. The amount of the distribution will equal the US Dollar value of the distribution, calculated by reference to the exchange rate in effect on the date the distribution is received (or otherwise made available to the U.S. Holders), regardless of whether a payment in Canadian currency is actually converted to US Dollars at that time. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors concerning the treatment of foreign currency gain or loss, if any, on any Canadian currency received which is converted into US Dollars subsequent to receipt.

U.S. federal income tax on qualified dividend income paid to non-corporate U.S. holders are taxed at a reduced rates. If a non-corporate U.S. Holder does not hold the Shares for more than 60 days during the 120 day period beginning 60 days before an ex-dividend date, dividends received on the Shares are not eligible for reduced rates. Dividends received from a foreign corporation that was a passive foreign investment company (as further discussed above) in either the taxable year of the distribution or the preceding taxable year are not qualified dividend income.

Qualified dividend income includes dividends received from a "qualified foreign corporation." A "qualified foreign corporation" includes a foreign corporation whose shares are readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States as well as a foreign corporation that is entitled to the benefits of a comprehensive income tax treaty with the United States which includes an exchange of information program. Canada and the United States are parties to a comprehensive income tax treaty which includes an exchange of information program. The United States Treasury Department will periodically issue guidance regarding which income tax treaties will be satisfactory for treating a corporation as a "qualified foreign corporation". In the event the Shares should not be readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States, non-corporate U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors as to whether any distributions paid on the Shares will be taxed for United States federal income tax purposes at reduced tax rates.

# **Credit for Canadian Taxes Withheld**

Subject to certain conditions and limitations, any Canadian tax withheld or paid with respect to dividends on the Shares generally will be eligible for credit against a U.S. Holder's United States federal income tax liability at such U.S. Holder's election. The Code provides limitations on the amount of foreign tax credits that a U.S. Holder may claim, including extensive separate computation rules under which foreign tax credits allowable with respect to specific categories of income cannot exceed the United States federal income taxes otherwise payable with respect to each such category of income. Dividends with respect to the Shares generally will be classified as foreign source "passive income" for the purpose of computing a U.S. Holder's foreign tax credit limitations for U.S. foreign tax credit purposes. The availability of the Canadian withholding tax as a foreign tax credit will also be subject to certain restrictions on the use of such credits, including a prohibition on the use of the credit to reduce liability for the United States individual and corporate minimum taxes by more than 90%. Alternatively, U.S. Holders that do not elect to claim a foreign tax credit may instead claim a deduction for Canadian income tax withheld or paid, but only for a year in which these U.S. Holders elect to do so for all foreign income taxes. The rules relating to foreign tax credits are complex, and each U.S. Holder should consult its own tax advisor to determine whether and if it would be entitled to this credit.

## **Receipt of Foreign Currency**

The amount of any distribution paid to a U.S. Holder in foreign currency, or on the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of Shares generally will be equal to the U.S. dollar value of such foreign currency based on the exchange rate applicable on the date of receipt (regardless of whether such foreign currency is converted into U.S. dollars at that time). If the foreign currency received is not converted into U.S. dollars on the date of receipt, a U.S. Holder will have a tax basis in the foreign currency equal to its U.S. dollar value on the date of receipt. Any U.S. Holder who receives payment in foreign currency and engages in a subsequent conversion or other disposition of the foreign currency may have a foreign currency exchange gain or loss that would be treated as ordinary income or loss, and generally will be U.S. source income or loss for foreign tax credit purposes. Each U.S. Holder should consult its own U.S. tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of receiving, owning, and disposing of foreign currency.

## **Additional Tax on Passive Income**

U.S. Holders that are individuals, estates and certain trusts whose income exceeds certain thresholds will be required to pay an additional 3.8% tax on "net investment income" including, among other things, dividends and net gain from disposition of property (other than property held in certain trades or businesses). U.S. Holders should consult with their own tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of this tax on their ownership and disposition of Shares.

## **Backup Withholding and Information Reporting**

Under U.S. federal income tax law and Treasury Regulations, certain categories of U.S. Holders must file information returns with respect to their investment in, or involvement in, a foreign corporation. For example, U.S. return disclosure obligations (and related penalties) are imposed on U.S. Holders that hold certain specified foreign financial assets in excess of certain threshold amounts. The definition of specified foreign financial assets includes not only financial accounts maintained in foreign financial institutions, but also, unless held in accounts maintained by a financial institution, any stock or security issued by a non-U.S. person, any financial instrument or contract held for investment that has an issuer or counterparty other than a U.S. person and any interest in a foreign entity. U.S. Holders may be subject to these reporting requirements unless their Shares are held in an account at certain financial institutions. Penalties for failure to file certain of these information returns are substantial. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the requirements of filing information returns, including the requirement to file an IRS Form 8938.

Payments made within the U.S. or by a U.S. payor or U.S. middleman, of dividends on, and proceeds arising from the sale or other taxable disposition of, Shares will generally be subject to information reporting and backup withholding tax (currently at a rate of 28%), if a U.S. Holder (a) fails to furnish such U.S. Holder's correct U.S. taxpayer identification number (generally on Form W-9), (b) furnishes an incorrect U.S. taxpayer identification number, (c) is notified by the IRS that such U.S. Holder has previously failed to properly report items subject to backup withholding tax, or (d) fails to certify, under penalty of perjury, that such U.S. Holder has furnished its correct U.S. taxpayer identification number and that the IRS has not notified such U.S. Holder that it is subject to backup withholding tax. However, certain exempt persons generally are excluded from these information reporting and backup withholding rules. Any amounts withheld under the U.S. backup withholding tax rules will be allowed as a credit against a U.S. Holder's U.S. Holder should consult its own tax advisor regarding the information reporting and backup withholding rules.

The discussion of reporting requirements set forth above is not intended to constitute an exhaustive description of all reporting requirements that may apply to a U.S. Holder. A failure to satisfy certain reporting requirements may result in an extension of the time period during which the IRS can assess a tax, and under certain circumstances, such an extension may apply to assessments of amounts unrelated to any unsatisfied reporting requirement. Each U.S. Holder should consult its own tax advisor regarding the information reporting and backup withholding rules.

### Tax Consequences for Non-U.S. Holders of Shares

Except as described in "Information Reporting and Back-up Withholding" below, a non-U.S. holder of Shares will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on the payment of dividends on, and the proceeds from the disposition of, the Shares, unless:

- the item is effectively connected with the conduct by the non-U.S. holder of a trade or business in the United States and:
  - (i) in the case of a resident of a country which has a treaty with the United States, the item is attributable to a permanent establishment; or
  - (ii) in the case of an individual, the item is attributable to a fixed place of business in the United States;
- the non-U.S. holder is an individual who holds the common stock as a capital asset and is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of the disposition and does not qualify for an exemption; or
- the non-U.S. holder is subject to tax under the provisions of U.S. tax law applicable to U.S. expatriates.

### Information Reporting and Back up Withholding

A non-corporate U.S. Holder may, under certain circumstances, be subject to information reporting requirements and "backup withholding", currently at a 28% rate, on cash payments in the United States of dividends on, and the proceeds of disposition of, the Shares. Backup withholding will apply only if a U.S. Holder: (a) fails to furnish its social security or other taxpayer identification number ("TIN") within a reasonable time after the request therefore; (b) furnishes an incorrect TIN; (c) is notified by the IRS that it has failed properly to report payments of interest and dividends; or (d) under certain circumstances, fails to certify, under penalty of perjury, that it has furnished a correct TIN and has not been notified by the IRS that it is subject to backup withholding for failure to report interest and dividend payments. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding their qualification for exemption, if applicable. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or credit against such U.S. Holder's federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS.

## Material Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations

#### Non-Residents of Canada

The following portion of the summary is generally applicable to a U.S. Holder. Special rules, which are not discussed in this summary, may apply to a U.S. Holder that is an insurer that carries on an insurance business in Canada and elsewhere.

#### **Disposition of Shares**

Upon the disposition of a Share by a U.S. Holder, the U.S. Holder will not be subject to tax under the Tax Act in respect of any capital gain realized unless the Share disposed of constitutes "taxable Canadian property" of the U.S. Holder and the U.S. Holder is not entitled to relief under an applicable tax treaty or convention. Shares will generally not constitute "taxable Canadian property" of such U.S. Holder unless at any time in the preceding 60 months both of the following statements were true: (a) the U.S. Holder, together with persons with whom the U.S. Holder does not deal at arm's length, held shares and/or rights to acquire shares representing 25% or more of the issued shares of any class of the capital stock of the Company; and (b) more than 50% of the fair market value of the common stock was derived directly or indirectly from one or any combination of (i) real or immovable property situated in Canada, (ii) Canadian resource properties, (iii) timber resource properties, and (iv) options in respect of, or interests in, or for civil law rights in, property described in any of (i) to (iii).

U.S. Holders whose Shares constitute "taxable Canadian property" should consult their own tax advisors for advice having regard to their particular circumstances.

### **Dividends paid on Shares**

Dividends paid, credited or deemed to have been paid or credited on the Shares held by a U.S. Holder will be subject to a Canadian withholding tax under the Tax Act at a rate of 25% of the gross amount of the dividends, subject to reduction by any applicable tax convention. Under the tax convention between Canada and the United States (the "Tax Treaty"), the rate of withholding tax on dividends generally applicable to U.S. Holders who beneficially own the dividends is reduced to 15%. In the case of U.S. Holders that are corporations that beneficially own at least 10% of the Company's voting shares, the rate of withholding tax on dividends generally is reduced to 5%. So-called "fiscally transparent" entities, such as United States limited liability companies, or LLCs, are not entitled to rely on the terms of the Tax Treaty, and therefore do not benefit from these reduced rates, however, reduced rates under the Tax Treaty may apply to members of fiscally transparent entities who would be entitled to rely on the Tax Treaty. Members of such entities are regarded as holding their proportionate share of the Shares held by the entity for the purposes of the Tax Treaty.

### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are registering the common shares issued to the selling stockholders to permit the resale of these common shares by the holders of the common shares from time to time after the date of this prospectus. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale by the selling stockholders of the common shares. Upon any exercise of the warrants by payment of cash, however, we will receive the exercise price of the warrants. We will bear all fees and expenses incident to our registration of the common shares.

The selling stockholders may sell all or a portion of the common shares beneficially owned by them and offered hereby from time to time on any national securities exchange or quotation service on which the common shares may be listed or quoted at the time of sale, in the over-the-counter market or in transactions otherwise than on these exchanges or systems or in the over-the-counter market and in one or more transactions at fixed prices, at prevailing market prices at the time of the sale, at varying prices determined at the time of sale, or at negotiated prices. The selling stockholders may use any one or more of the following methods when selling common shares:

- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;
- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- · privately negotiated transactions;
- settlement of short sales entered into after the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part;
- broker-dealers may agree with the selling stockholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;
- through the writing or settlement of options or other hedging transactions, whether such options are listed on an options exchange or otherwise;
- a combination of any such methods of sale; and
- any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.



The selling stockholders also may resell all or a portion of the common shares in open market transactions in reliance upon Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), as permitted by that rule, or Section 4(a)(1) under the Securities Act, if available, rather than under this prospectus, provided that they meet the criteria and conform to the requirements of those provisions.

In connection with sales of the common shares, the selling stockholders may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions, which may in turn engage in short sales of the common shares in the course of hedging in positions they assume. The selling stockholders may also sell common shares short and if such short sale shall take place after the date that this prospectus is declared effective by the Commission, the selling stockholders may deliver common shares covered by this prospectus to close out short positions and to return borrowed shares in connection with such short sales. The selling stockholders may also loan or pledge common shares to broker-dealers that in turn may sell such shares, to the extent permitted by applicable law. The selling stockholders may also enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions or the creation of one or more derivative securities which require the delivery to such broker-dealer or other financial institution of shares offered by this prospectus, which shares such broker-dealer or other financial institution may resell pursuant to this prospectus (as supplemented or amended to reflect such transaction). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the selling stockholders have been advised that they may not use shares registered on this registration statement to cover short sales of our common stock made prior to the date the registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part, has been declared effective by the SEC.

The selling stockholders may, from time to time, pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the warrants or common shares owned by them and, if they default in the performance of their secured obligations, the pledgees or secured parties may offer and sell the common shares from time to time pursuant to this prospectus or any amendment to this prospectus under Rule 424(b)(3) or other applicable provision of the Securities Act, amending, if necessary, the list of selling stockholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as selling stockholders under this prospectus. The selling stockholders also may transfer and donate the common shares in other circumstances in which case the transferees, donees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling beneficial owners for purposes of this prospectus.

To the extent required, the common shares to be sold, the names of the selling stockholders, the respective purchase prices and public offering prices, the names of any agents, dealer or underwriter, any applicable commissions or discounts with respect to a particular offer will be set forth in an accompanying prospectus supplement or, if appropriate, a post-effective amendment to the registration statement that includes this prospectus.

Under the securities laws of some states, the common shares may be sold in such states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in some states the common shares may not be sold unless such shares have been registered or qualified for sale in such state or an exemption from registration or qualification is available and is complied with.

There can be no assurance that any selling stockholder will sell any or all of the common shares registered pursuant to the registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part.

Each selling stockholder and any other person participating in such distribution will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder, including, without limitation, Regulation M of the Exchange Act, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of any of the common shares by the selling stockholder and any other participating person. Regulation M may also restrict the ability of any person engaged in the distribution of the common shares to engage in market-making activities with respect to the common shares. All of the foregoing may affect the marketability of the common shares and the ability of any person or entity to engage in market-making activities with respect to the common shares.

We will pay all expenses of the registration of the common shares, including, without limitation, Securities and Exchange Commission filing fees and expenses of compliance with state securities or "blue sky" laws reasonably agreed to in writing by us; *provided, however*, that each selling stockholder will pay all underwriting discounts and selling commissions, if any, and any legal expenses incurred by it.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES REGISTERED**

The following is a summary description of the Shares being offered pursuant to this registration statement. You should also refer to our Notice of Articles and Articles, as amended, copies of which are incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Pursuant to our Notice of Articles and Articles, as amended, we are authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares, no par value. Each holder of a Share is entitled to one vote for each common share held on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders. We have not provided for cumulative voting for the election of directors in our Notice of Articles or Articles, as amended. This means that the holders of a majority of the shares voted can elect all of the directors then standing for election. The holders of outstanding our common shares are entitled to receive dividends out of assets legally available at the times and in the amounts that our board of directors may determine from time to time.

Holders of common shares have no preemptive subscription, redemption or conversion rights or other subscription rights. Upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, the holders of common shares are entitled to share in all assets remaining after payment of all liabilities. The rights of the holders of our common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of holders of shares of any preferred stock that we may designate and issue in the future. Each outstanding common share is, and all common shares to be issued in this offering, when they are paid for, will be fully paid and non-assessable.

### **Exchange Controls; Restrictions on Voting or Ownership**

There is currently no law, governmental decree or regulation in Canada that restricts the export or import of capital, or which would affect the remittance of dividends, interest or other payments by us to a non-resident holder of our common shares, other than withholding tax requirements discussed in "Material Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations" above.

There is currently no limitation imposed by the laws of Canada or by our Notice of Articles or Articles on the right of a non-resident to hold or vote our common shares, other than those imposed by the *Investment Canada Act* and the *Competition Act* (Canada). These acts will generally not apply except where control of an existing Canadian business or company, which has Canadian assets or revenue over a certain threshold, is acquired and will not apply to trading generally of securities listed on a stock exchange. A reviewable acquisition may not proceed unless the relevant minister is satisfied that the investment is likely to be of net benefit to Canada.

## INTERESTS OF NAMED EXPERTS AND COUNSEL

No expert or counsel named in this prospectus as having prepared or certified any part of this prospectus or having given an opinion upon the validity of the securities being registered or upon other legal matters in connection with the registration or offering of the common shares was employed for such purpose on a contingency basis, or had, or is to receive, in connection with this offering, a substantial interest, direct or indirect, in us or any of our parents or subsidiaries, nor was any such person connected with us or any of our parents or subsidiaries as a promoter, managing or principal underwriter, voting trustee, director, officer, or employee.

# CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus are "forward-looking statements" and we intend that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors thereby. These statements are based on the current expectations, forecasts, and assumptions of our management and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "estimate," "project," "plan," and other similar words are one way to identify such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this prospectus include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to (1) our anticipated sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents; (2) our anticipated commencement dates, completion dates and results of clinical trials; (3) our efforts to pursue collaborations with the government, industry groups or other companies; (4) our anticipated progress and costs of our clinical and preclinical research and development programs; (5) our corporate and development strategies; (6) our expected results of operations; (7) our anticipated levels of expenditures; (8) our ability to protect our intellectual property; (9) our ability to fully comply with domestic and international governmental regulation; (10) the anticipated applications and efficacy of our drug candidate; (11) the nature and scope of potential markets for our drug candidate; (12) future legal liability; and (13) our ability to attract and retain key employees. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this prospectus that address activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. We include forward-looking statements because we believe that it is important to communicate our expectations to our investors. However, all forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations of future events and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including specifically our need to raise money in the very near term and others, as discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" beginning on page 5 of this prospectus. Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that our expectations will be attained, and we caution you not to place undue reliance on such statements. Readers should carefully review this information as well as the risks and other uncertainties described in other filings we may make after the date of this prospectus with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Our periodic and current reports are available, free of charge, after the material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC and EDGAR at <u>http://www.sec.gov</u> (and will be available for inspection and copying at the SEC's public reference room referred to under the caption "Additional Information" below) and the Canadian securities regulators on SEDAR, at <u>www.sedar.com</u>. The information provided on our website is not part of this prospectus and is therefore not incorporated herein by reference.

# INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY

#### **DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

# **Business Overview**

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("Fennec," the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") is a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of Sodium Thiosulfate ("STS") for the prevention of platinum-induced otoxicity in pediatric cancer patients. We incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act ("CBCA") in September 1996. Effective on August 25, 2011, the Company continued from the Canada Business Corporations Act to the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) (the "Continuance"). The Continuance was approved by the shareholders of Fennec at the Company's June 2011 Annual and Special Meeting and by resolution of the Board of Directors on August 10, 2011. We have three wholly-owned subsidiaries: Oxiquant, Inc. and Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., both Delaware corporations, and Cadherin Biomedical Inc., a Canadian company. With the exception of Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., all subsidiaries are inactive.

On June 8, 2017, the Company completed the closing of a non-brokered private placement (the "Offering") of 1,900,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$7.6 million. Each common share was issued at a price of \$4.00 per share.

On May 16, 2016, the Company completed the closing of a non-brokered private placement (the "Offering") of 2,631,579 common shares for gross proceeds of \$5.0 million to Essetifin, SpA. Each common share was issued at a price of \$1.90 per share.

#### Lead Product Candidate

The following is our only lead product candidate in the clinical stage of development:

*Sodium Thiosulfate (STS)* – a water soluble thiol compound that acts as a chemical reducing agent, recently completed patient enrollment of two Phase III clinical trials for the prevention of cisplatin induced hearing loss, or ototoxicity in children.

We continue to focus efforts on the development of STS.

#### Sodium Thiosulfate (STS)

We have licensed from Oregon Health & Science University ("OHSU") intellectual property rights for the use of STS as a chemoprotectant, and are developing STS as a protectant against the hearing loss often caused by platinum-based anti-cancer agents in children. Preclinical and clinical studies conducted by OHSU and others have indicated that STS can effectively reduce the incidence of hearing loss caused by platinum-based anti-cancer agents. We have received Orphan Drug Designation in the United States of America (the "U.S." or the "United States") for the use of STS in the prevention of platinum-induced ototoxicity in pediatric patients.

Hearing loss among children receiving platinum-based chemotherapy is frequent, permanent and often severely disabling. The incidence of hearing loss in these children depends upon the dose and duration of chemotherapy, and many of these children require lifelong hearing aids. There is currently no established preventive agent for this hearing loss and only expensive, technically difficult and sub-optimal cochlear (inner ear) implants have been shown to provide some benefit. In addition, adults undergoing chemotherapy for several common malignancies, including ovarian cancer, testicular cancer, and particularly head and neck cancer and brain cancer, often receive intensive platinum-based therapy and may experience severe, irreversible hearing loss, particularly in the high frequencies.

Investigators at OHSU have conducted Phase I and Phase II studies which have shown STS reduces the hearing loss associated with platinum-based chemotherapy. In one study at OHSU, the need for hearing aids to correct high frequency hearing loss was reduced from about 50% to less than 5%.

STS has been studied by cooperative groups in two Phase III clinical studies of survival and reduction of ototoxicity, The Clinical Oncology Group Protocol ACCL0431 and SIOPEL 6. The COG ACCL0431 protocol enrolled one of five childhood cancers typically treated with intensive cisplatin therapy for localized and disseminated disease, including newly diagnosed hepatoblastoma, germ cell tumor, osteosarcoma, neuroblastoma, and medulloblastoma. SIOPEL 6 enrolled only hepatoblastoma patients with localized tumors.



# SIOPEL 6

In October 2007, we announced that our collaborative partner, the International Childhood Liver Tumour Strategy Group, known as SIOPEL, a multidisciplinary group of specialists under the umbrella of the International Society of Pediatric Oncology, had launched a randomized Phase III clinical trial ("SIOPEL 6") to investigate whether STS reduces hearing loss in standard risk hepatoblastoma (liver) cancer patients receiving cisplatin as a monotherapy.

The study was initiated in October 2007 initially in the United Kingdom and through the end of 2014, 45 sites from 12 countries enrolled 109 evaluable patients. Under the terms of our agreement, SIOPEL will conduct and fund all clinical activities and we will provide drug, drug distribution and pharmacovigilance, or safety monitoring, for the study. Interim efficacy results on response to chemotherapy are evaluated after every 20 patients and reviewed by the Independent Data Monitoring Committee (the "IDMC"). The IDMC was established to assess any potential concern of an adverse effect of STS on the efficacy of the cisplatin chemotherapy and to review safety according to protocol pre-specified patient numbers. In February 2015, the IDMC recommended the continuation of SIOPEL 6 after conducting their final safety review on 100 patients. Previously, the IDMC reached a similar conclusion after reviewing the safety of 20, 40, 60 and 80 patients and their current recommendation on 100 patients to continue the clinical trial represents the last and final safety review. Patient recruitment has now been completed and the efficacy outcome based on audiometric results will be evaluated on an ongoing basis as each child reaches the age of 3.5 years. Results for the audiology primary end point with a p-value of 0.045 will be tested with final readout of data expected in the fourth quarter of 2017.

The primary objectives of SIOPEL 6 are:

- To assess the efficacy of STS to reduce the hearing impairment caused by cisplatin
- To carefully monitor any potential impact of STS on response to cisplatin and survival

### SIOPEL 6 - Preliminary Results - ASCO 2016

Newly diagnosed patients with standard risk hepatoblastoma were treated with weekly cycles of Cisplatin (Cis) every two weeks, including 4 chemotherapy courses before primary tumor resection and 2 courses after surgery. Patients were randomized to Cisplatin alone (Cis) or Cisplatin and STS(Cis+STS). Cisplatin of 80 mg/m2 was administered intravenously over 6 hours. STS was administered intravenously exactly 6 hours after stop of Cisplatin over 15 minutes at 20 g/m2. Tumor response was assessed after 2 and 4 cycles pre-operative with serum Alpha-fetoprotein ("AFP") and liver imaging. In case of progression after 2 cycles, STS was stopped and doxorubicin 60 mg/m2 continuous infusion over 48 hours added. The primary endpoint is centrally reviewed absolute hearing threshold, at the age of  $\geq$  3.5 years, by pure tone audiometry. The trial has 80% power to detect a reduction in hearing loss defined as Brock grade  $\geq$  1 from 60% of patients with Cisplatin to 35% with Cisplatin plus STS. The interim efficacy results indicate the following: i) that it is safe to deliver Sodium Thiosulfate for otoprotection in standard risk hepatoblastoma treated according to the SIOPEL 6 regimen; ii) there is no evidence of tumor protection and iii) the interim results of the first 68 patients achieving centrally reviewed pure tone audiometry at or above 3.5 years of age were encouraging. Efficacy results at the end treatment for the 109 evaluable patients (52 Cisplatin, 57 Cisplatin plus STS) were complete response/partial response/progressive disease for Cisplatin: 85%/8%/5% and for Cisplatin plus STS: 91%/9%/0%, respectively.

#### RESULTS

109 patients (52 Cis and 57 Cis+STS) were recruited at trial closure in December 2014. The combination of Cis+STS was generally well tolerated. The median follow up is 34 months and provisional two year event free survival ("EFS") is Cis 86.3% and Cis+STS 89.0%; two year overall survival ("OS") is Cis 91.4% and Cis+STS 97.7%. Treatment failure defined as progressive disease ("PD") at 4 cycles was equivalent in both arms (5 Cis; 5 Cis+STS). Status at last follow-up (February 2016), 5 patients had died (4 Cis; 1 Cis+STS).

### COG ACCL0431

In March 2008, we announced the activation of a Phase III trial with STS to prevent hearing loss in children receiving cisplatin-based chemotherapy in collaboration with the Children's Oncology Group ("COG ACCL0431"). The goal of this Phase III study is to evaluate in a multi-centered, randomized trial whether STS is an effective and safe means of preventing hearing loss in children receiving cisplatin-based chemotherapy for newly diagnosed germ cell, liver (hepatoblastoma), brain (medulloblastoma), nerve tissue (neuroblastoma) or bone (osteosarcoma) cancers. Eligible children, one to eighteen years of age, who are to receive cisplatin according to their disease-specific regimen and, upon enrollment in this study, will be randomized, with some receiving STS and others not receiving STS. The efficacy of STS will be determined through comparison of hearing sensitivity at follow-up appointments relative to baseline measurements using standard audiometric techniques. The Children's Oncology Group is responsible for funding the clinical activities for the study and we are responsible for providing the drug, drug distribution and pharmacovigilance, or safety monitoring, for the study. The trial completed enrollment of 131 pediatric patients in the first quarter of 2012. The final results of COG ACCL0431 were published in *Lancet Oncology* in December 2016.

## COG ACCL0431 - Results

COG Study ACCL0431, "A Randomized Phase III Study of Sodium Thiosulfate for the Prevention of Cisplatin-Induced Ototoxicity in Children," finished enrollment of 131 patients, of which 126 were eligible patients in Q1 2012. The patients had been previously diagnosed with childhood cancers.

The primary endpoint was to evaluate the efficacy of STS for prevention of hearing loss in children receiving cisplatin chemotherapy (hypothesis: 50% relative reduction in hearing loss).

Secondary endpoints included:

- Comparing change in mean hearing thresholds
- · Comparing incidence of other Grade 3/4 toxicities (renal and hematological)
- Monitoring Event Free Survival (EFS) and Overall Survival (OS) in two groups

126 eligible subjects were enrolled with germ cell tumor (32), osteosarcoma (30), neuroblastoma (26), medulloblastoma (26), hepatoblastoma (7) or other (5) diseases. Of these, 104 subjects (64 male and 29 <5 years old) were evaluable for the primary endpoint.

Subjects were randomized either to no treatment (control) or treatment with STS 16 grams/m2 IV over 15 minutes, 6 hours after each cisplatin dose. Hearing was measured using standard audiometry for the relevant age and data were reviewed centrally using American Speech-Language-Hearing Association criteria.

The proportion of subjects with hearing loss assessed at 4 weeks post the final cisplatin dose (primary endpoint) and EFS/OS (log-rank test, 2-year cumulative estimates and Cox proportional hazards model) were compared between the two groups.

- The proportion of hearing loss for STS vs. Control was 28.6% (14/49) vs. 56.4% (31/55), respectively (p=0.00022).
- Including all 126 subjects at median post-enrollment follow-up of 3 years for censored patients, EFS for STS vs. Control was 54% vs. 64% (p=0.36); OS was 70% vs. 87% (p=0.07).

A subset analysis by extent of disease determined post hoc was performed:

- For subjects with localized disease, EFS for STS (N=40) vs. Control (N=38) was 60% vs. 66% (p=0.73); Hazard Ratio ("HR") 1.14; OS was 83% vs. 89% (p=0.48); HR 1.09.
- For those with disseminated (metastatic) disease, EFS for STS (N=21) vs. Control (N=26) was 42% vs. 61% (p=0.16); HR 1.80; OS was 45% vs. 84%; HR 4.10.

### COG ACCL0431 - CONCLUSIONS

- STS protects against cisplatin-induced hearing loss in children, especially for those < 5 years old.
- Further research including the final results of SIOPEL 6 study is needed to define the appropriate role for sodium thiosulfate among emerging otoprotection strategies.

## **Intellectual Property**

Patents are important to developing and protecting our competitive position. Our general policy is to seek patent protection in the United States, major European countries, Japan, Canada and other jurisdictions as appropriate for our compounds and methods. U.S. patents, as well as most foreign patents, are generally effective for 20 years from the date the earliest (priority) application was filed; however, U.S. patents that issue on applications filed before June 8, 1995 may be effective until 17 years from the issue date, if that is later than the 20 year date. In some cases, the patent term may be extended to recapture a portion of the term lost during the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") regulatory review or because of U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, or USPTO, delays in prosecuting the application. The duration of foreign patents varies similarly, in accordance with local law.

Currently, we have licensed from Oregon Health and Science University one U.S. and nine foreign patents which expire in Europe in 2021, with an additional 1 patent pending. In addition, periods of marketing exclusivity for STS may also be possible in the United States under orphan drug status and in Europe under European Market Exclusivity for Pediatric Use. We obtained U.S. Orphan Drug Designation for the use of STS in the prevention of platinum-induced ototoxicity in pediatric patients in 2004.



Our success is significantly dependent on our ability to obtain and maintain patent protection for our product candidate, both in the United States and abroad. The patent position of biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies, in general, is highly uncertain and involves complex legal and factual questions, which often results in apparent inconsistencies regarding the breadth of claims allowed and general uncertainty as to their legal interpretation and enforceability. Further, our principal candidate STS, is based on previously known compounds, and the candidates or products that we develop in the future may include or be based on the same or other compounds owned or produced by other parties, some or all of which may not be subject to effective patent protection. In addition, regimens that we may develop for the administration of pharmaceuticals, such as specifications for the frequency, timing and amount of dosages, may not be patentable. Accordingly, our patent applications may not result in patents being issued and issued patents may not afford effective protection. In addition, products or processes that we develop may turn out to be covered by third party patents, in which case we may require a license under such patents if we intend to continue the development of those products or processes.

Our patent position and proprietary rights are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. Please read the "Risk Factors" section of this prospectus for information about certain risks and uncertainties that may affect our patent position and proprietary rights.

We also rely upon unpatented confidential information to remain competitive. We protect such information principally through confidentiality agreements with our employees, consultants, outside scientific collaborators, and other advisers. In the case of our employees, these agreements also provide, in compliance with relevant law, that inventions and other intellectual property conceived by such employees during their employment shall be our exclusive property.

### **Corporate Relationships**

#### License Agreement with Oregon Health & Science University

On February 20, 2013, Fennec entered into a new exclusive license agreement with OHSU for exclusive worldwide license rights to intellectual property directed to STS and its use for chemoprotection, including the prevention of ototoxicity induced by platinum chemotherapy, in humans (the "New OHSU Agreement").

The term of the New OHSU Agreement expires on the date of the last to expire claim(s) covered in the patents licensed to us, unless earlier terminated as provided in the agreement. STS is currently protected by methods of use patents that we exclusively licensed from OHSU that expire in Europe, Canada and Australia in 2021 and are currently pending in the United States and Japan. The New OHSU Agreement is terminable by either Fennec or OHSU in the event of a material breach of the agreement by either party after 45 days prior written notice. Fennec has the right to terminate the New OHSU Agreement at any time upon 60 days prior written notice and payment of all fees due to OHSU under the New OHSU Agreement.

On May 18, 2015, Fennec negotiated an amendment ("Amendment 1") to the exclusive license agreement with Oregon Health & Science University ("OHSU"). Amendment 1 expands the New OHSU Agreement to include the use of N-acetylcysteine as a standalone therapy and/or in combination with Sodium Thiosulfate ("STS") for the prevention of ototoxicity induced by chemotherapeutic agents to treat cancers. Further, Amendment 1 adjusts select milestone payments entered in the OHSU Agreement including but not limited to the royalty rate on net sales for licensed products, royalty rate from sublicensing of the licensed technology and the fee payable upon the regulatory approval of a licensed product. The term of Amendment 1 under the OHSU Agreement expires on the date of the last to expire claim(s) covered in the patents licensed to Fennec or 8 years, whichever is later. In the event a licensed product obtains regulatory approval and is covered by the Orphan Drug Designation, the parties will in good faith amend the term of the agreement.

# Competition

Competition in the biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries is intense. We expect that if our product candidate achieves regulatory approval for sale, it will compete on the basis of drug efficacy, safety, patient convenience, reliability, ease of manufacture, price, marketing, distribution, and patent protection, among other variables. Our competitors may develop technologies or drugs that are more effective, safer or more affordable than any we may develop.

There are a number of different approaches to the development of therapeutics for the treatment of cancer that are currently being used and studied. These approaches include: (i) surgery to excise the cancerous tissue; (ii) radiation therapy, which attacks cancerous cells but does not easily distinguish between healthy and diseased cells; (iii) chemotherapy, which works by preventing a cancerous cell from dividing or by killing cells that quickly divide; (iv) immunotherapy, which stimulates the body's immune system to respond to the disease; and (v) hormone therapy, which may slow the growth of cancer cells or even kill them.



We are aware of a number of companies engaged in the research, development and testing of new cancer therapies or means of increasing the effectiveness of existing therapies, including, among many others, Amgen, AstraZeneca, Bayer, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Eli Lilly, Eisai, Merck KGaA, Novartis, Johnson & Johnson, Pfizer, Roche, Taiho and Sanofi-Aventis. Some of these companies have products that have already received, or are in the process of receiving, regulatory approval or are in later stages of clinical development than our product. Many of them have much greater financial resources than we do. Many of these companies have marketed drugs or are developing targeted cancer therapeutics which, depending upon the mechanism of action of such agents, could be viewed as competitors.

We are not aware of any commercially available agents that reduce the incidence of hearing loss associated with the use of platinum-based anti-cancer agents, for which purpose we are developing STS. There are several potential competitive agents with activity in preclinical or limited clinical settings. These include: D-methionine, an amino acid that has been shown to protect against hearing loss in experimental settings but was demonstrated to be inferior to STS in comparative studies; SPI-3005, an oral agent primarily being developed by Sound Pharmaceuticals for noise and age-related hearing loss but in early Phase II trials for chemotherapy related hearing loss, which mimics glutathione peroxidase and induces the intracellular induction of glutathione; N-acetylcysteine and amifostine, which have shown effectiveness (but less than STS) in experimental systems; and Vitamin E, salicylate and tiopronin, which have all demonstrated moderate activity in rat models to protect against cisplatin-induced ototoxicity, but no clinical trials have been performed. Cochlear implants, which are small electronic devices that are surgically placed in the inner ear to assist with certain types of deafness, are utilized to offer some relief but are often suboptimal.

Many of our existing or potential competitors have substantially greater financial, technical and human resources than we do and may be better equipped to develop, manufacture and market products. In addition, many of these competitors have extensive experience with preclinical testing and human clinical trials and in obtaining regulatory approvals. In addition, many of the smaller companies that compete with us have formed collaborative relationships with large, established companies to support the research, development, clinical trials and commercialization of any products that they may develop. We may rely on third parties to commercialize the products we develop, and our success will depend in large part on the efforts and competitive merit of these collaborative partners. Academic institutions, government agencies and other public and private research organizations may also conduct research, seek patent protection and establish collaborative arrangements for research, clinical development and marketing of products similar to those we seek to develop. These companies and institutions compete with us in recruiting and retaining qualified scientific and management personnel as well as in acquiring technologies complementary to our projects. The existence of competitive products, including products or treatments of which we are not aware, or products or treatments that may be developed in the future, may adversely affect the marketability of any products that we may develop.

## **Government Regulation**

The production and manufacture of our product candidate and our research and development activities are subject to significant regulation for safety, efficacy and quality by various governmental authorities around the world. Before new pharmaceutical products may be sold in the U.S. and other countries, clinical trials of the product must be conducted and the results submitted to appropriate regulatory agencies for approval. Clinical trial programs must establish efficacy, determine an appropriate dose and regimen, and define the conditions for safe use. This is a high-risk process that requires stepwise clinical studies in which the candidate product must successfully meet predetermined endpoints. In the U.S., the results of the preclinical and clinical testing of a product are then submitted to the FDA in the form of a Biologics License Application or a New Drug Application. In response to these submissions, the FDA may grant marketing approval, request additional information or deny the application if it determines the application does not provide an adequate basis for approval. Similar submissions are required by authorities in other jurisdictions who independently assess the product and may reach the same or different conclusions.

The receipt of regulatory approval often takes a number of years, involves the expenditure of substantial resources and depends on a number of factors, including the severity of the disease in question, the availability of alternative treatments and the risks and benefits demonstrated in clinical trials. On occasion, regulatory authorities may require larger or additional studies, leading to unanticipated delay or expense. Even after initial approval from the FDA or other regulatory agencies has been obtained, further clinical trials may be required to provide additional data on safety and effectiveness. Additional trials are required to gain clearance for the use of a product as a treatment for indications other than those initially approved. Furthermore, the FDA and other regulatory agencies require companies to disclose clinical trial results. Failure to disclose such results within applicable time periods could result in penalties, including civil monetary penalties.

In Canada, these activities are subject to regulation by Health Canada's Therapeutic Products Directorate, or TPD, and the rules and regulations promulgated under the Food and Drug Act. In the United States, drugs and biological products are subject to regulation by the FDA. The FDA requires licensing of manufacturing and contract research facilities, carefully controlled research and testing of products and governmental review and approval of results prior to marketing therapeutic products. Additionally, the FDA requires adherence to "Good Laboratory Practices" as well as "Good Clinical Practices" during clinical testing and "Good Manufacturing Practices" and adherence to labeling and supply controls. The systems of new drug approvals in Canada and the United States are substantially similar, and are generally considered to be among the most rigorous in the world.

Generally, the steps required for drug approval in Canada and the United States, specifically in cancer related therapies, include:

- Preclinical Studies: Preclinical studies, also known as non-clinical studies, primarily involve evaluations of pharmacology, toxic effects, pharmacokinetics and metabolism of a drug in animals to provide evidence of the relative safety and bioavailability of the drug prior to its administration to humans in clinical studies. A typical program of preclinical studies takes 18 to 24 months to complete. The results of the preclinical studies as well as information related to the chemistry and comprehensive descriptions of proposed human clinical studies are then submitted as part of the Investigational New Drug, application to the FDA, a Clinical Trial Application to the TPD, or similar submission to other foreign regulatory bodies. This is necessary in Canada, the United States and most other countries prior to undertaking clinical studies. Additional preclinical studies are conducted during clinical development to further characterize the toxic effects of a drug prior to submitting a marketing application.
- Phase I Clinical Trials: Most Phase I clinical trials take approximately one year to complete and are usually conducted on a small number of healthy human subjects to evaluate the drug's safety, tolerability and pharmacokinetics. In some cases, such as cancer indications, Phase I clinical trials are conducted in patients rather than healthy volunteers.
- Phase II Clinical Trials: Phase II clinical trials typically take one to two years to complete and are generally carried out on a relatively small number of patients, generally between 15 and 50, in a specific setting of targeted disease or medical condition, in order to provide an estimate of the drug's effectiveness in that specific setting. This phase also provides additional safety data and serves to identify possible common short-term side effects and risks in a somewhat larger group of patients. Phase II testing frequently relates to a specific disease, such as breast or lung cancer. Some contemporary methods of developing drugs, particularly molecularly targeted therapies, do not require broad testing in specific diseases, and instead permit testing in subsets of patients expressing the particular marker. In some cases, such as cancer indications, the company sponsoring the new drug may submit a marketing application to seek accelerated approval of the drug based on evidence of the drug's effect on a "surrogate endpoint" from Phase II clinical trials. A surrogate endpoint is a laboratory finding or physical sign that may not be a direct measurement of how a patient feels, functions or survives, but is still considered likely to predict therapeutic benefit for the patient. If accelerated approval is received, the company sponsoring the new drug must continue testing to demonstrate that the drug indeed provides therapeutic benefit to the patient.
- Phase III Clinical Trials: Phase III clinical trials typically take two to four years to complete and involve tests on a much larger population of patients suffering from the targeted condition or disease. These studies involve conducting controlled testing and/or uncontrolled testing in an expanded patient population, numbering several hundred to several thousand patients, at separate test sites, known as multi-center trials, to establish clinical safety and effectiveness. These trials also generate information from which the overall benefit-risk relationship relating to the drug can be determined and provide a basis for drug labeling. Phase III trials are generally the most time consuming and expensive part of a clinical trial program. In some instances, governmental authorities, such as the FDA, will allow a single Phase III clinical trial to serve as a pivotal efficacy trial to support a Marketing Application.
- *Marketing Application*: Upon completion of Phase III clinical trials, the pharmaceutical company sponsoring the new drug assembles all the chemistry, preclinical and clinical data and submits it to the TPD or the FDA as part of a New Drug Submission in Canada or a New Drug Application, in the United States. The marketing application is then reviewed by the applicable regulatory body for approval to market the product. The review process generally takes twelve to eighteen months.

Any clinical trials that we conduct may not be successfully completed, either in a satisfactory time period or at all. The typical time periods described above may vary substantially and may be materially longer. In addition, the FDA and its counterparts in other countries have considerable discretion to discontinue trials if they become aware of any significant safety issues or convincing evidence that a therapy is not effective for the indication being tested. It is possible the FDA and its counterparts in other countries may not (i) allow clinical trials to proceed at any time after receiving an Investigational New Drug application, (ii) allow further clinical development phases after authorizing a previous phase, or (iii) approve marketing of a drug after the completion of clinical trials.

While European, U.S. and Canadian regulatory systems require that medical products be safe, effective, and manufactured according to high quality standards, the drug approval process in Europe differs from that in the United States and Canada and may require us to perform additional preclinical or clinical testing regardless of whether FDA or TPD approval has been obtained. The amount of time required to obtain necessary approvals may be longer or shorter than that required for FDA or TPD approval. European Union Regulations and Directives generally classify health care products either as medicinal products, medical devices or in vitro diagnostics. For medicinal products, marketing approval may be sought using either the centralized procedure of the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products, or EMEA, or the decentralized, mutual recognition process. The centralized procedure, which is mandatory for some biotechnology derived products, results in an approval recommendation from the EMEA to all member states, while the European Union mutual recognition process involves country by country approval.

#### Good Clinical Practices

The FDA and other regulatory agencies promulgate regulations and standards, commonly referred to as current Good Clinical Practices for designing, conducting, monitoring, auditing and reporting the results of clinical trials to ensure that the data and results are accurate and that the trial participants are adequately protected. The FDA and other regulatory agencies enforce Good Clinical Practices through periodic inspections of trial sponsors, principal investigators and trial sites. If our study sites fail to comply with applicable Good Clinical Practices, the clinical data generated in our clinical trials may be deemed unreliable and relevant regulatory agencies may require us to perform additional clinical trials before approving our marketing applications.

#### Good Manufacturing Practices

The FDA and other regulatory agencies regulate and inspect equipment, facilities and processes used in the manufacture of pharmaceutical and biological products prior to approving a product. If, after receiving approval from regulatory agencies, a company makes a material change in manufacturing equipment, location or process, additional regulatory review and approval may be required. All facilities and manufacturing techniques that may be used for the manufacture of our products must comply with applicable regulations governing the production of pharmaceutical products known as "Good Manufacturing Practices."

#### Orphan Drug Act

Under the U.S. Orphan Drug Act, the FDA may grant orphan drug designation to drugs intended to treat a "rare disease or condition," which generally is a disease or condition that affects fewer than 200,000 individuals in the U.S. If a product which has an orphan drug designation subsequently receives the first FDA approval for the indication for which it has such designation, the product is entitled to orphan exclusivity, i.e., the FDA may not approve any other applications to market the same drug for the same indication for a period of seven years following marketing approval, except in certain very limited circumstances, such as if the later product is shown to be clinically superior to the orphan product. Legislation similar to the U.S. Orphan Drug Act has been enacted in other countries, including within the European Union.

## Pediatric Marketing Use Authorization ("PUMA")

The PUMA approval is granted by the European Medicines Agency and is intended exclusively for pediatric (patients under 18 years of age) use. PUMA approval is valid in all countries within the European Economic Area. The PUMA process was established to make it more efficient for pharmaceutical companies to market drugs for children. New data for PUMA drugs are protected for 10 years and the applications are, in part, exempt from fees.

#### Other Laws

Our present and future business has been and will continue to be subject to various other laws and regulations. Various laws, regulations and recommendations relating to safe working conditions, laboratory practices, the experimental use of animals, and the purchase, storage, movement, import and export and use and disposal of hazardous or potentially hazardous substances, including radioactive compounds and infectious disease agents, used in connection with our research work are or may be applicable to our activities. Certain agreements entered into by us involving exclusive license rights may be subject to national or supranational antitrust regulatory control, the effect of which cannot be predicted. The extent of government regulation, which might result from future legislation or administrative action, cannot accurately be predicted.

### **Research and Development**

Our research and development efforts have been focused on the development of STS since 2013.

We have established relationships with contract research organizations, universities and other institutions, which we utilize to perform many of the day-to-day activities associated with our drug development. Where possible, we have sought to include leading scientific investigators and advisors to enhance our internal capabilities. Research and development issues are reviewed internally by our executive management and supporting scientific staff.

Research and development expenses totaled \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.



Our product candidate still requires significant, time-consuming and costly research and development, testing and regulatory clearances. In developing our product candidate, we are subject to risks of failure that are inherent in the development of products based on innovative technologies. For example, it is possible that this product will be ineffective or toxic, or will otherwise fail to receive the necessary regulatory clearances. There is a risk that our product candidate will be uneconomical to manufacture or market or will not achieve market acceptance. There is also a risk that third parties may hold proprietary rights that preclude us from marketing our product candidate or that others will market a superior or equivalent product. As a result of these factors, we are unable to accurately estimate the nature, timing and future costs necessary to complete the development of this product candidate. In addition, we are unable to reasonably estimate the period when material net cash inflows could commence from the sale, licensing or commercialization of such product candidate, if ever.

Per Item 101, please include disclosure relating to the Company's plan of operation for the remainder of this fiscal year (e.g. cash requirements, product research and development, changes in number of employees, etc.) and the first six months of the next fiscal year (assuming this Form S-1 is being filed in Q3).

#### Employees

At December 31, 2016, we had three employees (our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Controller). These employees are employed on a full-time basis and there are no part-time employees. The company uses independent contractors to perform certain daily operations of the company.

# **DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY**

We lease office space in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. The current monthly lease payments are approximately \$200 and the lease is terminable with 30 days' notice.

#### LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We may be involved from time to time in ordinary litigation, negotiation and settlement matters. We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation against us or our officers and directors in their capacity as such that could have a material impact on our operations or finances.

#### MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

#### **Market Information**

Our common shares currently trade in the U.S. on the OTCQB Market under the trading symbol "FENCF", and has traded in Canada on the TSX under the trading symbol "FRX" since September 3, 2014. The following table sets forth the quarterly high and low market closing prices, and average daily trading volume on the OTCQB and the TSX, for the periods presented:

	OTC Market: OTCQB (in U.S. dollars)			Stock Exchang nadian dollars)	,		
	High \$		Low \$	Volume	High \$	Low \$	Volume
Fiscal 2017:	 				 	 	
Quarter ended 03/31/17	\$ 3.14	\$	1.95	1,402	\$ 4.10	\$ 2.42	2,543
Fiscal 2015:							
Quarter ended 12/31/16	\$ 2.18	\$	1.64	1,821	\$ 2.85	\$ 2.21	1,576
Quarter ended 09/30/16	2.30		1.85	4,469	3.15	2.41	2,060
Quarter ended 06/30/16	3.05		1.66	1,641	3.85	2.18	6,509
Quarter ended 03/31/16	\$ 2.06	\$	1.13	1,617	\$ 2.85	\$ 1.65	2,453
Fiscal 2015:							
Quarter ended 12/31/15	\$ 2.05	\$	0.29	2,341	\$ 2.91	\$ 1.48	3,465
Quarter ended 09/30/15	2.48		2.01	2,614	3.26	2.65	3,415
Quarter ended 06/30/15	2.57		2.06	2,965	3.24	2.50	2,544
Quarter ended 03/31/15	\$ 2.86	\$	2.00	4,698	\$ 3.55	\$ 2.51	4,598

As of August 1, 2017, the last reported sale of our common shares on the TSX was CAD\$7.65 per share and the last reported sale on the OTCQB was \$5.99 per share.



# **Record Holders**

As of August 1, 2017, there were 61 shareholders of record of our common shares, one of which was Cede & Co., a nominee for Depository Trust Company, or DTC, and one of which was The Canadian Depository for Securities Limited, or CDS. All of our common shares held by brokerage firms, banks and other financial institutions in the U.S. or Canada as nominees for beneficial owners are considered to be held of record by Cede & Co. in respect of brokerage firms, banks and other financial institutions located in Canada. Cede & Co. and CDS are each considered to be one shareholder of record.

## **Dividend Policy**

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common shares. We currently expect to retain future earnings, if any, for use in the operation and expansion of business and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Cautionary Statement**

The discussion below contains forward-looking statements regarding our financial condition and our results of operations that are based upon our annual consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles within the United States, or U.S. GAAP, and applicable U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, regulations for financial information. The preparation of these financial statements requires our management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis. Our estimates are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 5 of this prospectus and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements" on page 23 of this prospectus.

### Overview

The following is our only lead product candidate in the clinical stage of development:

Sodium Thiosulfate (STS) – a water soluble thiol compound that acts as a chemical reducing agent, recently completed patient enrollment of two Phase III clinical trials for the prevention of cisplatin induced hearing loss, or ototoxicity in children.

We continue to focus efforts on the development of STS.

We have licensed from Oregon Health & Science University ("OHSU") intellectual property rights for the use of STS as a chemoprotectant, and are developing STS as a protectant against the hearing loss often caused by platinum-based anti-cancer agents in children. Preclinical and clinical studies conducted by OHSU and others have indicated that STS can effectively reduce the incidence of hearing loss caused by platinum-based anti-cancer agents. We have received Orphan Drug Designation in the United States for the use of STS in the prevention of platinum-induced ototoxicity in pediatric patients.

Hearing loss among children receiving platinum-based chemotherapy is frequent, permanent and often severely disabling. The incidence of hearing loss in these children depends upon the dose and duration of chemotherapy, and many of these children require lifelong hearing aids. There is currently no established preventive agent for this hearing loss and only expensive, technically difficult and sub-optimal cochlear (inner ear) implants have been shown to provide some benefit. In addition, adults undergoing chemotherapy for several common malignancies, including ovarian cancer, testicular cancer, and particularly head and neck cancer and brain cancer, often receive intensive platinum-based therapy and may experience severe, irreversible hearing loss, particularly in the high frequencies.

Investigators at OHSU have conducted Phase I and Phase II studies which have shown STS reduces the hearing loss associated with platinum-based chemotherapy. In one study at OHSU, the need for hearing aids to correct high frequency hearing loss was reduced from about 50% to less than 5%.

Patient enrollment for STS has completed in both COG ACCL0431 and SIOPEL 6, which are both Phase III trials of STS. The preliminary results of COG ACCL0431 were presented in the second quarter of 2014 and the final results were published in Lancet Oncology in December 2016. The preliminary safety and efficacy results on SIOPEL 6 were presented during the second quarter of 2016 at ASCO.



We have not received and do not expect to have significant revenues from our product candidate until we are either able to sell our product candidate after obtaining applicable regulatory approvals or we establish collaborations that provide us with up-front payments, licensing fees, milestone payments, royalties or other revenue. We generated a net loss of \$2.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 and had a non-cash gain on derivative liabilities of \$0.05 million. We generated a net loss of approximately \$0.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 (there was a non-cash gain on the change in derivative liability of \$1.2 million). As of December 31, 2016, our accumulated deficit was approximately \$114.3 million.

As a result of our limited financial resources we have postponed or terminated many of our previously planned or ongoing clinical development programs. We continue to pursue various strategic alternatives, including collaborations with other pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies. As a result, there is uncertainty regarding our ability to continue as a going concern. Our projections of our capital requirements are subject to substantial uncertainty. More capital than we anticipated may be required thereafter. To finance our continuing operations, we will need to raise substantial additional funds through either the sale of additional equity, the issuance of debt, the establishment of collaborations that provide us with funding, the out-license or sale of certain aspects of our intellectual property portfolio or from other sources. Given current economic conditions, we might not be able to raise the necessary capital or such funding may not be available on financially acceptable terms if at all. If we cannot obtain adequate funding in the future, we might be required to further delay, scale back or eliminate certain research and development studies, consider business combinations or even shut down some, or all, of our operations.

Our operating expenses will depend on many factors, including the progress of our drug development efforts and the implementation of further cost reduction measures. Our research and development expenses, which include expenses associated with our clinical trials, drug manufacturing to support clinical programs, salaries for research and development personnel, stock-based compensation, consulting fees, sponsored research costs, toxicology studies, license fees, milestone payments, and other fees and costs related to the development of our product candidate, will depend on the availability of financial resources, the results of our clinical trials and any directives from regulatory agencies, which are difficult to predict. Our general and administration expenses include expenses associated with the compensation of employees, stock-based compensation, professional fees, consulting fees, insurance and other administrative matters associated in support of our drug development programs.

On June 8, 2017 and May 16, 2016, we completed private placements of our common shares for gross proceeds of \$7.6 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, which we plan to use for further development of STS and working capital. We expect that further development of STS will require additional capital beyond the amounts raised in these private placements.

# **Results of Operations**

# Quarter ended March 31, 2017 versus March 31, 2016

In thousands of U.S. Dollars	•	r Ended 31, 2017	%	Quarter Ended March 31, 2016	%	Increase (Decrease)
Revenue	\$	-		\$ -		\$ -
Operating expenses:						
Research and development		225	29%	47	10%	178
General and administration		546	71%	407	90%	139
Total operating expense		771	100%	454	100%	317
Loss from operations		(771)		(454)		(317)
Unrealized (loss)/gain on derivatives		(37)		43		(80)
Other loss		(1)		(9)		8
Interest income and other		3		-		3
Net loss and total comprehensive loss	\$	(806)		\$ (420)		\$ (386)

Research and development expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 were \$0.2 million above the same period in the prior year. This increase relates primarily to drug manufacturing activities and preparations for registration batches upon release of the SIOPEL 6 results expected in late 2017.

General and administrative expenses increased over same period in 2016. There were increases in director and key employee compensation during the quarter ended March 31, 2017 over same quarter in 2016 as the Company made efforts to align our director and key employee compensations to that of companies of similar market capitalizations in similar industries. Travel and regulatory consulting also increased during the quarter ended March 31, 2017 over the same period in 2016 as the company prepares for trial results expected in late 2017. During the quarter ended March 31, 2017, there were also increases in non-cash equity compensation expenses for employees and contractors as compared with the same period in 2016.

The Company recorded an unrealized loss on derivatives of \$37 in the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the same three months ended in 2016 where there was an unrealized gain of \$43. The change results from derivative liabilities on the balance sheet and is associated with a small amount of Canadian dollar denominated options. These option derivatives have been recorded at their fair value as a liability at issuance and will continue to be remeasured at fair value as a liability at each subsequent balance sheet date. Any change in value between reporting periods will be recorded as an unrealized gain/(loss). These options will continue to be reported as a liability until such time as they are exercised or expire. The fair value of these options is estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

# Fiscal 2016 versus Fiscal 2015

In thousands of U.S. Dollars	Fiscal Year Endec December 31, 2010		Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2015	%	Increase (Decrease)
Revenue	\$	-	\$ -	·	\$ -
Operating expenses:					
Research and development	47.	2 16%	256	14%	216
General and administration	2,39	84%	1,634	86%	765
Total operating expense	2,87	100%	1,890	100%	981
Other income	4	3	1,237		(1,189)
Sale of Eniluracil	4	)	-		40
Other loss	(14	4)	(9)		(5)
Interest income and other, net		3	3		5
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,78)	))	\$ (659)		\$ (2,130)

• Research and development expenses were higher in fiscal 2016, as compared to fiscal 2015 primarily due to drug manufacturing activities related to the preparation for registration batches upon release of the study results from SIOPEL 6 in late 2017.

- The \$0.80 million increase in general and administrative expenses are attributed to a rise in compensation to officers, directors and key contract employees. Most of this increase relates to non-cash equity based compensation that was granted and vested during the year. Of the \$0.70 million issued in equity based compensation, \$0.35 million of that relates to expense recognized with extending the expiration dates of existing options issued to executives and directors. The rest relates to increases in remuneration paid to officers and directors as the Company moved to brings its compensation for key individuals in line with industry benchmarks.
- Other income fell by \$1.2 million as a result of the expiration of all remaining derivative warrants carried on the books. The company has a very small number of derivative options outstanding. Changes in the valuation associated with these options are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements for the remaining life of these derivatives. The weighted average term of all remaining derivative liabilities is 1.08 years.
- The Company completed the sale of certain intellectual property, data and other assets related to Eniluracil and Adh-1 technologies and development programs for a gain of \$40.
- Interest income increased slightly in fiscal 2016, as compared to 2015 due to a higher average cash balance for the comparable periods.

The following table presents selected consolidated financial data for each of the last eight quarters through March 31, 2017, as prepared under U.S. GAAP (dollars in thousands, except per share information).

	Period	Net Loss for the Period	Basic Net Loss per Common Share	Diluted Net Loss per Common Share
June 30, 2015		(173)	(0.02)	(0.02)
September 30, 2015		(123)	(0.01)	(0.01)
December 31, 2015		(540)	(0.05)	(0.05)
March 31, 2016		(420)	(0.04)	(0.04)
June 30, 2016		(724)	(0.06)	(0.06)
September 30, 2016		(502)	(0.04)	(0.04)
December 31, 2016		(1,143)	(0.08)	(0.08)
March 31, 2017		(806)	(0.06)	(0.06)

# Liquidity and Capital Resources

U.S. Dollars in thousands Selected Asset and Liability Data:	As a	at March 31, 2017	As at	December 31, 2016
Cash and equivalents	\$	3,251	\$	3,926
Other current assets		37		46
Current liabilities excluding derivative liability		356		369
Derivative warrant liability		71		33
Working capital [current assets – current liabilities excluding derivative liability]		2,932		3,603
Selected Equity:				
Common stock	\$	74,515	\$	74,515
Accumulated deficit		(115,128)		(114,322)
Stockholders' equity		2,861		3,570

Cash and cash equivalents were \$3,251 at March 31, 2017 and \$3,926 at December 31, 2016. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents between March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 relates completely to cash spent on research and development and general and administrative activities. No options or warrants were exercised during the quarter ended March 31, 2017.

The following table illustrates a summary of cash flow data for the three month periods of March 31, 2017 and 2016:

U.S. Dollars in thousands Selected Cash Flow Data	 onths Ended 1 31, 2017	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (675)	\$ (499)
Net cash provided from financing activities	-	-
Net cash provided from investing activities	-	-
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (675)	\$ (499)

Net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$675, as compared to \$499 during the same period in 2016. This increase in cash outlays relates to ongoing STS Phase III trials and STS product development. There was no cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to \$102 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Total decrease in cash and cash equivalents was \$675 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as opposed to a decrease of \$397 over the same period in 2016.

The following table illustrates a summary of cash flow data for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

U.S. Dollars in thousands	Year Ended	Year Ended		
Selected Cash Flow Data	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (2,124)	\$ (1,862)		
Net cash provided from financing activities	5,108	497		
Net cash provided from investing activities	-	-		
Net cash flow	\$ 2,984	\$ (1,365)		
Number of common shares outstanding	13,643	10,940		

The net cash flow used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2016 was approximately \$2.1 million as compared to approximately \$1.9 million in 2015. This increase relates to the commercial development of STS.

On September 5, 2013, we announced that we intended to primarily focus our remaining financial resources on the development of STS. We continue to pursue various strategic alternatives including collaborations with other pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies. Our projections of further capital requirements are subject to substantial uncertainty. Our working capital requirements may fluctuate in future periods depending upon numerous factors, including: our ability to obtain additional financial resources; our ability to enter into collaborations that provide us with up-front payments, milestones or other payments; results of our research and development activities; progress or lack of progress in our preclinical studies or clinical trials; unfavorable toxicology in our clinical programs, our drug substance requirements to support clinical programs; change in the focus, direction, or costs of our research and development programs; headcount expense; the costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining, defending and enforcing our patent claims; competitive and technological advances; the potential need to develop, acquire or license new technologies and products; our business development activities; new regulatory requirements implemented by regulatory authorities; the timing and outcome of any regulatory review process; and commercialization activities, if any.

We had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$3.25 million as of March 31, 2017. Also, on June 8, 2017, we completed a non-brokered private placement of 1,900,000 common shares at a price of \$4.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$7.6 million.

## **Financial Instruments**

We invest excess cash and cash equivalents in high credit quality investments held by financial institutions in accordance with our investment policy designed to protect the principal investment. At December 31, 2016, we had approximately \$0.06 million in our cash accounts and \$3.86 million in our money market accounts. We have not experienced any loss or write down of our money market investments since the inception of the Company.

Our investment policy is to manage investments to achieve, in the order of importance, the financial objectives of preservation of principal, liquidity and return on investment. Investments may be made in U.S. or Canadian obligations and bank securities, commercial paper of U.S. or Canadian industrial companies, utilities, financial institutions and consumer loan companies, and securities of foreign banks provided the obligations are guaranteed or carry ratings appropriate to the policy. Securities must have a minimum Dun & Bradstreet rating of A for bonds or R1 low for commercial paper. The policy also provides for investment limits on concentrations of securities by issuer and maximum-weighted average time to maturity of twelve months. This policy applies to all of our financial resources. The policy risks are primarily the opportunity cost of the conservative nature of the allowable investments. As our main purpose is research and development, we have chosen to avoid investments of a trading or speculative nature.

We classify investments with original maturities at the date of purchase greater than three months which mature at or less than twelve months as current. We carry investments at their fair value with unrealized gains and losses included in other comprehensive income (loss); however we have not held any instruments that were classified as short term investments during the periods presented in this prospectus.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

Since our inception, we have not had any material off-balance sheet arrangements.

### **Contractual Obligations and Commitments**

None.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. These estimates are based on assumptions and judgments that may be affected by commercial, economic and other factors. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

An accounting policy is considered to be critical if it requires an accounting estimate to be made based on assumptions about matters that are highly uncertain at the time the estimate is made, and if different estimates reasonably could have been used, or changes in the accounting estimates that are reasonably likely to occur periodically, could materially impact the financial statements. The following description of critical accounting policies, judgments and estimates should be read in conjunction with our December 31, 2016 consolidated financial statements.

## **Stock-based Compensation**

The calculation of the fair values of our stock-based compensation plans requires estimates that require management's judgments. Under ASC 718, the fair value of each stock option is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The valuation models require assumptions and estimates to determine expected volatility, expected life, expected dividends and expected risk-free interest rates. The expected volatility was determined using historical volatility of our stock based on the contractual life of the award. The risk-free interest rate assumption was based on the yield on zero-coupon U.S. Treasury strips at the award grant date. We also used historical data to estimate forfeiture experience. In valuing options granted in the year ended December 31, 2016 and fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 we used the following weighted average assumptions:

	Year Ended December 31, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015
Expected dividend	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	1.27 – 2.25%	1.89 - 2.02%
Expected volatility	134 – 137%	127 – 153%
Expected life	7 years	7 years

#### **Common stock and warrants**

Common stock is recorded as the net proceeds received on issuance after deducting all share issuance costs and the relative fair value of investor warrants. Warrants are recorded at relative fair value and are deducted from the proceeds of common stock and recorded on the consolidated statements of stockholders' equity as additional paid-in capital.

#### **Derivative Instruments**

The Company applies ASC Topic 815-40, "Derivatives and Hedging" (ASC 815-40). One of the conclusions reached under ASC 815-40 was that an equitylinked financial instrument would not be considered indexed to the entity's own stock if the strike price is denominated in a currency other than the issuer's functional currency. The conclusion reached under ASC 815-40 clarified the accounting treatment for these and certain other financial instruments. ASC 815-40 specifies that a contract will not be treated as a derivative if it meets the following conditions: (a) indexed to the Company's own stock; and (b) classified in stockholders' equity in the Company's statement of financial position. The Company's outstanding warrants denominated in Canadian dollars are not considered to be indexed to its own stock because the exercise price is denominated in Canadian dollars and the Company's functional currency is United States dollars. Therefore, these warrants have been treated as derivative financial instruments and recorded at their fair value as a liability. All other outstanding convertible instruments are considered to be indexed to the Company's stock, because their exercise price is denominated in the same currency as the Company's functional currency, and are included in stockholders' equity.

The Company's derivative instruments include options to purchase 40 common shares, the exercise prices for which are denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency, as follows:

- · Contractor options to purchase 21 common shares exercisable at CAD\$1.89 per whole common share that expire on November 19, 2017;
- Contractor options to purchase 17 common shares exercisable at CAD\$1.62 per whole common share that expire on April 4, 2018;
- Contractor options to purchase 2 common shares exercisable at CAD\$2.43 per whole common share that expire on May 18, 2018.

These options have been recorded at their fair value as a liability at issuance and will continue to be re-measured at fair value as a liability at each subsequent balance sheet date. Any change in value between reporting periods will be recorded as unrealized gain/(loss). These options will continue to be reported as a liability until such time as they are exercised, forfeited or expire. The fair value of these options is estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

<b>Derivative Warrants/Options</b>		Derivative Value at December 31,		Gain on Derivative Instrument at December 31	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Warrants expiring April 30, 2015		-	-	-	411
Warrants expiring March 29, 2016		-	41	41	748
Options (various expiration dates)		33	41	7	78
	Total	33	82	48	1,237

The value of the derivative liability presented on the balance sheet has typically been influenced by changes in the underlying share price of the Company.



## **Outstanding Share Information**

Our outstanding comparative share data at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

Outstanding Share Type	]	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Common shares	-	13,643	10,940
Warrants to purchase common shares		1,383	2,595
Options to purchase common shares		2,427	2,417
	Total	17,453	15,952

#### Newly Adopted and Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15 requiring an entity's management to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued when applicable). The amendments in this update are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, "Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period". The amended guidance requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period should be treated as a performance condition. The amendments are effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-9, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue. This update provides a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires revenue to be recognized in a manner to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which delayed the effective date of the new standard from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2018. The FASB also agreed to allow entities to choose to adopt the standard as of the original effective date. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations, which clarifies the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, which clarifies certain aspects of identifying performance obligations and Licensing implementation guidance. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients related to disclosures of remaining performance obligations, as well as other amendments to guidance on collectability, non-cash consideration and the presentation of sales and other similar taxes collected from customers. These standards have the same effective date and transition date of January 1, 2018. The new revenue standard allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective application. We are currently evaluating the timing of its adoption, the transition method to apply and the impact that this guidance will have on our financial statements and related disclosures.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, *Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes*, which simplifies the financial statement presentation of deferred income taxes by requiring that deferred income tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent within a classified statement of financial position. Adoption and implementation of the guidance is not required by the Company until issuance of fiscal 2018 first quarter financial statements. The Company does not believe adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on its financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which amends the accounting guidance related to leases. These changes, which are designed to increase transparency and comparability among organizations for both lessees and lessors, include, among other things, requiring recognition of lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Adoption and implementation of the guidance is not required by the Company until the beginning of fiscal 2020, although early adoption is permitted. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.



In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which amends the accounting for share-based payment transactions. These changes, which are designed for simplification, involve several aspects of the accounting for share-based transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Adoption and implementation of the guidance is not required by the Company until the beginning of fiscal 2018, although early adoption is permitted. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

# QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a Smaller Reporting Company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and in Item 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K, we are electing scaled disclosure reporting obligations and therefore are not required to provide the information requested by this Item.

# DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table sets forth the name of each of our executive officers and directors, such person's principal occupation or employment, all other positions with the Company and any significant affiliate thereof now held by such person, if any, the year in which such person became a director of the Company and such person's age.

The Company has an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee, and a Governance Committee. The current members of such committees are noted below:

Name and Province/State and Country of Residence, Position	Current Principal Occupation and Principal Occupation For Previous Five Years	Director Since	Age
Robert Andrade, Texas USA Chief Financial Officer	CFO of Fennec Pharmaceuticals; previously senior analyst Magnetar Capital; previously Portfolio Manager Millennium Partners	N/A	42
Chris A. Rallis, North Carolina, USA Director <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Executive in-residence at Pappas Ventures; previously, CEO of ImmunoBiosciences	August 2011	63
	CEO of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.; Co-Founder and Manager, DCML LLC; previously Portfolio Manager Alchem Partners; previously Portfolio Manager John Levin & Company	July 2009	41
Marco Brughera, Milano, Italy Director <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	CEO Sigma-Tau Rare Diseases Limited; President of Sigma-Tau Pharmaceuticals; previously Vice President of Preclinical Development at Nerviano Medical Science.	August, 2016	62
Steven D. Skolsky, North Carolina USA Director <sup>(4)</sup>	Senior Vice President, Global Head-Clinical Site Management at Quintiles; previously CEO of Sequoia Pharmaceuticals; previously CEO of Trimeris, Inc.	August 2011	61
Adrian J. Haigh, Dublin, Ireland Director <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	Senior Vice President and General Manager of EMEA Region at PTC Therapeutics; previously Chief Operating Officer, Gentium GmbH; previously Regional VP Commercial Operations, Biogen Idec	April 2014	58
Khalid Islam, Zug, Switzerland Chairman of Board, Director <sup>(1)(2)</sup> (3)	Founder/co-founder Sirius Healthcare Partners GMbH; previously Chairman and CEO of Gentium S.p.A.; previously CEO of Arpida AG	April 2014	62

(1) Member of the Audit Committee

(2) Member of the Compensation Committee

(3) Member of the Governance Committee

(4) Member did not stand for re-election to the board at June 8, 2016 Annual Shareholder Meeting

Robert Andrade

Mr. Andrade has served as Chief Financial Officer since November 2015. Mr. Andrade was previously Chief Financial Officer and Director of Fennec from September 2009 until August 2013. Between August 2013 and September 2014, Robert Andrade was a senior analyst at Magnetar Capital. In addition to his role with Fennec, Mr. Andrade was a portfolio manager for Millennium Partners and a senior analyst at Caxton Associates. Mr. Andrade graduated from University of Southern California, where he earned a Masters of Arts degree and Bachelor of Arts degree in economics.

### Chris A. Rallis

Mr. Chris A. Rallis has served as a director of Fennec since August 2011. Mr. Rallis has been an executive-in-residence at Pappas Ventures, a life science venture capital firm since January 2008. Previously, Mr. Rallis was the President and Chief Executive Officer of ImmunoBiosciences, Inc. ("IBI"), a vaccine technology company formerly located in Raleigh, North Carolina from April 2006 through June 2007. Prior to joining IBI, Mr. Rallis served as an executive in residence (part time) for Pappas Ventures, and as a consultant for Duke University and Panacos Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Mr. Rallis is the former President and Chief Operating Officer and director of Triangle Pharmaceuticals, Inc., which was acquired by Gilead Sciences in January 2003 for approximately \$465 million. Prior to assuming the role of President and COO in March 2000, he was Executive Vice President, Business Development and General Counsel. While at Triangle, Mr. Rallis participated in 11 equity financings generating gross proceeds of approximately \$500 million. He was also primarily responsible for all business development activities which included a worldwide alliance with Abbott Laboratories and the in-licensing of ten compounds. Before joining Triangle in 1995, Mr. Rallis served in various business development and legal management roles with Burroughs Wellcome Co. over a 13-year period, including Vice President of Strategic Planning and Business Development. Mr. Rallis also serves on the boards of Aeolus Pharmaceuticals, a biopharmaceutical company located in Mission Viejo, California and Tenax Therapeutics, Inc., a biopharmaceutical company located in Mission Viejo, California and Tenax Therapeutics, Inc., a biopharmaceutical company located in these and other professional experiences, Mr. Rallis possesses particular healthcare industry knowledge and experience which strengthens the Board's collective qualifications, skills, and experience.

#### Rostislav Raykov

Mr. Raykov has served as a director of Fennec since July 2009 and as Chief Executive Officer since July 2009. Since May 2007, Mr. Raykov has also been a General Partner at DCML, a private investment partnership. Prior to DCML, from January 2006 to December 2007, Mr. Raykov was a portfolio manager for Alchem Investment Partners and John Levin & Co. Prior to founding Alchem, Mr. Raykov was a portfolio manager and securities analyst for John A. Levin & Co. Event Driven Fund (2002-2005). Prior to joining John A. Levin & Co., Mr. Raykov was a securities analyst for the Merger Fund at Tiedemann Investment Group (1999-2002) and an investment banking analyst at Bear Stearns (1998-1999). Mr. Raykov earned a B.S. in Business Administration from the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. As a result of these and other professional experiences, Mr. Raykov has financial expertise and experience with the Company as it has developed within the drug development industry and, as such, is able to provide the Company with unique insight and guidance.

#### Marco Brughera

Since January 2011, Dr. Brughera has held several positions for the Sigma-Tau Group, including CEO and Global Head of Sigma Tau Rare Disease, President of Sigma-Tau Research and President of Sigma-Tau Pharmaceuticals. He drove the commercial revival of a lead oncology product line resulting in its successful sale for a total of around \$900M. He also successfully out-licensed the Defibrotide US rights to Jazz Pharmaceuticals. From 2004 to 2010, Dr. Brughera served as the Vice President of Preclinical Development at Nerviano Medical Sciences (NMS), a pharmaceutical oncology-focused integrated discovery and development company. He also served as the Managing Director at Accelera, an independent contract research organization with the NMS Group. From 1999 to 2004, Dr. Brughera held several senior level positions in the areas of research and development with Pharmacia and Pfizer. Prior to 1999, he held various positions at Pharmacia & Upjohn and Farmitalia Carlo Erba SpA, an Italian pharmaceutical company. He currently serves on the Board of Solgenix and Lee's Pharmaceutical and until early 2014 was a member of the Board of Gentium SpA. Dr. Brughera earned his degree in veterinary medicine from the University of Milan and is a European Registered Toxicologist. As a result of these and other professional experiences, Dr. Brughera has experience within the drug development industry and, as such, is able to provide the Company with unique insight and guidance.

#### Steven D. Skolsky

Mr. Steven Skolsky is senior vice president and global head of Site Management at Quintiles since October 2011. In this role, Mr. Skolsky leads a group of more than 5,000 employees globally who are at the core of the company's Clinical Development organization - monitoring clinical conduct at research sites as well as collecting and managing data from patients in clinical trials around the world. Site Management is responsible for deepening and enhancing Quintiles' relationships with investigators within a site-centric operating model. This team is also responsible for the clinical execution of projects via the Clinical Monitoring and Clinical Leadership teams. Site Management will focus on implementing a comprehensive site management strategy to accelerate site start-up, optimize recruitment from Quintiles sites and maintain delivery of projects. Before joining Quintiles, Mr. Skolsky held the posts of president and CEO of Sequoia Pharmaceuticals and CEO of Trimeris, Inc. These positions followed approximately 20 years at GlaxoSmithKline (GSK) in a range of senior leadership roles, including senior vice president of Global Clinical Development and Product Strategy and managing director of GSK's operations in Australia and New Zealand. He is a current Board Director for Basilea Pharmaceutica. Mr. Skolsky possesses particular healthcare industry knowledge and experience which strengthens the Board's collective qualifications, skills, and experience.

## Adrian J. Haigh

Mr. Adrian Haigh has been Senior Vice President and General Manager of EMEA Region at PTC Therapeutics, Inc. since September 2014. Previously Mr. Haigh served as Senior Vice President, Commercial Operations and Chief Operating Officer of Gentium GmbH since March 2011. Prior to joining Gentium, Mr. Haigh served as Regional Vice President, Commercial Operations at Biogen Idec where he managed several affiliates and also the global distributor business and prior to that was the General Manager Amgen Nordis and Portugal. He served as the Executive Vice President of Global Marketing and Corporate Planning at EUSA Pharma and joined EUSA from Amgen where he led the international oncology franchise. Mr. Haigh previously has held senior commercial and marketing positions at SmithKline Beecham, Schering Plough, Organon and Novo Nordisk. He has been a Director of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. since April 28, 2014 and a Director at Arch Biopartners Inc. since August 21, 2014. He received a Bachelor of Arts with Honors in Economic History from Huddersfield Polytechnic, West Yorkshire, England and a Diploma in Marketing from the Institute of Marketing. As a result of these and other professional experiences, Mr. Haigh has extensive international oncology development expertise which strengthens the Board's collective qualifications, skills and experience.

#### Dr. Khalid Islam

Dr. Khalid Islam was the Chairman and CEO of Gentium S.p.A. (a Nasdaq-listed company; 2009-2014) where he led the transition from a loss-making to a cash-flow positive and profitable company. Under his leadership, the company value increased from US\$25 million leading to a successful all cash US\$1 billion merger with Jazz Pharmaceuticals, plc. From 2014 through to present, Dr. Islam has served on the boards of various companies listed below. From 1999-2008, Dr. Islam was President and CEO of Arpida AG where he transitioned the early-stage start-up to a SWX-listed company and raised US\$300 million in the IPO and follow-ons. From 1987-1999, he held various positions in HMR & MMD (now Sanofi-Aventis). From 1977-1987, Dr. Islam worked in academia at Imperial College (Univ. of London) and in Milan University, where he was a contract professor. Dr. Islam is a graduate of Chelsea College and received his Ph.D. from Imperial College, University of London. He holds several patents and has published over 80 articles in leading journals. He is an advisor to the venture group Kurma Biofund (Paris). He is a founder/co-founder of Sirius Healthcare Partners GmbH (Zurich), PrevAbr LLC (D.C.), BioAim LLC (L.A.) & Life Sciences Management GmbH (Zug). Dr. Islam is Board Chair at Minoryx Therapeutics (Spain). He serves on the board of Karolinska Development (Sweden), MolMed S.p.A. (Italy) and Immunomedics Inc. (IMMU) all of which are traded publicly, and the private company OxThera (Sweden). In the past, he has served as Chairman of the Board of Directors of Pcovery Aps (Copenhagen), Adenium Aps (Copenhagen) and C10 Pharma AS (Oslo). As a result of these and other professional experiences, Dr. Islam has experience within the drug development industry and, as such, is able to provide the Company with unique insight and guidance.

#### EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

#### **Summary Compensation Table**

The following table sets out certain information respecting the compensation paid to our Executive Officers, for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 to our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer.

				Jption Awards	
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Total (\$)
Rostislav Raykov, CEO	2016	215,000	-	156,885	371,885
	2015	180,000	-	-	180,000
Robert Andrade, CFO	2016	177,500	-	268,933	446,433
	2015	110,791	-	-	110,791

(1) Represents the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. Dollar value amounts are based on individual grants to each of Mr. Raykov and Mr. Andrade of 150,000 and 75,000 options, respectively, on July 5, 2016, at an exercise price of \$2.45 per common share, respectively, and will expire on July 5, 2023, respectively. One-third of these options vested on the grant date and are exercisable one year after the grant date (the "Vesting Commencement Date"). The remaining two-thirds of the options shall vest monthly at a rate of 1/24<sup>th</sup> of the remaining grant and shall be exercisable as of the last day of each following month after the Vesting Commencement Date. As of the third anniversary of the grant date, all of the options shall be vested.

## Rostislav Raykov

Mr. Raykov has been employed by the Company since July 2009. Pursuant to an employment agreement dated May 3, 2010 between Mr. Raykov and the Company, Mr. Raykov is employed as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and: (a) received an initial annual salary in the amount of \$140,000, subject to annual adjustment by our Board of Directors, (b) upon approval by shareholders of our amended stock option plan was granted options to purchase up to 5.0% of our common stock estimated by us to be outstanding upon completion of the 2010 Rights Offering, and (c) may receive annual bonuses at the sole discretion of the Board. If Mr. Raykov's employment terminates due to a change of control of the Company, Mr. Raykov's remaining unvested options shall immediately vest and be fully exercisable. If Mr. Raykov is dismissed from employment by us for any reason other than "for cause," we are obligated to pay Mr. Raykov severance compensation equal to twelve months of salary. The initial term of the agreement was for one year and the agreement automatically extends for additional one-year periods unless terminated by either party in accordance with the agreement.

#### Robert Andrade

Mr. Andrade has been employed by the Company since November 2015. Mr. Andrade is employed as the Company's Chief Financial Officer. Pursuant to an employment agreement dated November 13, 2015, Mr. Andrade (a) receives an initial annual salary in the amount of \$165,000, and (b) may receive annual bonuses at the sole discretion of the Board. In addition, conditioned upon the approval of the Company's shareholders, the Company will extend Mr. Andrade's existing options to their original expiry date of seven years from issuance. If Mr. Andrade's employment terminates due to a change of control of the Company, Mr. Andrade's remaining unvested options shall immediately vest and be fully exercisable. If Mr. Andrade is dismissed from employment by us for any reason other than "for cause," we are obligated to pay Mr. Andrade severance compensation equal to six months of salary.

In addition to their employment agreements, Mr. Raykov and Mr. Andrade are a party to a confidentiality and intellectual property agreement with the Company.

In the employment agreements for each of Mr. Andrade and Mr. Raykov, "for cause" is generally defined as (1) material breach of the terms of the employment or intellectual property agreements; (2) failure to perform the duties inherent in the employee's position in good faith and in a reasonable and appropriate manner; or (3) acts of fraud or embezzlement or other intentional misconduct which adversely affects the Company's business.

#### **Equity Grants, Exercises and Holdings**

The following table sets forth information concerning the number and value of unexercised options held by each Named Executive Officer as of December 31, 2016. All executive awards, with the exception of those expiring 07/05/2023, vest and are exercisable immediately. The current Stock Option Plan provides for grants denominated in US and CAD dollars.

Number of Options					
Name	Granted	Exercisable	Option Exercise Price		Expiration Date
Rostislav Raykov	150,000	-	USD\$	2.45	07/05/2023
	25,000	25,000	USD\$	2.69	12/31/2021
	83,333	83,333	USD\$	1.59	01/24/2021
	16,666	16,666	USD\$	0.72	08/23/2020
	50,000	50,000	USD\$	1.05	11/20/2019
	17,050	17,050	CAD\$	1.89	08/18/2018
	323,961	323,961	CAD\$	2.43	08/18/2018
Robert Andrade	75,000	-	USD\$	2.45	07/05/2023
	17,050	17,050	CAD\$	1.89	08/18/2018
	323,961	323,961	CAD\$	2.43	08/18/2018

### **Termination Benefits**

In the event of his termination with us other than for cause, we will be obligated to pay Mr. Raykov a one-time severance payment of \$250,000. In the event of his termination with us other than for cause, we will be obligated to pay Mr. Andrade a one-time severance payment of \$95,000.

### **Compensation of Directors**

### **Director Compensation Table**

The following table summarizes the compensation earned by the Company's non-executive directors for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Fees paid in							
Name	Cash	Stock Awards	Option Awards <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Total			
	100.000		10 10 1	146 404			
Dr. Islam	100,000	-	46,484	146,484			
Mr. Brughera	5,000	-	70,740	75,740			
Mr. Haigh	27,500	-	23,242	50,742			
Mr. Rallis	33,750	-	32,538	66,288			
Mr. Skolsky	10,000	-	9,296	19,296			
	Total <b>\$ 176.250</b>	<del>s</del> -	\$ 182,300	\$ 358,550			

(1) Represents the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718.

(2) Detail of grants are presented in the following table:

I	Name	Date of Grant	Number of Options Granted	Option Exercise Price \$USD
Mr. Rallis		June 6, 2016	14,344	2.44
Mr. Skolsky		June 6, 2016	4,098	2.44
Dr. Islam		June 6, 2016	20,492	2.44
Mr. Haigh		June 6, 2016	10,246	2.44
Mr. Brughera		December 30, 2016	35,545	2.11
	Total		84,725	

The annual compensation considerations for non-executive directors also include the awarding of stock options. We believe that granting of options to the non-executive directors serves three primary purposes: (1) to recognize the significant time and effort commitments during the past year; (2) to provide long-term incentives for future efforts since the value of the options is directly dependent on the market valuation of the Company; and (3) to retain quality individuals. When determining whether and how many new option grants will be made, the Compensation Committee takes into account the amount and terms of any outstanding options. the Company does not require its non-executive directors to own a specific amount of common stock.

Each of Chris A. Rallis and Steven D. Skolsky has entered into an Independent Director Agreement with the Company, dated as of August 25, 2011, which provides for (i) cash compensation in the form of \$2,500 per board meeting attended, and (ii) non-cash compensation in the form of a grant of options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock having an aggregate value equal to \$5,000 (with price per share and exercise price based on the value of the Company's common stock as of the date of grant) per board meeting attended. The options immediately vest when granted and are otherwise subject to the terms and conditions of the Company's Stock Option Plan, as amended. The Independent Director Agreements also provide for the reimbursement of such director's reasonable travel and related expenses incurred in the course of attending board meetings.

# SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

# Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners

The following table sets forth information regarding shares of our common stock beneficially owned as of August 1, 2017 by: (i) each of our officers and directors; (ii) all officers and directors as a group; and (iii) each person known by us to beneficially own five percent or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock. Except as indicated below, the security holders listed possess sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares beneficially owned by that person. Except as otherwise indicated below, the address for each listed shareholder is c/o Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc., 68 TW Alexander Drive, PO Box 13628, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709.



Common Stock	Common Stock Options Exercisable Within 60 Days	Common Stock Purchase Warrants Exercisable Within 60 Days	Total Stock and Stock Based Holdings <sup>(1)</sup>	% Ownership <sup>(1)</sup>
-	173,579	-	173,579	1.09%
-	238,825	-	233,825	1.50%
-	466,011	-	466,011	2.89%
-	55,545	-	55,545	0.35%
-	131,850	-	131,850	0.83%
40,740	766,010	-	806,750	4.91%
40,740	1,831,820	-	1,872,560	10.72%
3,997,214	-	-	3,997,214	25.49%
2,931,579	-	-	2,931,579	18.70%
808,365	-	104,166	912,531	5.78%
1,530,588	-	999,999	2,530,587	15.68%
	Stock	Options           Exercisable           Exercisable           Within 60 Days           Stock         173,579           Common         238,825           Common         173,579           Common         173,579           Common         173,579           Common         173,579           Common         173,579           Common         173,579           Common         1831,820           Common         183,937,214           Stable         1808,365	Options         Warrants           Common         Options         Warrants           Exercisable         Within 60 Days         Within 60 Days           Stock         173,579         Common           -         238,825         Common           238,825         2000         Common           -         466,011         Common           -         55,545         Common           40,740         766,010         Common           3,997,214         1,831,820         Common           2,931,579         Common         Common           808,365         Common         104,166	Common Options Exercisable Within 60 DaysPurchase Warrants Exercisable Within 60 DaysTotal Stock and Stock Based Holdings(1)Stock173,57911-173,579233,825-238,825233,825-466,011466,011-55,545360-131,850318,82040,740766,010806,75040,7401,831,8203,997,2143,997,214-3,997,2142,931,5793,912,5453,912,545808,3653,912,5453,912,545

(1) For purposes of this table "beneficial ownership" is determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to which a person or group of persons is deemed to have "beneficial ownership" of any shares of common stock that such person or group has the right to acquire within 60 days after August 1, 2017. For purposes of computing the percentage of outstanding shares of common stock held by each person or group of persons named above, any shares that such person or group has the right to acquire within 60 days after August 1, 2017 are deemed outstanding but are not deemed to be outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage ownership of any other person or group. As of August 1, 2017, there were 15,680,663 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding.

(2) Southpoint Capital Advisors, LP, 623 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2503, New York, New York 10022. John S. Clark, II holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Southpoint Capital Advisors, LP.

(3) Essetifin SpA, Via Sudafrica 20, Rome, Italy 00144. Mario Altali holds dispositive power over the shares owned by Essetifin SpA.

(4) 683 Capital Management, LLC, 595 Madison Avenue, 17th Floor, New York, New York 10025. Ari Zweiman holds dispositive power over the shares owned by 683 Capital Management LLC.

(5) Manchester Management Company, LLC, 131 Charles Street, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Boston Massachusetts 02114. Includes 1,645,372 shares owned by Manchester Explorer, L.P. and 525,883 shares owned by JEB Partners, L.P. Manchester Management holds dispositive power over the shares held by Manchester Explorer, L.P. and JEB Partners, L.P. James Besser and Morgan Frank hold shared dispositive power over the shares held by Manchester Management Company, LLC. Additionally, James Besser owns 192,666 shares for which he has sole dispositive power and Morgan Frank owns 166,666 shares for which he has sole dispositive power.

# CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

#### **Related Party Transactions**

There were no related party transactions during the year ended December 31, 2016.

Except for the foregoing, there were no related party transactions in the last two years that were required to be reported under Item 404(d) of Regulation S-K.

### **Director Independence**

The Board of Directors is composed of a majority of independent directors. The Board applies the definition of independence found in the rules of the SEC and in Canadian National Instrument 58-101 and National Policy 58-201. The Board has determined that Mr. Brughera, Haigh, Islam, Rallis and Skolsky are "independent." Mr. Raykov, Chief Executive Officer of the Company is considered to have a material relationship with the Company by virtue of his executive officer position and is therefore not independent. We are of the view that the composition of our Board reflects a diversity of background and experience that are important for effective corporate governance. Other directorships held by Board members are described in this Prospectus under the heading "Directors and Executive Officers."

#### LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the shares of common shares have been passed upon for us by the law firm of LaBarge Weinstein LLP, Ottawa, Ontario. LaBarge Weinstein LLP has not received a direct or indirect interest in our company or has ever been a promoter, underwriter, voting trustee, director, officer or employee of our company. Nor does LaBarge Weinstein LLP have any contingency based agreement with us or any other interest in or connection to us.

#### EXPERTS

The 2016 and 2015 consolidated financial statements included in this prospectus have been audited by Deloitte LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein and elsewhere in the Registration Statement (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes an explanatory paragraph relating to the conditions and events that raise substantial doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Such consolidated financial statements have been so included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

## **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company incurred a loss from operations of \$2,871,000 during the year ended December 31, 2016 and still has not earned any revenue in its history. At December 31, 2016, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$114,322,000 and had experienced negative cash flows from operating activities in the amount of \$2,124,000. These circumstances raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Managements' plans concerning these matters are discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Deloitte LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants Ottawa, Canada March 29, 2017

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands)

	Dee	cember 31, 2016	De	cember 31, 2015
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,926	\$	942
Prepaid expenses		43		76
Other current assets		3		1
Total assets	\$	3,972	\$	1,019
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	244	\$	297
Accrued liabilities	Ŷ	125	Ŷ	92
Derivative instruments (Note 5)		33		82
Total current liabilities		402		471
Total liabilities		402		471
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 9)				
Shareholders' equity:				
Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 13,643 shares issued and outstanding (2015-10,940)		74,515		69,401
Additional paid-in capital		42,134		41,437
Accumulated deficit		(114,322)		(111,533)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,243		1,243
Total shareholders' equity		3,570		548
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	3,972	\$	1,019

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Year	Ended
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Revenue	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	472	256
General and administrative	2,399	1,634
Loss from operations	(2,871)	(1,890)
Other income/(expense):		
Unrealized gain on derivatives (Note 5)	48	1,237
Sale of Eniluracil (Note 8)	40	-
Other loss	(14)	) (9)
Net interest income	8	3
Total other income, net	82	1,231
Net loss	\$ (2,789)	) <u>\$ (659</u> )
Loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.22)	) \$ (0.06)
-	<u>`</u>	<u> </u>
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, basic (Note 3)	12,765	10,827

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands)

	Year H December 31, 2016	Ended December 31, 2015
Cash flows (used in) provided by:		
Operating activities:		
	\$ (2,789)	\$ (659)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:		
Unrealized gain on derivatives	(48)	(1,237)
Stock-based compensation - consultants	88	-
Stock-based compensation - employees	615	97
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	33	(28)
Other assets	(2)	16
Accounts payable	(54)	(11)
Accrued liabilities	33	(40)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,124)	(1,862)
Investing activity:		
Net cash used in investing activity		
Financing activities:		
Issuance of shares, net of issuance costs	5,000	-
Issuance of shares, options exercise	6	48
Issuance of shares, warrants exercise	102	449
Net cash provided by financing activities	5,108	497
Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	-	-
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,984	(1,365)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year	942	2,307
	\$ 3,926	\$ 942

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands)

	Common Stock			Accumulated dditional Other Paid-in Comprehensive		Accumulated		Total Stockholders'			
	Number (Note 7)	A	mount	(	Capital		Income		Deficit	Ε	quity
Balance at December 31, 2014	10,593	\$	68,656	\$	41,588	\$	1,243	\$	(110,874)	\$	613
Stock options issued to employees	-		-		97		-		-		97
Exercise of stock options	47		82		(34)		-		-		48
Exercise of warrants	300		663		(214)		-		-		449
Net loss	-		-		-		-		(659)		(659)
Balance at December 31, 2015	10,940		69,401		41,437		1,243		(111,533)		548
Stock options issued to consultants	-		-		16		-		-		16
Stock options issued to employees	-		-		615		-		-		615
Warrants issued to consultants	-		-		72		-		-		72
Exercise of stock options	4		6		-		-		-		6
Exercise of warrants	67		108		(6)		-		-		102
Rights offering	2,632		5,000		-		-		-		5,000
Net loss	-		-		-		-		(2,789)		(2,789)
Balance at December 31, 2016	13,643	\$	74,515	\$	42,134	\$	1,243	\$	(114,322)	\$	3,570

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

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## Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

## 1. Nature of Business and Going Concern

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("Fennec") was originally formed as a British Columbia corporation under the name Adherex Technologies Inc. and subsequently changed its name on September 3, 2014. Fennec, together with its wholly owned subsidiaries Oxiquant, Inc. ("Oxiquant") and Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., both Delaware corporations, and Cadherin Biomedical Inc. ("CBI"), a Canadian corporation, collectively referred to herein as the "Company," is a biopharmaceutical company with a product candidate under development for use in the treatment of cancer. With the exception of Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., all subsidiaries are inactive.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP") that are applicable to a going concern which contemplates that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

During the year ended December 31, 2016 the Company incurred a net loss from operations of \$2,871 and still has not earned any revenue in its history. At December 31, 2016, it had an accumulated deficit of \$114,322 and had experienced negative cash flows from operating activities in the amount of \$2,124.

These circumstances raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the issue date of these consolidated financial statements, and substantial doubt as to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due and, accordingly, the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern may not be appropriate. The Company is actively seeking to obtain additional funding in the future in order to finance the Company's business strategy, operations and growth through the issuance of equity, debt or collaboration. If we fail to arrange for sufficient capital on a timely basis, we may be required to curtail our business activities until we can obtain adequate financing.

These financial statements do not reflect the potentially material adjustments in the carrying values of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses, and the balance sheet classifications used, that would be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate.

# **Prior-period adjustment**

Common Stock at December 31, 2015 has been increased by \$248 and Additional Paid-in Capital has been decreased by the same amount, to retrospectively correct balance sheet amounts with respect to an immaterial noncash error related to the exercise of warrants and stock options. This error was the result of not moving the value in Additional Paid-in Capital to Common Stock when the warrants and stock options were exercised. This adjustment does not impact anything other than the allocation between Common Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital and has no effect on our loss per share disclosures.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

# **Basis of presentation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Fennec and of all its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated upon consolidation.

# Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that impact the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the valuation of derivative warrant liability and the valuation of stock based compensation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.



### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with original maturities at the date of purchase of three months or less.

The Company places its cash and cash equivalents in investments held by highly rated financial institutions in accordance with its investment policy designed to protect the principal investment. At December 31, 2016, the Company had \$3,926 in cash and money market accounts (2015- \$942). Money market investments typically have minimal risks. The Company has not experienced any loss or write-down of its money market investments.

### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments recognized on the balance sheets at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and derivative instruments, the carrying values of which, with the exception of the derivative instruments, approximate fair value due to their relatively short time to maturity. The Company does not hold or issue financial instruments for trading. The derivative liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Company's investment policy is to manage investments to achieve, in the order of importance, the financial objectives of preservation of principal, liquidity and return on investment. Investments, when made, are made in U.S. or Canadian bank securities, commercial paper of U.S. or Canadian industrial companies, utilities, financial institutions and consumer loan companies, and securities of foreign banks provided the obligations are guaranteed or carry ratings appropriate to the policy. Securities must have a minimum Dun & Bradstreet rating of A for bonds or R1 low for commercial paper.

The policy risks are primarily the opportunity cost of the conservative nature of the allowable investments. As the main focus of the Company is research and development, the Company has chosen to avoid investments of a trading or speculative nature.

#### **Common stock and warrants**

The Company has warrants outstanding to purchase common stock that were denominated in both United States dollars ("USD") and Canadian dollars ("CAD"), which resulted in the Company having warrants outstanding that were denominated outside of the Company's U.S. dollar functional currency.

The Company's outstanding warrants denominated in Canadian dollars were not considered to be indexed to the Company's own stock and should therefore be treated as derivative financial instruments and recorded at their fair value as a liability. At December 31, 2016, the derivative liabilities were valued at \$33 (2015-\$82). There was an unrealized gain on derivative liabilities of \$48 (2015-\$1,237) for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Revenue recognition**

At this time, the Company does not have any revenue.

# Research and development costs and investment tax credits

Research costs, including employee compensation, laboratory fees, lab supplies, and research and testing performed under contract by third parties, are expensed as incurred. Development costs, including drug substance costs, clinical study expenses and regulatory expenses are expensed as incurred.

Investment tax credits, which are earned as a result of qualifying research and development expenditures, are recognized when the expenditures are made and their realization is reasonably assured. They are applied to reduce related capital costs and research and development expenses in the year recognized.

#### **Income taxes**

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method to compute the differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the related financial amounts, using currently enacted tax rates. The Company has deferred tax assets, which are subject to periodic recoverability assessments. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount that more likely than not will be realized. As of December 31, 2016, we maintained a full valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets.

The provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740-10, Uncertainty in Income Taxes, address the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under ASC 740-10, we may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position.

# Foreign currency translation

The U.S. dollar is the functional currency for the Company's consolidated operations. All gains and losses from currency translations are included in results of operations.

### Loss per share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Diluted net earnings per share is computed using the same method, except the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding includes convertible debentures, stock options and warrants, if dilutive, as determined using the if-converted method and treasury methods. Accordingly, options to purchase 2,427 common shares and warrants to purchase 1,383 common shares at December 31, 2016, were not included in earnings per share. These options and warrants were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares during the period, and accordingly, such options and warrants would have an antidilutive effect. In 2015, options to purchase 2,417 common shares and warrants to purchase 2,595 common shares were excluded from the computation of earnings per share because the exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares and accordingly, their inclusion would have been antidilutive.

### **Recent accounting pronouncements**

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15 requiring an entity's management to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued when applicable). The amendments in this update are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, "Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period". The amended guidance requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period should be treated as a performance condition. The amendments are effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-9, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue. This update provides a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires revenue to be recognized in a manner to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which delayed the effective date of the new standard from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2018. The FASB also agreed to allow entities to choose to adopt the standard as of the original effective date. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations, which clarifies the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, which clarifies certain aspects of identifying performance obligations and licensing implementation guidance. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients related to disclosures of remaining performance obligations, as well as other amendments to guidance on collectability, non-cash consideration and the presentation of sales and other similar taxes collected from customers. These standards have the same effective date and transition date of January 1, 2018. The new revenue standard allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective application.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, *Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes*, which simplifies the financial statement presentation of deferred income taxes by requiring that deferred income tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent within a classified statement of financial position. Adoption and implementation of the guidance is not required by the Company until issuance of fiscal 2018 first quarter financial statements. The Company does not believe adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on its financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which amends the accounting guidance related to leases. These changes, which are designed to increase transparency and comparability among organizations for both lessees and lessors, include, among other things, requiring recognition of lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Adoption and implementation of the guidance is not required by the Company until the beginning of fiscal 2020, although early adoption is permitted. The impact of the Company's current lease is not material to the financial statements. Currently, this standard is not expected to impact the Company.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which amends the accounting for share-based payment transactions. These changes, which are designed for simplification, involve several aspects of the accounting for share-based transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Adoption and implementation of the guidance is not required by the Company until the beginning of fiscal 2018, although early adoption is permitted. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

# 3. Loss per Share

Loss per common share is presented under two formats: basic loss per common share and diluted loss per common share. Basic loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, plus the potentially dilutive impact of common stock equivalents (e.g. stock options and warrants). Dilutive common share equivalents consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and warrants. The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share (in thousands except per share data):

	Twelve Months Ended			
	December 3	81, 2016	December 3	81, 2015
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$	(2,789)	\$	(659)
Denominator:				
Weighted-average common shares, basic		12,765		10,827
Dilutive effect of stock options		-		-
Dilutive effect of warrants		-		-
Incremental dilutive shares		-		-
Weighted-average common shares, dilutive		12,765		10,827
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.06)

The following outstanding options and warrants were excluded from the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share for the periods presented because including them would have had an anti-dilutive effect:

	Twelve Mo	<b>Twelve Months Ended</b>		
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Options to purchase common stock	2,427	2,417		
Warrants to purchase common stock	1,383	2,595		

#### 4. Stock options

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors administers the Company's stock option plan. The Compensation Committee designates eligible participants to be included under the plan and approves the number of options to be granted from time to time under the plan. On June 24, 2010, at the Company's annual meeting, shareholders approved an amendment to the Company's Stock Option Plan (the "Plan Maximum Amendment"). The Plan Maximum Amendment relates to changing the maximum number of shares of common stock issuable under the stock option plan from a fixed number of 6,666 to the number of shares that represents twenty-five percent (25%) of the total number of all issued and outstanding shares of common stock. Based upon the current shares outstanding, a maximum of 3,410 options are authorized for issuance under the plan. The option exercise price for all options issued under the plan is based on the fair value of the underlying shares on the date of grant. All options vest within three years or less and are exercisable for a period of seven years<sup>(1)</sup> from the date of grant. The stock option plan, as amended, allows the issuance of Canadian and U.S. dollar grants. A summary of the stock option transactions, for both the Canadian and U.S. dollar grants, through the year ended December 31, 2016 is below.

(1) On April 25, 2014 Fennec granted 133 options each to Dr. Khalid Islam and Adrian Haigh. Such options shall vest: (i) as to 66 Common Shares, on the date of grant; and (ii) as to 67 Common Shares, upon and subject to orphan drug approval of STS in the EU, provided that they then remain on the Board of Directors of the Company at the time of such approval and that they have played a vital or precipitating part in obtaining such EU orphan drug designation, as reasonably determined by non-interested Board members. If the vesting conditions referred to in (ii) above have not occurred by May 31, 2016, the option to acquire the 66 Common Shares referred to in clause (ii) above shall be terminated and of no further force or effect. On November 7, 2014 the Board of Directors amended the vesting conditions. The Board determined that it would be appropriate and desirable to amend the conditions such that (i) it could be fully satisfied by the Company obtaining, in lieu of orphan drug designation, PUMA in Europe for STS; and (ii) the deadline for satisfaction of the vesting condition extended to December 31, 2017. The Company has not recognized any expense associated with these options.

#### **Summary of \$CAD Option Activity**

	Number of		Weighted
Share Prices Reported in \$CAD	Options	Range	Average
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2014	1,338 \$	1.62 - 2.43	\$ 2.38
Exercised	(14)	1.62 - 2.43	1.94
Forfeited or expired	(1)	1.62 - 2.43	1.82
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2015	1,323 \$	1.62 - 2.43	\$ 2.39
Exercised	(-)	-	-
Forfeited or expired	(324)	2.43	2.43
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2016	999 \$	1.62 – 2.43	\$ 2.38

# Summary of \$CAD Option Remaining Life

Price \$CAD		Outstanding and Exercisable at December 31, 2016	Weighted Average Remaining Life (years)
\$	1.62	17	1.26
\$	1.89	76	1.39
\$	2.43	906	1.35
	Total	999	1.35

# Summary of \$USD Option Activity

	Number of Options	Range	Veighted Average
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2014	1,072 \$	0.45 - 15.66	\$ 1.77
Granted	71	1.13 - 2.51	1.36
Exercised	(33)	0.60 - 1.05	0.83
Forfeited or expired	(16)	0.54 – 15.66	2.24
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2015	1,094 \$	0.45 - 3.60	\$ 1.77
Granted	370	2.11 – 2.45	2.42
Exercised	(4)	1.50	1.50
Forfeited or expired	(32)	1.89 - 2.69	2.65
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2016	1,428 \$	0.45 - 3.60	\$ 1.93

# Summary of \$USD Option Remaining Life

Number					
		Outstanding and			
	Price in	Exercisable at	Remaining Life		
	US Dollars	December 31, 2016	(years)		
\$	0.45	11	2.63		
\$	0.54	19	3.38		
\$	0.60	58	2.54		
\$	0.72	83	3.40		
\$	0.96	11	3.03		
\$	1.05	113	2.97		
\$	1.13	50	5.95		
\$	1.23	8	4.15		
\$	1.50	16	2.31		
\$	1.59	176	4.04		
\$	1.68	33	2.97		
\$	1.89	8	1.63		
\$	2.11	36	7.00		
\$	2.30	4	3.90		
\$	2.31	275	4.29		
\$	2.35	4	4.01		
\$	2.40	8	2.85		
\$	2.44	49	6.11		
\$	2.45	285	6.51		
\$	2.51	4	3.82		
\$	2.55	4	3.65		
\$	2.69	118	4.78		
\$	2.79	49	4.59		
\$	2.94	3	2.91		
\$	3.60	3	3.40		
	Total	1,428	4.59		

Stock compensation expense for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was \$615 and \$97 respectively. These amounts have been included in the general and administrative expenses for the respective periods. The weighted average fair value per share of options granted during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was \$2.42 and \$1.37, respectively. The intrinsic value (being the difference between the share price at December 31, 2016 and exercise price) of stock options exercisable at December 31, 2016 was \$575. The intrinsic value of options exercised during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 was \$3. The fair value of all options vested during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 was \$280.

The fair values of options granted in fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 were estimated on the date the options were granted based on the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, using the following weighted average assumptions for all options with a seven year expiration:

	Year Ended December 31, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015
Expected dividend	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	1.27 – 2.25%	1.89 - 2.02%
Expected volatility	134 - 137%	127 – 153%
Expected life	7 years	7 years

The Company uses the historical volatility and adjusts for available relevant market information pertaining to the Company's share price.

### **Modification of Existing US Dollar Denominated Options**

In 2016, the Company modified the terms of certain options granted to executives and directors by extending the expiration date by 1 year. The Company recorded option modification expense of approximately \$4 included in general and administrative expense. The expense was calculated using the Black-Scholes valuation method. The following table summarizes the effect of the June 8, 2016 transaction:

ľ	Number of Options	Expiration Date	Risk Free Rate	Exercise Price \$USD	Share Price \$USD	Expected Life (Years)	Volatility	Expense Recognized \$USD
	6	11/18/2018	0.93%	1.50	2.43	3.44	152%	1
	17	04/04/2020	1.08%	0.60	2.43	3.82	155%	1
	19	05/17/2020	1.08%	0.54	2.43	3.94	154%	1
	9	11/20/2020	1.08%	1.05	2.43	4.45	147%	1
	51							4

# **Modification of Existing Canadian Dollar Denominated Options**

In 2016, the Company modified the terms of certain options granted to executives and directors by extending the expiration date by a weighted average amount of 1.45 years. The Company recorded option modification expense of approximately \$347 included in general and administrative expense. The expense was calculated using the Black-Scholes valuation method with a June 8, 2016 exchange rate of \$CAD/\$USD 0.7881. The following table summarizes the effect of the June 8, 2016 transaction:



Number of Options	Expiration Date	Risk Free Rate	Exercise Price \$CAD	Share Price \$CAD	Expected Life (Years)	Volatility	Expense Recognized \$USD
17	08/18/2018	0.52%	1.89	3.10	2.19	94%	9
648	08/18/2018	0.52%	2.43	3.10	2.19	94%	338
665							347

# 5. Derivative Liabilities

The Company's derivative instruments include options to purchase 40 common shares, the exercise prices for which are denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency, as follows:

- · Contractor options to purchase 21 common shares exercisable at CAD\$1.89 per whole common share that expire on November 19, 2017;
- Contractor options to purchase 17 common shares exercisable at CAD\$1.62 per whole common share that expire on April 4, 2018;
- Contractor options to purchase 2 common shares exercisable at CAD\$2.43 per whole common share that expire on May 18, 2018.

These options have been recorded at their fair value as a liability at issuance and will continue to be re-measured at fair value as a liability at each subsequent balance sheet date. Any change in value between reporting periods will be recorded as unrealized gain/(loss). These options will continue to be reported as a liability until such time as they are exercised, forfeited or expire. The fair value of these options is estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

## Options issued to contractors in a foreign currency

During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company issued 36 and 29 (respectively) options to contractors with a Canadian dollar denominated strike price. Consequently, the Company now has derivatives relating to these options since the strike price is denominated in a currency other than the US dollar functional currency of the Company. While there is an exception to this rule for employees in ASU 2010-13 "Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Effect of Denominating the exercise price of a share based payment award in the currency of the market in which the underlying equity security trades", no such exception exists for contractors. These options will be marked to market until the earlier of their expiry or exercise. All Canadian denominated options issued to contractors fully vest at issuance and expire seven years from date of issuance. The fair value of these options at December 31, 2015 was \$33 and \$41, respectively. The gain for these options for the twelve months ended December 31, 2016 was \$7. There was a gain on these options for the twelve months ended December 31, 2015 of \$78.

The following is a summary of Canadian denominated contractor option activity for the twelve months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Share Prices Reported in \$CAD	Number of Options Outstanding and Exercisable	0	d Average se Price
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2014	55	\$	1.84
Exercised	(14)		1.94
Forfeited or expired	(1)		1.82
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2015	40	\$	1.81
Exercised	-		-
Forfeited or expired	-		-
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2016	40	\$	1.81

The following table presents the overall change in derivative liability for the twelve months ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

				Gain/(Los Derivat	,
Derivative Warrants/Options		December 31, Instrument December			cember 31,
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Warrants expired April 30, 2015		-	-	-	411
Warrants expiring March 29, 2016		-	41	41	748
Options (various expiration dates)		33	41	7	78
	Total	33	82	48	1,237

## 6. Fair Value Measurements

The Company has adopted ASC 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Topic of the FASB. This Topic applies to certain assets and liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis. The Fair Value Measurements Topic defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with US GAAP, and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. This Topic enables the reader of the financial statements to assess the inputs used to develop those measurements by establishing a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. The Topic requires that financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

# Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

	Fair Value Measurement at December 31, 20				
	Quoted Price	in			
	Active Market	for		Significant	
	Identical		ignificant Other	Unobservable	
	Instruments	s 0	bservable Inputs	Inputs	
	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	68(1) \$	3,858	\$ -	\$ 3,926
Liabilities					
Derivative liabilities		-	33		33

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents and derivative liabilities. Only cash and cash equivalents and derivative liabilities are carried at their fair value. The derivative liabilities are options issued to contractors in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company. The options use the Black Scholes model with the following assumptions: expected dividend 0%; risk-free interest rate of 0.33 - 0.74%; expected volatility of 57%- 85%; and a 0.9-1.4 year remaining life. The risk free rate was based on Bank of Canada Bond issues of similar term. Expected volatility was estimated by using historical volatility of weekly close share prices for a period equal to the remaining life of the instrument or for a minimum of six months if the remaining life is less than six months.

(1) The Company held \$68 in cash, of which \$51 was in Canadian funds (translated into U.S. dollars).

# 7. Stockholders' Equity

# Authorized capital stock

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of an unlimited number of shares of no par common stock.

# **Equity financings**

On June 8, 2017, the Company completed the closing of a non-brokered private placement (the "Offering") of 1,900,000 units for gross proceeds of \$7,600. Each unit was issued at a price of \$4.00 per unit and each unit consisted of 1 common share of the Company.

On May 16, 2016, the Company completed the closing of a non-brokered private placement (the "Offering") of 2,631,579 units for gross proceeds of \$5,000 to Essetifin, SpA. Each unit was issued at a price of \$1.90 per unit and each unit consisted of 1 common share of the Company.

### Warrants to Purchase Common Stock

At December 31, 2016, the Company had the following warrants outstanding to purchase common stock priced in U.S. dollars with a weighted average price of \$1.55 and a weighted average remaining life of 1.9 years:

	Warrant Description	Common Shares Issuable Upon Exercise of Outstanding Warrants at December 31, 2016	ercise Price CAD/USD	Expiration Date
Investor warrants <sup>(1)</sup>		1,333	\$ 1.50 USD	November 22, 2018
Investor warrants <sup>(2)</sup>		50	\$ 3.00 USD	February 2, 2019
		1,383		

- (1) On November 22, 2013, the Company announced it had completed the closing of a non-brokered private placement of 4,000 units, at a price of \$0.40 per unit for net proceeds of \$1,600. Each unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.50 per share for a period of five years from the date of issuance. As a result of the September 3, 2014 share consolidation, each three (3) warrants now entitle the holder thereof to purchase one common share of the Company at a period of five years from the issue date.
- (2) On February 2, 2016 the company issued 50 warrants to Aranea Partners in lieu of cash for investor services. These warrants are fully vested at December 31, 2016 and are redeemable for \$3.00 per common share. The fair value of these warrants is estimated using the Black-Scholes pricing model.

### 8. Sale of Asset

On August 29, 2016, Fennec completed the sale of certain intellectual property, data and other assets related to Eniluracil and Adh-1 technologies and development programs to Elion Oncology, LLC for gross proceeds of \$40. The Company retained the rights to revenue share payments of 5% of the gross revenues derived from the sold assets until the last to expire patents forming part of such assets.

### 9. Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Oregon Health & Science University Agreement**

On February 20, 2013, Fennec entered into a new exclusive license agreement with Oregon Health & Science University ("OHSU") for exclusive worldwide license rights to intellectual property directed to thiol-based compounds, including STS and their use in oncology (the "New OHSU Agreement"). OHSU will receive certain milestone payments, royalty on net sales for licensed products and a royalty on any consideration received from sublicensing of the licensed technology.

The term of the New OHSU Agreement expires on the date of the last to expire claim(s) covered in the patents licensed to Fennec, unless earlier terminated as provided in the agreement. STS is currently protected by methods of use patents that the Company exclusively licensed from OHSU that expire in Europe in 2021 and are currently pending in the United States. The New OHSU Agreement is terminable by either Fennec or OHSU in the event of a material breach of the agreement by either party after 45 days prior written notice. Fennec also has the right to terminate the New OHSU Agreement at any time upon 60 days prior written notice and payment of all fees due to OHSU under the New OHSU Agreement.

On May 18, 2015, Fennec negotiated an amendment ("Amendment 1") to the exclusive license agreement with OHSU. Amendment 1 expands the exclusive license agreement signed with OHSU on February 20, 2013 ("OHSU Agreement") to include the use of N-acetylcysteine as a standalone therapy and/or in combination with STS for the prevention of ototoxicity induced by chemotherapeutic agents to treat cancers. Further, Amendment 1 adjusts select milestone payments entered in the OHSU Agreement including but not limited to the royalty rate on net sales for licensed products, royalty rate from sublicensing of the licensed technology and the fee payable upon the regulatory approval of a licensed product.

The term of Amendment 1 under the OHSU Agreement expires on the date of the last to expire claim(s) covered in the patents licensed to Fennec or 8 years, whichever is later. In the event a licensed product obtains regulatory approval and is covered by the Orphan Drug Designation, the parties will in good faith amend the term of the agreement. STS is currently protected by methods of use patents that the Company exclusively licensed from OHSU that expire in Europe in 2021 and are currently pending in the United States. The New OHSU Agreement is terminable by either Fennec or OHSU in the event of a material breach of the agreement by either party after 45 days prior written notice. Fennec also has the right to terminate the New OHSU Agreement at any time upon 60 days prior written notice and payment of all fees due to OHSU under the New OHSU Agreement.

### **Executive Severance**

In the event of his termination with us other than for cause, the Company will pay its Chief Executive Officer, Rostislav Raykov, a one-time severance compensation payment equal to 12 months of salary (currently \$250). Further, the Company will pay Chief Financial Officer, Robert Andrade, a one-time severance compensation equal to 6 months' salary (currently \$95).

# 10. De-recognition of Statute Barred Payables

The Company had various payables from obligations which existed before current management took over the Company in 2009. These payables, although previously recorded, could not be substantiated as legitimate payables by management. Approximately \$79 worth of these payables became statute barred and were therefore written off in 2016 by reversing the original expense entry. This caused the reversal of approximately \$23 of general and administrative expense and approximately \$56 of research and development expense in the current year. These amounts are presented net in the general and administrative and research and development figures in financial statements.

#### 11. Income Taxes

The Company operates in both U.S. and Canadian tax jurisdictions. Its income is subject to varying rates of tax and losses incurred in one jurisdiction cannot be used to offset income taxes payable in another. A reconciliation of the combined Canadian federal and provincial income tax rate with the Company's effective tax rate is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015
Domestic (loss)/gain	(1,771)	294
Foreign loss	(1,018)	(952)
Loss before income taxes	(2,789)	(658)
Expected statutory rate (recovery)	26.50%	26.50%
Expected provision for (recovery of) income tax	(739)	(174)
Permanent differences	156	(301)
Change in valuation allowance	583	(1,297)
Effect of foreign exchange rate differences	-	-
Effect of non-capital losses expired	-	1,318
Tax credits and other adjustments	1	450
Effect of tax rate changes and other	-1	4
Provision for income taxes	\$	\$

The Canadian statutory come tax rate of 26.0 percent is comprised of federal income tax at approximately 15.0 percent and provincial income tax at approximately 11.0 percent.

The primary temporary differences which gave rise to future income taxes (recovery) at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Future tax assets:		
SR&ED expenditures	2,195	2,195
Income tax loss carryforwards	19,098	18,509
Non-refundable investment tax credits	1,263	1,263
Share issue costs	4	10
Accrued expenses	-	-
Fixed and intangible assets	1,032	1,032
Harmonization credit	-	-
	23,592	23,010
Less: valuation allowance	(23,592)	(23,010)
Net future tax assets	\$ -	\$ -

There are no current income taxes owed, nor are any income taxes expected to be owed in the near term. At December 31, 2016 the Company has unclaimed Scientific Research and Experimental Development ("SR&ED") expenditures, income tax loss carry-forwards and non-refundable investment tax credits. The unclaimed amounts and their expiry dates are as listed below:

	Federal	Province/ State
SR&ED expenditures (no expiry)	\$ 8,283	\$ -
Income tax loss carryforwards (expiry date):		
2021	26	-
2022	233	-
2023	133	-
2024	1,536	1,455
2025	4,795	4,768
2026	20,562	12,945
2027	8,340	10,866
2028	10,840	10,550
2029	8,502	3,915
2030	2,608	3,243
2031	3,378	3,675
2032	3,491	1,754
2033	1,788	1,781
2034	1,812	1,684
2035	1,803	2,150
2036	2,222	1,013
Investment tax credits (expiry date):		
2018	10	
2019	8	
2020	96	
2021	55	
2022	548	
2023	399	
2024	178	
2025	199	
2026	86	
2027	90	
2028	50	
2029	-	
2030	-	

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands)

	March 31, 2017		De	ecember 31, 2016
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,251	\$	3,926
Prepaid expenses		32		43
Other current assets		5		3
Total assets	\$	3,288	\$	3,972
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	224	\$	244
Accrued liabilities		132		125
Derivative instruments (Note 4)		71		33
Total current liabilities		427		402
Total liabilities		427		402
	-			
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 13,643 shares issued and outstanding (2016-13,643)		74,515		74,515
Additional paid-in capital		42,231		42,134
Accumulated deficit		(115,128)		(114,322)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,243		1,243
Total stockholders' equity	_	2,861		3,570
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	3,288	\$	3,972

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Th	<b>Three Months Ended</b>			
	March 2012			March 31, 2016	
Revenue	\$	-	\$	-	
Operating expenses					
Operating expenses:		225		47	
Research and development		225		47	
General and administrative		546		407	
Loss from operations		(771)		(454)	
Other income/(expense):					
Unrealized (loss)/gain on derivatives (Note 4)		(37)		43	
Other loss		(1)		(9)	
Interest income		3		-	
Total other (expense)/income, net		(35)	-	34	
Net loss	\$	(806)	\$	(420)	
		(0.05)	*	(2.2.1)	
Basic net loss per common share	\$	<u>`</u>	\$	(0.04)	
Diluted net loss per common share	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.04)	
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, basic (Note 3)		13,643		10,942	
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, diluted (Note 3)		13,643		10,942	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (U.S. Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016		
Cash flows (used in) provided by:				
Operating activities:				
Net loss	\$ (806	) \$ (420)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Unrealized loss/(gain) on derivatives	37	(43)		
Stock-based compensation - consultants	56	13		
Stock-based compensation - employees	41	-		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Prepaid assets	11	36		
Other assets	(2	) (2)		
Accounts payable	(19	) (72)		
Accrued liabilities	7	(11)		
Net cash used in operating activities	(675			
Investing activity:				
Net cash used in investing activity	-	-		
Financing activity:				
Issuance of common stock, warrants and options exercised	-	102		
Net cash provided by financing activity	-	102		
Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	-	-		
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(675	) (397)		
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of period	3,926			
Cash and cash equivalents - End of period	\$ 3,251			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands)

	-			Additional	_	Accumulated Other	_		Total
	Common			Paid-in	C	omprehensive	-	cumulated	 kholders'
	Number (Note 5)	 Amount	-	Capital	<u> </u>	Income		Deficit	 Equity
Balance at December 31, 2015	10,940	\$ 69,401	\$	, -	\$	1,243	\$	(111,533)	\$ 548
Warrants issued to consultants	-	-		13		-		-	13
Exercise of warrants	67	108		(6)		-		-	102
Net loss		 -		-		-		(420)	 (420)
Balance at March 31, 2016	11,007	69,509		41,444		1,243		(111,953)	243
Warrants issued to consultants	-	-		17		-		-	17
Stock options issued to employees	-	-		111		-		-	111
Exercise of stock options	4	6		-		-		-	6
Rights offering	2,632	5,000		-		-		-	5,000
Net loss	-	-		-		-		(724)	(724)
Balance at June 30, 2016	13,643	 74,515	_	41,572		1,243		(112,677)	 4,653
Warrants issued to consultants	-	-		19		-		-	19
Stock options issued to employees	-	-		41		-		-	41
Stock options issued to contractors	-	-		9		-		-	9
Net loss	-	-		-		-		(502)	(502)
Balance at September 30, 2016	13,643	 74,515		41,641	_	1,243		(113,179)	4,220
Warrants issued to consultants	-	-		23		-		-	23
Stock options issued to employees	-	-		463		-		-	463
Stock options issued to contractors	-	-		7		-		-	7
Net loss	-	-		-		-		(1,143)	(1,143)
Balance at December 31, 2016	13,643	74,515	_	42,134		1,243		(114,322)	3,570
Stock options issued to employees	-	-		41		-		-	41
Stock options issued to contractors	-	-		56		-		-	56
Net loss	-	-		-		-		(806)	(806)
Balance at March 31, 2017	13,643	 74,515	_	42,231		1,243		(115,128)	 2,861

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

## 1. Nature of Business and Going Concern

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("Fennec") was originally formed as a British Columbia corporation under the name Adherex Technologies Inc. and subsequently changed its name on September 3, 2014. Fennec, together with its wholly owned subsidiaries Oxiquant, Inc. ("Oxiquant") and Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., both Delaware corporations, and Cadherin Biomedical Inc. ("CBI"), a Canadian corporation, collectively referred to herein as the "Company," is a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of Sodium Thiosulfate ("STS") for the prevention of ototoxicity from cisplatin in pediatric patients. With the exception of Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., all subsidiaries are inactive.

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP") that are applicable to a going concern which contemplates that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company incurred a loss from operations of \$771. At March 31, 2017, it had an accumulated deficit of \$115,128 and had experienced negative cash flows from operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2017 in the amount of \$675.

These circumstances raise substantial doubt as to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due and, accordingly, the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern may not be appropriate. The Company will need to obtain additional funding in the future in order to finance the Company's business strategy, operations and growth through the issuance of equity, debt or business combinations. If the Company fails to arrange for sufficient capital on a timely basis, the Company may be required to curtail its business activities until it can obtain adequate financing.

These financial statements do not reflect the potentially material adjustments in the carrying values of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses, and the balance sheet classifications used, that would be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

### **Basis of presentation**

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with US GAAP and are the responsibility of the Company's management. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and notes required by US GAAP for annual financial statements. Accordingly, these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Company's accounting policies are consistent with those presented in the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. The year ended December 31, 2016. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. The year ended December 31, 2016. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in U.S. dollars. All amounts presented are in thousands except for per share amounts.

# Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that impact the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the opinion of management, these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, which are normal and recurring in nature, necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position at March 31, 2017 and to state fairly the results for the periods presented. The most significant estimates utilized during the quarter ended March 31, 2017 included estimates necessary to value derivative instruments, disclosed in Note 4.

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

#### New accounting pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-9, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue. This update provides a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires revenue to be recognized in a manner to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which delayed the effective date of the new standard from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2018. The FASB also agreed to allow entities to choose to adopt the standard as of the original effective date. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations, which clarifies the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, which clarifies certain aspects of identifying performance obligations and Licensing implementation guidance. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients related to disclosures of remaining performance obligations, as well as other amendments to guidance on collectability, non-cash consideration and the presentation of sales and other similar taxes collected from customers. These standards have the same effective date and transition date of January 1, 2018. The new revenue standard allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective application. We are currently evaluating the timing of its adoption, the transition method to apply and the impact that this guidance will have on our financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which amends the accounting guidance related to leases. These changes, which are designed to increase transparency and comparability among organizations for both lessees and lessors, include, among other things, requiring recognition of lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Adoption and implementation of the guidance is not required by the Company until the beginning of fiscal 2020, although early adoption is permitted. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which amends the accounting for share-based payment transactions. These changes, which are designed for simplification, involve several aspects of the accounting for share-based transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Adoption and implementation of the guidance is not required by the Company until the beginning of fiscal 2018, although early adoption is permitted. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with original maturities at the date of purchase of three months or less. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents in investments held by highly rated financial institutions in accordance with its investment policy designed to protect the principal investment. At March 31, 2017, the Company had \$3,251 in cash and money market accounts (\$3,926 at December 31, 2016). At March 31, 2017, the Company held \$83 in cash of which \$3 (as translated to US dollars) was in Canadian dollars (\$51 at December 31, 2016 as translated to US dollars). At March 31, 2017 the Company held \$3,168 in money market investments typically have minimal risks. The Company has not experienced any loss or write-down of its money market investments since inception.

### 3. Earnings per Share

Earnings per common share is presented under two formats: basic earnings per common share and diluted earnings per common share. Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, plus the potentially dilutive impact of common stock equivalents (i.e. stock options and warrants). Dilutive common share equivalents consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and warrants. The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share:



# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2017	2016		
Numerator:					
Net loss	\$	(806)	\$	(420)	
Denominator:					
Weighted-average common shares, basic		13,643		10,942	
Dilutive effect of stock options		-		-	
Dilutive effect of warrants		-		-	
Incremental dilutive shares		-		-	
Weighted-average common shares, diluted		13,643		10,942	
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.04)	

The following outstanding options and warrants were excluded from the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share for the periods presented because including them would have had an anti-dilutive effect:

	Three Months Ended			
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016		
Options to purchase common stock	2,427	2,417		
Warrants to purchase common stock	1,383	1,750		

### 4. Derivative Instruments

The Company's outstanding warrants denominated in Canadian dollars are not considered to be indexed to its own stock because the exercise price is denominated in Canadian dollars and the Company's functional currency is United States dollars. Therefore, these warrants have been treated as derivative financial instruments and recorded at their fair value as a liability. All other outstanding convertible instruments are considered to be indexed to the Company's stock, because their exercise price is denominated in the same currency as the Company's functional currency, and are included in stockholders' equity.

The Company's derivative instruments include options to purchase 40 common shares, the exercise prices for which are denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency, as follows:

- Contractor options to purchase 21 common shares exercisable at CAD\$1.89 per whole common share that expire on November 19, 2017;
- Contractor options to purchase 17 common shares exercisable at CAD\$1.62 per whole common share that expire on April 4, 2018;
- Contractor options to purchase 2 common shares exercisable at CAD\$2.43 per whole common share that expire on May 18, 2018.

These options have been recorded at their fair value as a liability at issuance and will continue to be re-measured at fair value as a liability at each subsequent balance sheet date. Any change in value between reporting periods will be recorded as unrealized gain/(loss). These options will continue to be reported as a liability until such time as they are exercised, forfeited or expire. The fair value of these warrants and options is estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

Comparative data related to the gain recorded on re-measurement of the derivative liability for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 are summarized in the table below. There is no cash flow impact for these derivatives until the warrants and/or options are exercised. If these warrants or options are exercised, the Company will receive the proceeds from the exercise at the current exchange rate at the time of exercise.

Gain/(Loss) on Derivative Instrument	Fair Value as	of March 31,	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Warrants expiring March 29, 2016	-	-	-	41		
Options to contractors	71	39	(37)	2		
Gain/(loss) on Derivative Instrument	71	39	(37)	43		



## Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company issued 36 and 29, respectively, options to contractors with a Canadian dollar denominated strike price. Consequently, the Company now has derivatives relating to these options since the strike price is denominated in a currency other than the US dollar functional currency of the Company. While there is an exception to this rule for employees in ASU 2010-13 "Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Effect of denominating the exercise price of a share based payment award in the currency of the market in which the underlying equity security trades", no such exception exists for contractors. These options will be marked to market until the earlier of their expiry, exercise or forfeiture.

The table below summarizes Canadian dollar denominated contractor option activity, since their issuance:

	Options in Thousands		Activity Since Issuance	Weighted-Average Exercise Price \$CAD
Opening balance			65	\$ 1.82
Exercised			(14)	\$ 1.94
Forfeited			(11)	\$ 1.74
Expired			-	\$-
		Ending balance	40	\$ 1.81

#### 5. Stockholders' Equity

#### Authorized capital stock

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of an unlimited number of shares of no par common stock.

#### **Equity financing**

There were no equity financings during the quarter ended March 31, 2017.

#### Warrants to Purchase Common Stock

The Company has warrants outstanding to purchase common stock priced in U.S. dollars with a weighted average price of \$1.55 and a weighted average remaining life of 1.65 years:

Warrant	Common Shares Issuable Upon Exercise of	Exercise Price	
Description	Outstanding Warrants at March 31, 2017	\$USD	Expiration Date
Investor warrants	1,333	\$ 1.50 USD	November 22, 2018
Investor warrants	50	\$ 3.00 USD	February 2, 2019
Total	1,383		

## Stock option plan

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors administers the Company's stock option plan. The Compensation Committee designates eligible participants to be included under the plan and approves the number of options to be granted from time to time under the plan. Currently, the maximum number of option shares issuable is twenty-five percent (25%) of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of common stock. Based upon the current shares outstanding, a maximum of 3,410 options are authorized for issuance under the plan. For all options issued under the plan, the exercise price is the fair value of the underlying shares on the date of grant. All options vest within three years or less and are exercisable for a period of seven years from the date of grant. The stock option plan allows the issuance of Canadian and U.S. dollar grants. The table below outlines recognized contractor and employee expense for the three month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.



#### Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

	Three Month March	
	2017 2016	
Contractor options expense recognized <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	56	-
Employee options expense recognized <sup>(1)</sup>	41	-
Total option expense recognized	97	-

- (1) On July 5, 2016, the Company issued 235 options to employees and 50 options to various contractors. The conditions of these grants state that 1/3 of the options granted shall vest on July 5, 2017 (the "Vesting Commencement Date"). The remainder of the options granted, shall vest evenly over 24 months beginning from the Vesting Commencement Date, such that all options have vested 36 months after issue. Expense for grants to employees shall be calculated as of the grant date and recognized straight line over the vesting period. Expense for grants to contractors shall be re-measured quarterly up to the Vesting Commencement Date. Subsequent to the Vesting Commencement Date, contractor options will be remeasured monthly until all options granted have fully vested. The employee options were valued at the date of issuance using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: Expected dividend rate, 0.00%; Risk free rate, 1.27%; Expected volatility, 136%; Expected life, 7. Expense for these options are being recognized evenly, each quarter over the vesting period. The contractor options were re-measured at March 31, 2017 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: Expected dividend rate, 0.00%; Risk free rate, 0.00%; Risk free rate, 2.11%; Expected volatility, 132%; Expected life, 6.26 years.
- (2) During the quarter ended March 31, 2017, the Company signed a contract with two vendors, to exchange options for services rendered over a twelvemonth period. The contract calls for each vendor to receive four tranches of 10,000 options each over the duration of the service period. Grant dates straddle balance sheet dates. Option expense will be estimated each balance sheet date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Once the options are issued, the estimate will be reversed and actual expense recorded. At March 31, 2017, these vendor options were priced using the following assumptions: Expected dividend rate, 0.00%; Risk free rate, 2.16%; Expected volatility, 133%; Expected life, 7.0 years.

#### Stock option activity

There were no issuances, expirations, forfeitures or exercises for the three months ended March 31, 2017 for stock options denominated in Canadian or US dollars.

Canadian dollar denominated options issued to contractors vest immediately and are treated as derivative liabilities. They are recorded at fair value estimated using the Black-Scholes model with the gain or loss reported as unrealized gain (loss).

Upon exercise, expiration or forfeiture of those options denominated in Canadian dollars and treated as derivative liabilities the Company re-measures the derivative liability prior to exercise, expiration or forfeiture and records a gain or loss accordingly. In the case a derivative option is exercised, upon the exercise date, the Company extinguishes the derivative liability, records the cash received and the shares issued into common stock and additional paid in capital accordingly. During the quarter ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 there was no activity related to Canadian dollar denominated options.

## 6. Fair Value Measurements

The Company adopted the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Topic of the FASB in 2011. This Topic applies to certain assets and liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis. The Topic defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with US GAAP, and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. This Topic enables the reader of the financial statements to assess the inputs used to develop those measurements by establishing a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. The Topic requires that financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.



#### Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share information)

Fair Value Measurement at March 31, 2017			2017			
	Q	uoted Price	Significant		_	
Assets/Liabilities		in Active	Other	S	ignificant	
Measured at Fair Value	Ν	Iarkets for	Observable	Un	observable	
on a Recurring Basis	Identi	cal Instruments	Inputs		Inputs	
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84(1)	\$ 3,167	\$	-	\$ 3,251
Liabilities						
Derivative liabilities		-	71		-	71

(1) The Company held \$84 in cash of which \$3 (as translated to US dollars) was in Canadian funds.

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents and derivatives. Only cash and cash equivalents and derivatives are carried at their fair value. The derivative liabilities include options issued to contractors in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company.

## 7. Commitments and contingencies

## **Oregon Health & Science University Agreement**

On February 20, 2013, Fennec entered into a new exclusive license agreement with Oregon Health & Science University ("OHSU") for exclusive worldwide license rights to intellectual property directed to STS and its use for chemoprotection, including the prevention of ototoxicity induced by platinum chemotherapy, in humans (the "New OHSU Agreement").

The term of the New OHSU Agreement expires on the date of the last to expire claim(s) covered in the patents licensed to the Company, unless earlier terminated as provided in the agreement. STS is currently protected by methods of use patents that the Company exclusively licensed from OHSU that expire in Europe, Canada and Australia in 2021 and are currently pending in the United States and Japan. The New OHSU Agreement is terminable by either Fennec or OHSU in the event of a material breach of the agreement by either party after 45 days prior written notice. Fennec has the right to terminate the New OHSU Agreement at any time upon 60 days prior written notice and payment of all fees due to OHSU under the New OHSU Agreement.

On May 18, 2015, Fennec negotiated an amendment ("Amendment 1") to the exclusive license agreement with OHSU. Amendment 1 expands the exclusive license agreement signed with OHSU on February 20, 2013 or New OHSU Agreement to include the use of N-acetylcysteine as a standalone therapy and/or in combination with Sodium Thiosulfate ("STS") for the prevention of ototoxicity induced by chemotherapeutic agents to treat cancers. Further, Amendment 1 adjusts select milestone payments entered in the OHSU Agreement including but not limited to the royalty rate on net sales for licensed products, royalty rate from sublicensing of the licensed technology and the fee payable upon the regulatory approval of a licensed product. The term of Amendment 1 under the OHSU Agreement expires on the date of the last to expire claim(s) covered in the patents licensed to Fennec or 8 years, whichever is later. In the event a licensed product obtains regulatory approval and is covered by the Orphan Drug Designation, the parties will in good faith amend the term of the agreement.

#### **Executive Severance**

In the event of his termination with us other than for cause, the Company will pay its Chief Executive Officer, Rostislav Raykov, a one-time severance compensation payment equal to 12 months of salary (currently \$250). Further, the Company will pay Chief Financial Officer, Robert Andrade, a one-time severance compensation equal to six months salary (currently \$95).

#### Leases

The Company has an operating lease for approximately 350 square feet in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. This operating lease is terminable with 30 days' notice and has no penalties or contingent payments due. The Company had office rent expense of \$2 during the three month period ended March 31, 2017.

### DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION POSITION ON INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES

We have been advised that, in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission, indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities is asserted by one of our directors, officers, or controlling persons in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of our legal counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit the question of whether such indemnification is against public policy to a court of appropriate jurisdiction. We will then be governed by the court's decision.

# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This prospectus, which is a part of the Registration Statement, does not contain all of the information in the Registration Statement and the exhibits filed with it, portions of which have been omitted as permitted by the SEC rules and regulations. For further information concerning us and the securities offered by this prospectus, please refer to the Registration Statement and to the exhibits filed therewith.

The Registration Statement, including all exhibits, may be inspected without charge at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of this public reference room by calling 1-800-SEC-0330. The Registration Statement, including all exhibits and schedules and amendments, has been filed with the SEC and is available to the public from the SEC's web site at <u>http://www.sec.gov</u>.

## PART II INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

## OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

The following table sets forth the various costs and expenses in connection with the sale and distribution of the securities registered under this Registration Statement. All amounts shown are estimates except the Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee.

	Amount paid or		
	t	to be paid	
SEC Registration Fee	\$	8,194.57	
Printing and Edgarizing expenses	\$	2,500	
Legal fees and expenses	\$	50,000	
Accounting fees and expenses	\$	10,000	
Transfer agent	\$	7,500	
Stock certificates	\$	5,000	
Miscellaneous	\$	10,000	
Total	\$	93,194.57	

## INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

## **Business Corporations Act (British Columbia)**

Division 5 of Part 5 of the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) provides that a corporation may (a) indemnify an eligible party against all eligible penalties to which the eligible party is or may be liable and (b) after the final disposition of an eligible proceeding, pay the expenses (not including judgments, penalties, fines or amounts paid in settlement of a proceeding) actually and reasonably incurred by an eligible party in respect of that proceeding.

An "eligible party" means an individual who (a) is or was a director or officer of the corporation, (b) is or was a director or officer of another corporation (i) at a time when the other corporation is or was an affiliate of the corporation, or (ii) at the request of the corporation, or (c) at the request of the corporation, is or was, or holds or held a position equivalent to that of, a director or officer of a partnership, trust, joint venture or other unincorporated entity.

An "eligible proceeding" means a proceeding in which an eligible party or any of the heirs and personal or other legal representatives of the eligible party, by reason of the eligible party being or having been a director or officer of, or holding or having held a position equivalent to that of a director or officer of, the corporation or an associated corporation (a) is or may be joined as a party, or (b) is or may be liable for or in respect of a judgment, penalty or fine in, or expenses related to, the proceeding.

A corporation must, after the final disposition of an eligible proceeding, pay the expenses actually and reasonably incurred by the eligible party in respect of that proceeding if the eligible party (a) has not been reimbursed for those expenses, and (b) is wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the outcome of the proceeding or is substantially successful on the merits in the outcome of the proceeding.

A corporation may pay, as they are incurred in advance of the final disposition of an eligible proceeding, the expenses actually and reasonably incurred by an eligible party in respect of that proceeding, provided the corporation first receives from the eligible party a written undertaking that, if it is ultimately determined that the payment of expenses is prohibited, the eligible party will repay the amounts advanced.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, a corporation must not indemnify an eligible party or pay the expenses of an eligible party if any of the following circumstances apply:

- if the indemnity or payment is made under an earlier agreement to indemnify or pay expenses and, at the time that the agreement to indemnify or pay expenses was made, the corporation was prohibited from giving the indemnity or paying the expenses by its memorandum or articles;
- if the indemnity or payment is made otherwise than under an earlier agreement to indemnify or pay expenses and, at the time that the indemnity or payment is made, the corporation is prohibited from giving the indemnity or paying the expenses by its memorandum or articles;
- if, in relation to the subject matter of the eligible proceeding, the eligible party did not act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the corporation or the associated corporation, as the case may be;
- in the case of an eligible proceeding other than a civil proceeding, if the eligible party did not have reasonable grounds for believing that the eligible party's conduct in respect of which the proceeding was brought was lawful.

If an eligible proceeding is brought against an eligible party by or on behalf of the corporation or by or on behalf of an associated corporation, the corporation must not (a) indemnify the eligible party in respect of the proceeding or (b) pay the expenses of the eligible party in respect of the proceeding.

A corporation may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of an eligible party or the heirs and personal or other legal representatives of the eligible party against any liability that may be incurred by reason of the eligible party being or having been a director or officer of, or holding or having held a position equivalent to that of a director or officer of, the corporation or an associated corporation.

## Articles

Our Articles provide that, subject to the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia), the Company must indemnify an eligible party and their respective heirs and personal or other legal representatives against all eligible penalties to which such eligible party is or may be liable. The Company must, after the final disposition of an eligible proceeding, pay the expenses actually and reasonably incurred by such person in respect of that proceeding. Each eligible party is deemed to have contracted with the Company on this term. The Articles also provide that the Company may indemnify any person, subject to any restrictions in the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia).

Our Articles defines the following terms: (1) an "eligible penalty" means a judgment, penalty or fine awarded or imposed in, or an amount paid in settlement of, an "eligible proceeding"; (2) an "eligible party" means a director, former director or alternate director of the Company; (3) an "eligible proceeding" means a legal proceeding or investigative action (whether current, threatened, pending or completed), in which an eligible party or any of the heirs and personal or other legal representatives of the eligible party, by reason of the eligible party being or having been a director or alternate director of the Company (a) is or may be joined as a party, or (b) is or may be liable for or in respect of a judgment, penalty or fine in, or expenses related to, the proceeding; and (4) "expenses" has the meaning set out in the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia).

Our Articles provide that the Company may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any person (or his or her heirs or legal personal representatives) who is or was a director, alternative director, officer, employee or agent, or held or holds such position or a position equivalent to the foregoing (each, an "insured party") with respect to (i) the Company; (ii) a corporation at a time when the corporation was an affiliate of the Company; (iii) at the request of the Company, served in such capacity with respect to a corporation, partnership, trust, joint venture or other unincorporated entity, against any liability that may be incurred by him or her acting in such capacity.

We maintain liability insurance policies regarding our directors and officers against certain liabilities that they may incur in such capacities.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling us pursuant to the foregoing provisions, we have been informed that in the opinion of the Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

# RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

During the past three years prior to the date of the prospectus that is part of this registration statement, the Company granted 1,364,696 options to purchase our common shares. These options were issued to certain consultants, officers and directors of the Company. All options were denominated in United States dollars ("USD") and are exercisable for a period of seven years from the grant date. Details of the grants are listed in the following table:

Date of Grant	<b>Option to Purchase Shares</b>	Exercise Price \$USD
January 24, 2014	176,287	1.59
April 25, 2014	275,324	2.31
May 15, 2014	2,778	3.60
August 4, 2014	48,454	2.79
November 7, 2014	3,920	2.55
December 31, 2014	117,500	2.69
March 16, 2015	3,984	2.51
May 11, 2015	4,346	2.30
August 3, 2015	4,254	2.35
November 10, 2015	8,124	1.23
December 11, 2015	50,000	1.13
June 9, 2016	49,180	2.44
July 5, 2016	285,000	2.45
December 30, 2016	35,545	2.11
April 3, 2017	10,000	3.10
May 17, 2017	40,000	3.67
June 27, 2017	250,000	5.10

Exercises of warrants and options resulted in the issuance of approximately 71,000, 347,000 and 142,000 of our common shares in the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These exercises resulted in gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$108,000, \$497,000 and \$161,000 for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Between January 1, 2017 and the date of the prospectus that is part of this registration statement, there have been exercises of options which resulted in the issuance of 85,992 of our common shares and resulted in gross proceeds to the Company of \$97,266.

On December 3, 2014, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 732,266 units for gross proceeds of \$2.2 million. Each unit was issued at a price of \$3.00 per unit and consisted of one of our common shares and one half of a common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one of our common shares during the period ending on the day following the earlier of: (A) the day that is two years from the date of issue or (B) if at any time from the date of issue (i) the common shares trade on TSX at a price greater than CAD\$5.00 per common share (subject to customary adjustments) for at least twenty-five (25) trading days within any thirty (30) trading day period (the "Triggering Event") and (ii) the Company elects to deliver a notice to the holder within ten (10) trading days of the Triggering Event, the day that is 30 days after such notice, in either event at a price equal to \$3.60 per whole common share.

On May 16, 2016, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 2,631,579 common shares to Essetifin, SpA at a price of \$1.90 per share for gross proceeds of \$5.0 million.

On June 8, 2017, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 1,900,000 common shares at a price of \$4.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$7.6 million.

Unless otherwise indicated, the issuances of the Company's securities described above were made in reliance upon the exemption from registration available under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, among others, as transactions not involving a public offering or pursuant to Regulation S as transactions not requiring registration under Section 5 of the Securities Act. In transactions where the registrant relied on the exemption from registration, the exemption was claimed on the basis that those transactions did not involve any public offering and the purchasers in each offering were accredited or sophisticated and had sufficient access to the kind of information registration would provide. In transactions made in reliance on Regulation S, the safe harbor from registration was claimed on the basis that they involved an offshore transaction, no directed selling efforts were made in the United States and appropriate offering restrictions were implemented. In each case, appropriate investment representations were obtained and stock certificates were issued with restrictive legends.

# UNDERTAKINGS

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (a) to file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
  - (i) to include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
  - (ii) to reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of this registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
  - (iii) to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in this registration statement or any material change to such information in this registration statement.

(b) that, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof;

(3) to remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering;

(4) that, for purposes of determining liability under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser:

- (i) If the registrant is relying on Rule 430B:
  - (A) each prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the date the filed prospectus was deemed part of and included in this registration statement; and

- (B) each prospectus required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) as part of a registration statement in reliance on Rule 430B relating to an offering made pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(i), (vii), or (x) for the purpose of providing the information required by section 10(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the earlier of the date such form of prospectus is first used after effectiveness or the date of the first contract of sale of securities in the offering described in the prospectus. As provided in Rule 430B, for liability purposes of the issuer and any person that is at that date an underwriter, such date shall be deemed to be a new effective date of the registration statement relating to the securities in the registration statement to which that prospectus relates, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof; provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such effective date, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such effective date; or
- (ii) if the registrant is subject to Rule 430C, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness; provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue

# EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description	Location
3.1	Notice of Articles dated August 25, 2011	Exhibit 3.2I to the Form 8-K of the Company filed August 26, 2011
3.2	Articles dated August 25, 2011	Exhibit 3.2II to the Form 8-K of the Company filed August 26, 2011
3.3	Notice of Alteration Dated September 3, 2014	Exhibit 3.1 to the Form 8-K of the Company filed September 9, 2014
5.1	Opinion of LaBarge Weinstein LLP	Filed herewith
10.1	Development and License Agreement dated July 14, 2005 between Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. and Glaxo Group Limited**	Exhibit 4.30 to Form 6-K of the Company filed July 22, 2005
10.2	Amendment No. 1 to Development and License Agreement dated December 20, 2005 between Glaxo Group Limited and Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.**	Exhibit 4.36 to the Form 20-F Annual Report (No. 001-32295) of Fennec for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, filed on March 31, 2006
10.3	Amendment No. 2 to Development and License Agreement dated June 23, 2006 between Glaxo Group Limited and Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.**	Exhibit 4.41 to Form 6-K of the Company filed August 9, 2006
10.4	Amendment No. 3 to Development and License Agreement dated January 17, 2007 between Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. and Glaxo Group Limited	Exhibit 4.42 to Form 6-K of the Company filed January 19, 2007
10.5	Amendment No. 4 to Development and License Agreement dated May 23, 2007 between Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. and Glaxo Group Limited	Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K of the Company filed June 19, 2007
10.6	Amended and Restated Stock Option Plan*	Exhibit 10.19 to Form 10-K of the Company filed March 28, 2008
10.7	Executive Employment Agreement dated May 3, 2010 by and between Fennec and Rostislav Raykov*	Exhibit 10.28 to the Form 10-Q of the Company filed on May 14, 2010
10.8	Executive Employment Agreement dated May 3, 2010 by and between Fennec and Dr. Thomas Spector*	Exhibit 10.30 to the Form 10-Q of the Company filed on May 14, 2010
10.9	Form of Independent Director Agreement, dated May 3, 2010	Exhibit 10.31 to the Form 10-Q of the Company filed on May 14, 2010
10.10	Subscription Agreement, dated November 15, 2013, between the Company, Technologies Inc. and Manchester Management LLC	Exhibit 10.19 to the Form 10K/A of the Company filed on April 2, 2014

10.11	Form of Subscription Agreement from December 3, 2014 private placement	Exhibit 10.20 to the Form 10K of the Company filed on March 31, 2015
10.12	Executive Employment Agreement dated November 12, 2015 by and between Fennec and Robert Andrade*	Exhibit 10.40 to the Form 10-Q of the Company filed on November 12, 2015
10.13	Subscription Agreement, dated April 8, 2016, between Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. and Sigma Tau Finanzaria (Presently Essetifin, SpA)	Exhibit 10.41 to the Form 10-Q of the Company filed on May 12, 2016
10.14	Purchase Agreement, dated May 9, 2016, between Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. and Elion Oncology, LLC.	Exhibit 10.42 to the Form 10-Q of the Company filed on May 12, 2016
10.15	Form of Subscription Agreement from June 8, 2017 private placement	Filed herewith
21	Subsidiaries	Filed herewith
23.1	Consent of Deloitte LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	Filed herewith
23.2	Consent of LaBarge Weinstein LLP	Contained in Exhibit 5.1 to this Registration Statement
24.1	Power of Attorney	Contained on the signature pages of this Registration Statement

\*

Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan. The Company has received confidential treatment with respect to certain portions of this exhibit. Those portions have been omitted from this exhibit \*\* and are filed separately with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in the City of Durham, State of North Carolina, on August 10, 2017.

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.	
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By:	/s/ Rostislav Raykov
	Rostislav Raykov
	Chief Executive Officer, Director

By: /s/ Robert Andrade Robert Andrade Chief Financial Officer

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below hereby constitutes and appoints Rostislav Raykov and Robert Andrade, and each of them, his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments, including post-effective amendments, to this registration statement, and any registration statement relating to the offering covered by this registration statement and filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, and to file the same, with exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that each of said attorneys in fact and agents or their substitute or substitutes may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated

Signature	Capacity	Date
/s/ Rostislav Raykov Rostislav Raykov	Chief Executive Officer, Director (Principal Executive Officer)	August 10, 2017
/s/ Robert Andrade Robert Andrade	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	August 10, 2017
/s/ Chris A. Rallis Chris A. Rallis	Director	August 10, 2017
/s/ Marco Brughera Marco Brughera	Director	August 10, 2017
/s/ Khalid Islam Khalid Islam	Director	August 10, 2017
/s/ Adrian Haigh Adrian Haigh	Director	August 10, 2017

A Business Law Firm

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August 10, 2017

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. PO Box 13628, 68 TW Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Ladies and Gentlemen:

## Re: Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. - Registration Statement on Form S-1

We have acted as counsel to Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc., a corporation incorporated pursuant to the laws of British Columbia (the "<u>Company</u>"), in connection with a Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on or about August 10, 2017 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "<u>Registration</u> <u>Statement</u>") for the purpose of registering the resale of 11,943,214 common shares comprised of 10,559,883 issued and outstanding common shares (the "<u>Outstanding Shares</u>") and 1,383,331 common shares (the '<u>Warrant Shares</u>") issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants ("<u>Warrants</u>").

In rendering this opinion, we have examined: (i) the Articles of the Company, as amended; (ii) certain resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company evidencing the corporate proceedings taken by the Company to authorize the issuance of the Shares, Warrants and Warrant Shares, and (iii) such other documents as we have deemed appropriate or necessary as a basis for the opinion hereinafter expressed.

In rendering the opinion expressed below, we assumed the legal capacity of natural persons signing or delivering any instrument, the authenticity of all documents and records examined, the conformity with the original documents of all documents submitted to us as copies, and the genuineness of all signatures.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, and such legal considerations as we deem relevant, we are of the opinion that:

1. The Outstanding Shares have been duly authorized by appropriate corporate action and are validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

2. The Warrants have been duly authorized by appropriate corporate action and are valid and binding obligations of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms, except to the extent that enforcement thereof may be limited by (a) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium, or other similar laws now or hereafter in effect relating to creditors' rights generally and (b) general principles of equity (regardless of whether enforceability is considered in a proceeding at law or in equity).

3. The Warrant Shares have been duly authorized by appropriate corporate action, and when issued and delivered against payment therefor upon due and proper exercise of the Warrants, the Warrant Shares will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

The foregoing opinion is based solely on the present laws and applicable regulations of the Province of British Columbia and the laws of Canada in force therein. We express no opinion as to matters involving the laws of any other jurisdiction.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an Exhibit to the Registration Statement and to references made to this firm in the Registration Statement and all amendments thereto. In giving such consent we do not thereby admit that we are included in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the *Securities Act of 1933*, as amended, or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. The opinions set forth in this letter are based upon the facts in existence and laws in effect on the date hereof and we expressly disclaim any obligation to update our opinions herein, regardless of whether changes in such facts or laws come to our attention after the delivery hereof.

Yours truly,

/s/ LaBarge Weinstein LLP

## SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT

THIS SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT (this "**Agreement**") is made as of the latest date set forth on the signature page hereof between Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "**Company**") and the undersigned (the "**Subscriber**").

#### WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS the Company desires to offer and issue for sale on a private placement basis (the "**Offering**") up to 2,000,000 common shares in the capital of the Company (the "**Shares**") at a price per Share of USD\$4.00 and representing an aggregate purchase price of up to USD\$8,000,000, anticipated to occur on or about June 8, 2017 or such later date on which all regulatory and other approvals necessary to complete the Offering have been obtained (the "**Closing**"). A summary of the terms of the Offering is set forth in **Schedule "A"** to this Agreement. Such summary is qualified in its entirety by the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement; and

WHEREAS unless otherwise stated, all dollar amounts in this Agreement refer to United States Dollars; and

WHEREAS, the Subscriber desires to purchase Shares on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual representations and covenants hereinafter set forth, the parties hereto do hereby agree as follows:

#### I. SUBSCRIPTION FOR SHARES AND REPRESENTATIONS BY SUBSCRIBER

1.1 Subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, the Subscriber hereby irrevocably purchases for itself and agrees to purchase from the Company, and the Company agrees to sell to the Subscriber, the Shares for an aggregate purchase price equal to USD\$ (the "**Purchase Price**"). The Purchase Price is payable by wire transfer of immediately available funds at the time of entering into this Agreement to an account designated by LaBarge Weinstein LLP, counsel to the Company ("**Company Counsel**"), to be held in escrow and shall be released at the Closing by Company Counsel to an account designated by the Company in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement. In the event that the Closing does not occur as contemplated by the terms of this Agreement, Company Counsel shall return the Purchase Price held in escrow to the Subscriber by means of wire transfer of immediately available funds within two (2) business days of such determination.

1.2 The Subscriber hereby warrants and represents that it recognizes that the purchase of the Shares involves a high degree of risk including, but not limited to, the following: (a) an investment in the Company is highly speculative and only investors who can afford the loss of their entire investment should consider investing in the Company and the Shares; (b) the Subscriber may not be able to liquidate its investment; and (c) transferability of the Shares is limited.

1.3 The Subscriber represents that it (i) is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Act**"), as indicated by the Subscriber's responses to the questions contained in Article IX hereof, and by reason of its business and financial experience and the business and financial experience of those persons it may have retained to advise it with respect to its investment in the Shares it, together with such advisors, has such knowledge, sophistication and experience in business and financial matters that it is capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the prospective investment; (ii) is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in National Instrument 45-106 – *Prospectus Exemptions*, of the Canadian Securities Administrators and the Subscriber has completed the Accredited Investor Certificate attached hereto as **Schedule "C"** and (iii) complies with the requirements of all applicable securities laws in its jurisdiction that is other than the United States and Canada (the "**International Jurisdiction**") and has completed the Accredited Investor Certificate attached hereto as **Schedule "D"**.

1.4 The Subscriber hereby acknowledges and represents that: (a) the Subscriber has knowledge and experience in business and financial matters, prior investment experience, including investment in securities that are unregistered, or the Subscriber, at its own risk and expense, has employed the services of a "purchaser representative" (as defined in Rule 501(h) of Regulation D), attorney and/or accountant to read all of the documents furnished or made available by the Company to the Subscriber to evaluate the merits and risks of such an investment on the Subscriber's behalf; (b) the Subscriber recognizes the highly speculative nature of this investment; and (c) the Subscriber is able to bear the loss of its entire investment.

1.5 The Subscriber represents that (i) the Subscriber was contacted regarding the sale of the Shares by the Company, or a Company agent, with whom the Subscriber had a prior substantial pre-existing relationship and (ii) no Shares were offered or sold to it by means of any form of general solicitation or general advertising, and in connection therewith, the Subscriber did not receive any general solicitation or general advertising including, but not limited to: (A) any advertisement, article, notice or other communication published in any newspaper, magazine or similar media or broadcast over television or radio, whether closed circuit, or generally available; or (B) through attendance at any seminar meeting or industry investor conference whose attendees were invited by any general solicitation or general advertising.

1.6 The Subscriber hereby acknowledges that the Offering has not been reviewed by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") nor any U.S. state or Canadian provincial securities regulatory authority ("Securities Regulatory Authority") as the Offering is intended to be exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act, pursuant to Regulation D thereunder and from the registration requirements of applicable state "blue sky" securities laws or regulations. The Subscriber understands that the Shares have not been registered under the Act or under any U.S. state or Canadian provincial securities or "blue sky" laws or regulations by reason of a claimed exemption that depends, in part, upon the Subscriber's investment intention and agreement not to sell, pledge, assign or otherwise transfer or dispose of the Shares unless they are registered under the Act and under any applicable state securities or "blue sky" laws or regulations or unless an exemption from such registration is available, subject to Section 1.10 herein. Without limiting the foregoing, the Company acknowledges and agrees that a Subscriber may from time to time pledge pursuant to a bona fide margin agreement with a registered broker-dealer or grant a security interest in some or all of the Shares to a financial institution that is an "accredited investor" as defined in Rule 501(a) under Regulation D and who agrees to be bound by the provisions of this Agreement and, if required under the terms of such approval of the Company and no legal opinion of legal counsel of the pledgee, secured party or pledgor shall be required in connection therewith. Further, no notice shall be required of such pledge. At the Subscriber's expense, the Company will execute and deliver such reasonable documentation as a pledgee or secured party of the Subscriber may reasonably request in connection with a pledge or transfer of the Shares.

1.7 The Subscriber hereby represents that the Subscriber is purchasing the Shares for the Subscriber's own account and not with a view toward the resale or distribution to others. The Subscriber, if an entity, further represents that it was not formed for the purpose of purchasing the Shares.

1.8 The Subscriber understands that Rule 144 ("**Rule 144**") promulgated under the Act requires for non-affiliates, among other conditions, a one (1) year holding period prior to the resale in the United States of securities of an issuer that is not a reporting issuer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, acquired in a non-public offering without having to satisfy the registration requirements under the Act. The Subscriber understands and hereby acknowledges that except as set forth herein the Company is under no obligation to register any of the Shares under the Act or any state securities or "blue sky" laws.

1.9 The Subscriber further understands and agrees that it shall not sell the Shares to a purchaser in any province of Canada at any time within the four (4) month period following the date of their issuance and any subsequent purchaser outside of Canada before the end of that period must agree to comply with this restriction for the remainder of such period. The Subscriber further agrees that if it decides to offer, sell or otherwise transfer, pledge or hypothecate all or any part of the Shares, it will not offer, sell or otherwise transfer, pledge or hypothecate any of such Shares (other than pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Act), directly or indirectly unless an offer and sale or other disposition is:

- (a) made in accordance with an effective registration statement under the Act covering such disposition; or
- (b) to the Company; or
- (c) made outside the United States in accordance with the requirements of Rule 904 of Regulation S under the Act; or

(d) made in a transaction that does not require registration under the Act or any applicable United States state laws, rules and regulations governing the offer and sale of securities, and it has theretofore furnished to the Company an opinion of counsel to that effect; provided, that no opinion shall be required for any sale pursuant to Rule 144, or pursuant to any bona fide pledge in connection with a margin account.

1.10 The Subscriber consents to the placement of a legend on any certificate or other document evidencing the Shares indicating that such Shares have not been registered under the Act or any state securities or "blue sky" laws and setting forth or referring to the restrictions on transferability and sale thereof contained in this Agreement. The Subscriber is aware that the Company will make a notation in its appropriate records with respect to the restrictions on the transferability of such Shares. The legend to be placed on each certificate shall be in form substantially similar to the following:

UNLESS PERMITTED UNDER SECURITIES LEGISLATION, THE HOLDER OF THIS SECURITY MUST NOT TRADE THE SECURITY BEFORE [INSERT THE DATE THAT IS FOUR MONTHS AND A DAY AFTER THE DISTRIBUTION DATE].

THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE ARE LISTED ON THE TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE ("TSX"); HOWEVER, THE SAID SECURITIES CANNOT BE TRADED THROUGH THE FACILITIES OF TSX SINCE THEY ARE NOT FREELY TRANSFERABLE, AND CONSEQUENTLY ANY CERTIFICATE REPRESENTING SUCH SECURITIES IS NOT "GOOD DELIVERY" IN SETTLEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS ON TSX.

THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "ACT"). THE HOLDER HEREOF, BY PURCHASING SUCH SECURITIES, AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE ISSUER THAT SUCH SECURITIES MAY BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED ONLY (A) TO THE ISSUER, (B) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 904 OF REGULATION S UNDER THE ACT, OR (C) IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR PURSUANT TO ANOTHER EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION AFTER PROVIDING A REASONABLY SATISFACTORY LEGAL OPINION TO THE ISSUER.

Provided that if the Shares are being sold pursuant to Section 1.9(c) above, in the case of a resale to a purchaser in Canada, following the date which is four (4) months and a day after the date of issuance to the Subscriber, the Company covenants and represents that the legend may be removed by providing a declaration to the transfer agent for the Shares of the Company substantially as attached hereto as **Schedule "B"** (or as the Company may prescribe from time to time) upon the sale of the Shares by the Subscriber.

1.11 The Subscriber understands that the Company, at its sole discretion, reserves the unrestricted right, without further documentation or agreement on the part of the Subscriber, to reject or limit any purchase, to accept purchases for fractional Shares and to close the Offering to the Subscriber at any time and that the Company will issue stop transfer instructions to its transfer agent with respect to such Shares.

1.12 The Subscriber hereby represents that the address of the Subscriber furnished by Subscriber on the signature page hereof is the Subscriber's principal residence if the Subscriber is an individual or its principal business address if it is a corporation or other entity and that Subscriber is not resident in any province of Canada. If the Subscriber is resident outside of the United States, the Subscriber hereby represents that the Subscriber is resident in the jurisdiction specified in the address set out on Subscriber's signature page to this Agreement (the "**International Jurisdiction**") and that:

(a) the Subscriber is knowledgeable of, or has been independently advised as to, the applicable securities laws of the International Jurisdiction which would apply to this subscription, if there are any;

(b) the securities laws of the International Jurisdiction applicable to the Subscriber do not require the Company to file a prospectus or similar document or to register the Shares or to make any filings or seek any approvals of any kind whatsoever in respect of the sale of the Shares to the Subscriber from any regulatory authority in the International Jurisdiction;

(c) the delivery of this Agreement by the Company and the Subscriber and the issuance of the Shares to the Subscriber complies with all applicable securities laws of the International Jurisdiction and will not cause the Company to become subject to any disclosure, prospectus, registration or reporting requirements under any such securities laws; and

(d) the Subscriber will, if requested by the Company, deliver to the Company a certificate or opinion of local counsel from the International Jurisdiction which will confirm the matters referred to in subparagraphs (b) and (c) above to the satisfaction of the Company, acting reasonably.

1.13 The Subscriber represents that the Subscriber has full power and authority (corporate, statutory and otherwise) to execute and deliver this Agreement and to purchase the Shares. This Agreement constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of the Subscriber, enforceable against the Subscriber in accordance with its terms, subject to laws of general application relating to bankruptcy, insolvency and the relief of debtors and rules of law governing specific performance, injunctive relief or other equitable remedies, and to limitations of public policy.

1.14 If the Subscriber is a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, trust, employee benefit plan, individual retirement account, Keogh Plan, or other tax-exempt entity, it is authorized and qualified to invest in the Company and the person signing this Agreement on behalf of such entity has been duly authorized by such entity to do so.

#### 1.15 The Subscriber is not a Registered Representative of a Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") member firm.

1.16

(a) The Subscriber agrees not to issue any public statement with respect to the Subscriber's investment or proposed investment in the Company or the terms of any agreement or covenant between them and the Company without the Company's prior written consent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), except such disclosures as may be required under applicable law or under any applicable order, rule or regulation.

(b) The Subscriber acknowledges that this Agreement requires the Subscriber to provide certain personal information to the Company. Such information is being collected by the Company for the purposes of completing the Offering, which includes, without limitation, determining the Subscriber's eligibility to purchase the Shares under applicable securities laws, preparing and registering certificates representing the Shares to be issued to the Subscriber and completing filings required by any Securities Regulatory Authority. The Subscriber's personal information may be disclosed by the Company to: (a) any applicable Securities Regulatory Authority; (b) the Company's registrar and transfer agent; (c) Canada Revenue Agency; (d) any applicable stock exchange or over-the-counter market (including the TSX); and (e) the Company's advisors, including legal counsel, and may be included in record books in connection with the Offering. By executing this Agreement, the Subscriber is deemed to be consenting to the foregoing collection, use and disclosure of the Subscriber's personal information.

(c) The Subscriber consents to the filing of copies or originals of any of the Subscriber's documents described in Section 1.16(b) hereof as may be required to be filed with any Securities Regulatory Authority in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby.

(d) If the Subscriber is a resident of or otherwise subject to applicable securities laws of Ontario, the Subscriber acknowledges that it has been notified by the Company (a) of the delivery to the Ontario Securities Commission (the "**OSC**") of the full name, residential address and telephone number of the Subscriber, the number and type of securities purchased, the total purchase price, the exemption relied upon and the date of distribution; (b) that this information is being collected indirectly by the OSC under the authority granted to it under applicable securities laws; (c) that this information is being collected for the purposes of the administration and enforcement of the Securities Law of Ontario; and (d) that the Administrative Assistant to the Director of Corporate Finance can be contacted at Suite 1903, Box 55, 20 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5H 3S8 or at (416) 593-8086 regarding any questions about the OSC's indirect collection of this information and further acknowledges that it has authorized the indirect collection of this information by the OSC.

(e) The Subscriber represents and warrants that the funds representing the aggregate Purchase Price which will be paid by the Subscriber to the Company for the Shares hereby subscribed for will not represent proceeds of crime for the purposes of the *Proceeds of Crime (Money Laundering) and Terrorist Financing Act* (Canada) (the "**PCMLA**") and the Subscriber acknowledges that the Company may in the future be required by law to disclose the Subscriber's name and other information relating to this Agreement and the Subscriber's subscription hereunder, on a confidential basis, pursuant to the PCMLA. To the best of its knowledge (a) none of the subscription funds to be provided by the Subscriber (i) have been or will be derived from or related to any activity that is deemed criminal under the law of Canada, the United States of America, or any other jurisdiction, or (ii) are being tendered on behalf of a person who has not been identified to the Subscriber, and (b) it shall promptly notify the Company if the Subscriber discovers that any of such representations ceases to be true, and to provide the Company with appropriate information in connection therewith.

1.17 The Subscriber represents and warrants that it has not engaged, consented to or authorized any broker, finder or intermediary to act on its behalf, directly or indirectly, as a broker, finder or intermediary in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Subscriber hereby agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Company from and against all fees, commissions or other payments owing to any such person or firm acting on behalf of the Subscriber hereunder.

1.18 The Subscriber agrees to hold the Company and its directors, officers, employees, affiliates, controlling persons and agents and their respective heirs, representatives, successors and assigns harmless and to indemnify them against all liabilities, costs and expenses incurred by them as a result of (a) any sale or distribution of the Shares by the Subscriber in violation of the Act or any applicable state securities or "blue sky" laws; or (b) any false representation or warranty or any breach or failure by the Subscriber to comply with any covenant made by the Subscriber in this Agreement (including the Confidential Investor Questionnaire contained in Article IX herein) or any other document furnished by the Subscriber to any of the foregoing in connection with this transaction.

1.19 The Subscriber understands, acknowledges and agrees with the Company that, except as otherwise set forth herein, the subscription hereunder is irrevocable by the Subscriber, that, except as required by law, the Subscriber is not entitled to cancel, terminate or revoke this Agreement or any agreements of the Subscriber hereunder and that this Agreement and such other agreements shall survive the death or disability of the Subscriber and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns. If the Subscriber is more than one person, the obligations of the Subscriber hereunder shall be joint and several and the agreements, representations, warranties and acknowledgments herein contained shall be deemed to be made by and be binding upon each such person and his/her heirs, executors, administrators, successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns.

1.20 The Subscriber understands, acknowledges and agrees with the Company that the Offering is intended to be exempt from registration under the Act pursuant to the provisions of Regulation D thereunder, which is in part dependent upon the truth, completeness and accuracy of the representations made by the Subscriber herein.

1.21 The Subscriber acknowledges that the information contained in this Agreement or otherwise made available to the Subscriber is confidential and non-public and agrees that all such information shall be kept in confidence by the Subscriber and neither used by the Subscriber for the Subscriber's personal benefit (other than in connection with this Agreement, as supplemented) nor disclosed to any third party for any reason, unless such disclosure is required by applicable law or a court judgment, order or decree, notwithstanding that the Subscriber's subscription may not be accepted by the Company; provided, however, that this obligation shall not apply to any such information that (i) is part of the public knowledge or literature and readily accessible at the date hereof, (ii) becomes part of the public knowledge or literature and readily accessible by publication (except as a result of a breach of this provision) or (iii) is received from third parties (except third parties who disclose such information in violation of any confidentiality agreements or obligations, including, without limitation, any subscription or other similar agreement entered into with the Company).

1.22 The Subscriber understands, acknowledges and agrees with the Company that: (a) the Company may terminate the Offering or reject any subscription at any time in its sole discretion and the execution of this Agreement by the Subscriber or solicitation of the investment contemplated hereby shall create no obligation on the part of the Company to accept any subscription or complete the Offering; (b) no federal, provincial or state agency or authority has made any finding or determination as to the accuracy or adequacy of the Offering documents or as to the fairness of the terms of the Offering nor any recommendation or endorsement of the Shares (any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense); and (c) in making an investment decision, the Subscriber must rely on its own examination of the Company and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved.

## II. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF THE COMPANY

In the event that the Company accepts the Subscriber's subscription of Shares hereunder, the Company hereby represents and warrants to the Subscriber that:

2.1 <u>Organization, Good Standing and Qualification</u>. The Company is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of British Columbia and has full corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its property and assets, and to conduct its business as now conducted. The Company has conducted and is conducting its business in compliance in all material respects with all applicable laws, rules and regulations of the jurisdictions in which it carries on business.

2.2 <u>Capitalization and Voting Rights</u>. The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares in the capital of the Company (the "**Common Shares**"). As of June 6, 2017, the Company had 13,707,306 Common Shares issued and outstanding, and all issued and outstanding shares of the Company are validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable. As of June 6, 2017, the Company had: (i) warrants to purchase a total of 1,383,331 Common Shares outstanding and (ii) 2,412,711 options outstanding. Other than as set forth in the preceding sentence, there are no outstanding options, warrants, agreements, convertible securities, preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe for or to purchase any shares in the capital stock of the Company. Except as required by law, there are no restrictions upon the voting or transfer of any of the shares in the capital stock of the Company is a party or by which the Company is bound.

2.3 <u>Authorization; Enforceability</u>. The Company has all corporate right, power and authority to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. All corporate action on the part of the Company and its directors necessary for the (i) authorization, execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by the Company; and (ii) authorization, sale, issuance and delivery of the Shares contemplated hereby and the performance of the Company's obligations hereunder has been taken or will be taken prior to the Closing (in accordance with Section 3.2). This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Company and constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, subject to laws of general application relating to bankruptcy, insolvency and the relief of debtors and rules of law governing specific performance, injunctive relief or other equitable remedies, and to limitations of public policy. The Shares, when issued and fully paid for in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable. The issuance and sale of the Shares contemplated hereby will not give rise to any preemptive rights or rights of first refusal on behalf of any person which have not been waived in connection with this Offering.

## 2.4 <u>No Conflict; Governmental Consents</u>.

(a) The execution and delivery by the Company of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby will not result in the violation of any material law, statute, rule, regulation, order, writ, injunction, judgment or decree of any court or governmental authority to or by which the Company is bound, or of any provision of the articles of amalgamation, as amended, of the Company, and will not conflict with, or result in a material breach or violation of, any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute (with due notice or lapse of time or both) a default under, any lease, loan agreement, mortgage, security agreement, trust indenture or other agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound or to which any of its properties or assets is subject, nor result in the creation or imposition of any lien or encumbrance upon any of the properties or assets of the Company.

(b) No consent, approval, authorization or other order of any United States or Canadian governmental authority is required to be obtained by the Company in connection with the authorization, execution and delivery of this Agreement or with the authorization, issue and sale of the Shares, except such consents and filings as may be required to be made with or obtained from the SEC, FINRA, the TSX, the OTCOB and with any state or foreign blue sky or other Securities Regulatory Authority and any Canadian Securities Regulatory Authority, all of which filings or consents, including the TSX Approval (as defined herein), have been or will be timely made or obtained on or prior to Closing (for the avoidance of doubt, other than as set forth in Section 2.9).

2.5 <u>Litigation</u>. There is no pending or, or to the knowledge of the Company, threatened legal or governmental proceedings against the Company. The Company is not a party or subject to the provisions of any order, writ, injunction, judgment or decree of any court or government agency or instrumentality. There is no action, suit, proceeding or investigation by the Company currently pending in any court or before any arbitrator or that the Company intends to initiate.

2.6 <u>Approvals</u>. The Company will obtain, prior to the Closing, the receipt of all required third party and regulatory approvals, as applicable, including, without limitation, the TSX Approval and no shareholder approval is required for the Company to issue the Shares.

2.7 <u>Financial Statements</u>. The most recent annual financial statements of the Company as filed under the Company's issuer profile on <u>www.sedar.com</u> as of the date hereof (collectively, the "**Financial Statements**") accurately present fairly the financial position and condition, the results of operations and cash flows of the Company as at the dates and for the periods indicated thereof, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods involved, except as otherwise stated therein, and no material changes in such positions have taken place since the dates and for the periods indicated thereof, save in the ordinary course of the Company's business or as publicly announced.

2.8 Reporting Issuer in Canada; Absence of Material Changes. The Company is a reporting issuer or the equivalent thereof in British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland, and is not in default of any requirement under applicable securities legislation, statutes, regulations, and published policies and rules of Canadian provincial securities and TSX regulations, and, in particular, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company is in compliance with its obligations to make all reports and filings, including timely disclosure of all material changes relating to it, under such applicable securities legislation, statutes, regulations, and published policies and rules of Canadian provincial securities laws ("Filings"), no such disclosure has been made on a confidential basis and there is no material change relating to the Company which has occurred and with respect to which the requisite material change report has not been filed. The Filings complied in all material respects with the requirements of applicable securities legislation, statutes, regulations, and published policies and rules of Canadian provincial securities and TSX regulations. The Filings, as of their respective dates, did not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. No securities commission or regulatory authority in any of the provinces of Canada has issued any order preventing or suspending trading of any securities of the Company. Except as set forth in the Filings, there has not been (i) any material adverse change or effect on the business, assets, financial condition, prospects or results of operations of the Company (collectively, the "Business"), (ii) any transaction that is material to the Company, (iii) any obligation, direct or contingent, that is material to the Company, incurred by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, (iv) any change in the outstanding indebtedness of the Company and its subsidiaries (taken as a whole) that is material to the Company or the Business, (v) any dividend declared, paid or made on the capital stock of the Company, or (vi) any loss or damage (whether or not insured) to the property of the Company or any subsidiary which has been sustained which in the case of this clause (vi), individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to impair in any material respect the Company's ability to enter into and perform on a timely basis its obligations under this Agreement.

2.9 <u>Listing</u>. The common shares of the Company are listed on the TSX. On Closing, the Shares issued hereunder will have been conditionally approved for listing on the TSX (the "**TSX Approval**"), subject only to the satisfaction of customary deliverables after Closing, which the Company will perform in a timely fashion.

2.10 <u>No General Solicitation</u>. Neither the Company nor, to its knowledge, any person acting on its behalf has offered or sold or will offer or sell the Shares by any form of general solicitation or general advertising, including, but not limited to, the following:

(a) any advertisement, article, notice or other communication published in any newspaper, magazine, or similar media or broadcast over television or radio; and

(b) any seminar or meeting whose attendees have been invited by any general solicitation or general advertising.

2.11 <u>No Fees</u>. No brokerage, agency, finder or other fiscal advisory or similar fee is payable by the Company in connection with the transactions contemplated herein.

2.12 <u>Investment Company.</u> The Company is not an "investment company" within the meaning of such term under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder.

2.13 <u>Disclosure</u>. The representations and warranties made by the Company in this Agreement and the Filings when read together do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact and do not omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements herein as a whole not misleading.

#### III. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

3.1 There is no minimum aggregate Offering size.

3.2 The Company will conduct the Closing at the time and place of its choice (the "**Closing Date**") whereupon:

(a) the Subscriber shall deliver to the Company, if not previously delivered: (i) this duly completed and executed Agreement and the applicable Accredited Investor Certificate; and (ii) the Purchase Price payable for the Shares by wire transfer to an account designated by the Company Counsel (collectively, the "**Subscriber Deliverables**"); and

- (b) the Company will deliver to the Subscriber at or prior to the Closing Date (unless otherwise specified below):
  - (i) a certificate of good standing of the Company issued by the British Columbia Registrar of Companies dated no later than one (1) business day before the Closing Date;
  - (ii) an officer's certificate of the Company, dated as of the Closing Date, as to: (I) the resolutions of the Board then in full force and effect authorizing the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement to be executed by the Company and the transactions contemplated thereby; (II) the incumbency and signatures of those of its officers authorized to act with respect to this Agreement to be executed by such person; and (III) the full force and validity of each organizational document of the Company and copies thereof;
  - (iii) a closing certificate, dated as of the Closing Date and duly executed and delivered by the Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certifying for and on behalf of the Company and not in their personal capacities, to the best of the knowledge, information and belief of the persons so signing, after having made due enquiry, that: (I) the Company has complied in all material respects with all the covenants and satisfied all the terms and conditions of this Agreement on its part to be complied with and satisfied at or prior to the Closing Date and (II) the representations and warranties of the Company contained herein are true and correct in all respect as at the Closing Date;
  - (iv) evidence of receipt of the TSX Approval;
  - (v) a copy of this Agreement duly executed by the Company;
  - (vi) an opinion of Company Counsel in a form acceptable to the Subscriber in respect of the Shares; and
  - (vii) within two (2) business days after the Closing Date, a certificate registered in the name of the Subscriber (or as directed by it) duly executed and delivered by the Company, representing the Shares purchased hereunder free and clear of all liens, security interests, claims and encumbrances (and in this regard the Subscriber hereby authorizes and directs the Company to deliver the certificate representing the Shares purchased by the Subscriber pursuant to this Agreement to the address indicated on the signature page hereto) (items (i) through (vii) collectively, the "Company Deliverables").

## IV. <u>CONDITIONS TO CLOSING</u>

4.1 The Subscriber's obligation to purchase the Shares on the Closing Date is subject to the fulfillment of certain conditions, which conditions may be waived at the option of the Subscriber to the extent permitted by law, as follows:

(a) <u>Representations and Warranties Correct</u>. The representations and warranties made by the Company in Article II hereof shall be true and correct in all material respects as at the Closing Date.

(b) <u>Covenants</u>. All covenants, agreements and conditions contained in this Agreement to be performed by the Company on or prior to the Closing Date shall have been performed or complied with in all material respects.

(c) <u>No Legal Order Pending</u>. There shall not then be in effect any legal or other order enjoining or restraining the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(d) <u>No Law Prohibiting or Restricting Such Sale</u>. There shall not be in effect any law, rule or regulation prohibiting or restricting the sale of the Shares (except as otherwise referred to in this Agreement) or requiring any consent or approval of any person (including the TSX), which shall not have been obtained, to issue the Shares (except as referred to in this Agreement).

(e) <u>TSX Listing</u>. The TSX shall have conditionally approved the listing of the Shares, subject only to the satisfaction by the Company of customary post-closing conditions imposed by the TSX in similar circumstances and without the requirement of the Company to obtain shareholder approval for the Offering.

(f) <u>Company Deliverables</u>. The Company shall have delivered to the Subscriber all Company Deliverables.

(g) <u>Opinion</u>. The Subscriber shall have received an opinion from Company Counsel as to customary Canadian corporate and securities matters in relation to the Shares in a form acceptable to the Subscriber, acting reasonably.

4.2 The Company's obligation to sell the Shares on the Closing Date is subject to the fulfillment of certain conditions, which conditions may be waived at the option of the Company to the extent permitted by law, as follows:

(a) <u>Representations and Warranties Correct</u>. The representations and warranties made by the Subscriber in Article I hereof shall be true and correct in all material respects.

(b) <u>Payment of Purchase Price</u>. The Subscriber shall have delivered to the Company the Purchase Price for the Shares purchased by it pursuant to Section 3.2(a).

(c) <u>No Legal Order Pending</u>. There shall not then be in effect any legal or other order enjoining or restraining the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(d) <u>No Law Prohibiting or Restricting Such Sale</u>. There shall not be in effect any law, rule or regulation prohibiting or restricting the sale of the Shares or requiring any consent or approval of any person, which shall not have been obtained, to issue the Shares (except as otherwise provided in this Agreement).

(e) <u>TSX Listing</u>. The TSX shall have conditionally approved the listing of the Shares subject only to the satisfaction by the Company of customary post-closing conditions imposed by the TSX in similar circumstances, and without the requirement of the Company to obtain shareholder approval for the Offering.

(f) <u>Subscriber Deliverables</u>. The Subscriber shall have delivered to the Company all Subscriber Deliverables.

#### V. <u>COVENANTS</u>

5.1 <u>US Registration</u>. The Company agrees to file with the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "**Commission**") a registration statement (a "**Registration Statement**") on Form S-1, or any other form for which the Company then qualifies or which counsel for the Company shall deem appropriate and which form shall be available for the resale by the holders of all of the Shares issued pursuant to this Offering ("**Registrable Securities**"), and the Company shall (a) use its commercially reasonable efforts to make the initial filing of the Registration Statement no later than July 31, 2017, (b) use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause such Registration Statement to be declared effective no later than December 31, 2017; and (c) use its commercially reasonable efforts to keep such Registration Statement effective for a period of 2 years or for such shorter period ending on the earlier to occur of (i) the sale of all Registrable Securities and (ii) the availability of Rule 144 for the Holder to sell all of the Registrable Securities without volume limitations within a 90 day period (the "**Effectiveness Period**"); *provided, however*, that:

- (a) the Company shall not be obliged to effect a registration in accordance with the foregoing if Board determines in its good faith judgment that either (i) the effect of filing, amending or making effective a Registration Statement in accordance with the foregoing would materially adversely affect the Company including materially adversely affecting the ability of the Company to consummate a material financing, acquisition, corporate reorganization, merger or other material transaction involving the Company being considered at the time; or (ii) there exists at the time material non-public information relating to the Company the disclosure of which the Company believes would be detrimental to the Company and the Company has bona fide business purposes for preserving such information as confidential (a "**Valid Business Reason**"), provided that in either case the Company may not defer its obligations under this Section 5.1 for a period of more than 120 days. The Company will give written notice of the Board's determination to postpone filing and of the fact that the Valid Business Reason for such postponement no longer exists, in each case, promptly after the occurrence thereof;
- (b) the Company shall not be obligated to effect any such registration, qualification or compliance pursuant to this Section, or keep such registration effective pursuant to the terms hereunder, in any particular jurisdiction in which the Company would be required to qualify to do business as a foreign corporation or as a dealer in securities under the securities laws of such jurisdiction or to execute a general consent to service of process in effecting such registration, qualification or compliance, in each case where it has not already done so; and
- (c) in the event that the Commission should limit the number of Registrable Securities that may be sold pursuant to the Registration Statement, the Company may remove from the Registration Statement such number of Registrable Securities as specified by the Commission (the "**Cut Back Shares**") on behalf of all of the holders of Registrable Securities on a pro rata basis. In such event, the Company shall give the holders of Registrable Securities prompt notice of the number of Registrable Securities excluded therefrom.

5.2 Canadian Qualification Upon Becoming a Control Person. In the event the Subscriber shall become a "control person" as such term is defined in the Securities Act (Ontario) for reasons other than having acquired voting rights (within such meaning of the definition of "control person") with respect to Common Shares other than the Shares acquired under this Agreement, the Subscriber may, by written notice (the "Demand Notice"), require the Company to prepare and file the necessary offering documents with one or more Canadian securities regulatory authorities or otherwise to qualify the Registrable Securities for distribution in one or more Canadian reporting jurisdictions (a "Demand Registration"), and the Company will otherwise take or cause to be taken all actions as may be necessary or desirable, in order to effect a public offering of Registrable Shares by the Subscriber (a "Secondary Offering"). The Demand Notice shall state: (a) the number of Registrable Securities the Subscriber wishes to sell in the Secondary Offering; (b) describe the nature or methods of the proposed distribution thereof; and (c) specify the Canadian reporting jurisdictions in which such distribution shall be made, provided that the Company is, on the date of giving of the Demand Notice, a reporting issuer in each such Canadian reporting jurisdiction. The Subscriber shall send the Demand Notice to the Company. The Company shall not be obliged to effect a Demand Registration in the event the Board determines in its good faith judgment that there exists a Valid Reason to not effect a Demand Registration, provided that the Company's obligations under this Section 5.2 will be deferred for a period of not more than 90 days from the date of receipt of the Demand Notice, provided that the Company may not defer its obligations under this Section 5.2 for a period of more than 120 days in any 12 consecutive months. The Company will give written notice of the Board's determination to postpone filing and of the fact that the Valid Business Reason for such postponement no longer exists, in each case, promptly after the occurrence thereof. If the Company postpones the filing of a prospectus pursuant to this Section 5.2 and if the Subscriber that initiated the Demand Registration, at any time prior to receiving the Company's written notice that the Valid Business Reason for such postponement no longer exists, advises the Company in writing that it has determined to withdraw such request for a Demand Registration, then such Demand Registration and the request therefor will be deemed to be withdrawn and such request will be deemed not to have been given for purposes of determining whether the Subscriber exercised its right to a Demand Registration pursuant to this Section 5.2, and the reasonable fees, expenses and disbursements of legal counsel to the Subscriber incurred up to the date of withdrawal that would have been considered distribution expenses had such Demand Registration been completed, shall be paid by the Company.

5.3 At any time, the Subscriber shall be entitled, upon notice in writing to the Company, to withdraw such Demand Notice made pursuant to Section 5.2; *provided, however*, that the Subscriber shall pay all of the out of pocket expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in connection with the proposed Secondary Offering. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if and only if, the Subscriber withdraws the Demand Notice after having learned of a material adverse change in the condition, business or business prospects of the Company, then the Subscriber will not be required to pay any such expenses or forfeit the right to one Demand Registration.

5.4 In connection with a Secondary Offering, all distribution expenses shall be borne by the Subscriber and the Company in proportion to the amount the gross proceeds received by the Subscriber and the Company bear to the total gross proceeds of the Secondary Offering, provided that the Company shall not be responsible for the fees and disbursements of any legal counsel to the Subscriber. If the Company is participating in the Demand Registration then the Company shall be responsible for all fees and disbursements of legal counsel to the Company otherwise the Subscriber shall pay the fees and disbursements of legal counsel to the Company proportionately based on the gross proceeds received by the Subscriber. 5.5 The Company shall not be obliged to effect more than three (3) Demand Registrations in any twelve (12) month period pursuant to this Article V. The Subscriber shall not be permitted to exercise its Demand Registration rights pursuant to this Article V prior to one hundred and eighty (180) days following the date of this Agreement and in any event more than once in any one hundred and eighty (180) day period.

5.6 Following the Closing Date, so long as the Subscriber owns at least 4% of shares outstanding (subject to adjustment in the event of any share split, consolidation, share dividend or the like), the Subscriber shall also have unlimited registration rights relating to the inclusion of their Shares in any prospectus filed by the Company in one or more of the Canadian reporting jurisdictions (a "**Primary Offering**"). At least twenty (20) days prior to the initial filing of a preliminary prospectus for a Primary Offering, the Company will give written notice to the Subscriber of its intention to do so. Upon the written request of the Subscriber given within ten (10) days after the Company provides such notice (which request will state the number of Shares that is proposed to be included in such preliminary prospectus by the Subscriber (the "**Piggy Back Shares**"), the Company will cause all such Piggy Back Shares to be qualified for sale under the preliminary prospectus for a Primary Offering (a "**Piggy Back Registration**"); provided that the Company will have the right to postpone or withdraw any Piggy Back Registration initiated by the Company prior to a receipt being issued for a preliminary prospectus pursuant to this Section 5.6 without obligation to the Subscriber. If the Company withdraws any registration initiated by it, for whatever reason, the Subscriber may initiate a Demand Registration, subject to, and in accordance with, the provisions of Article V hereof.

5.7 The Company will pay all distribution expenses in connection with each Piggy Back Registration and the Subscriber will pay all selling expenses of the Subscriber, in proportion to the gross proceeds received by the Subscriber from any Piggy Back Registration.

5.8 Following the Closing Date, so long as the Subscriber owns at least 4% of shares outstanding (subject to adjustment in the event of any share split, consolidation, share dividend on the like), in the event the Company wishes to complete a private or public *bona fide* equity financing (an "**Equity Financing**"), the Company shall provide the Subscriber with reasonable notice of and the opportunity to participate in such Equity Financing so as to maintain its then *pro rata* voting interest in the Company; provided, however, that in no event shall this Section 5.8: (i) permit the Subscriber to acquire securities which represent, together with the securities owned or controlled by the Subscriber immediately prior to the Equity Financing, more than 19.9% of the outstanding voting securities of the Company upon completion of the Equity Financing; or (ii) permit the Subscriber to acquire securities to the extent that the TSX would require the Company to seek and obtain security holder approval as contemplated by Section 604 of the TSX Company Manual for the Equity Financing (and, absent such level of Subscriber participation, security holder approval would not be required).

## VI. TRADING IN COMPANY SECURITIES

6.1 The Subscriber covenants and agrees that it will not purchase, sell, short, or engage in any securities transactions relating to the Shares whatsoever (or advise any others to do so) while in possession of material non-public information regarding the Company, including that it is contemplating the Offering.

#### VII. <u>SURVIVAL</u>

7.1 The representations and warranties contained in this Agreement and in each applicable Accredited Investor Certificate attached hereto shall survive for a period of two (2) years after the Closing Date and continue in full force and effect and be binding upon the Company and the Subscriber, notwithstanding the completion of the purchase of the Shares by the Subscriber pursuant hereto, or the subsequent disposition of the Shares by the Subscriber. For greater certainty, all covenants under this Agreement shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Closing indefinitely.

## VIII. MISCELLANEOUS

8.1 Any notice or other communication given hereunder shall be deemed sufficient if in writing and sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or delivered by hand against written receipt therefor, addressed as follows:

if to the Company, to it at:

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. PO Box 13628 68 TW Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 Attention: Rosty Raykov, President and Chief Executive Officer

if to the Subscriber, to the Subscriber's address indicated on the signature page of this Agreement.

Notices shall be deemed to have been given or delivered on the date of mailing, except notices of change of address, which shall be deemed to have been given or delivered when received.

8.2 Except as otherwise provided herein, this Agreement shall not be changed, modified or amended except in writing signed by the parties to be charged, and this Agreement may not be discharged except by performance in accordance with its terms or in writing signed by the party to be charged.

8.3 This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and to their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns. This Agreement, together with the schedules hereto, sets forth the entire agreement and understanding between the parties as to the subject matter hereof and merges and supersedes all prior discussions, agreements and understandings of any and every nature among them.

8.4 Upon the execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Subscriber, this Agreement shall become a binding obligation of the Subscriber with respect to the purchase of Shares as herein provided, subject, however, to the right hereby reserved by the Company to enter into the same agreements with other purchasers and/or and delete other persons as purchasers.

8.5 All questions concerning the construction, validity, enforcement and interpretation of this Agreement shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the internal laws of the Province of British Columbia, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law thereof. Each party hereby irrevocably waives personal service of process and consents to process being served in any such suit, action or proceeding by mailing a copy thereof via registered or certified mail or overnight delivery (with evidence of delivery) to such party at the address in effect for notices to it under this Agreement and agrees that such service shall constitute good and sufficient service of process and notice thereof. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to limit in any way any right to serve process in any other manner permitted by law. The parties hereby waive all rights to a trial by jury. If either party shall commence an action or proceeding to enforce any provisions of this Agreement, then the prevailing party in such action or proceeding shall be reimbursed by the other party for its reasonable attorneys' fees and other costs and expenses incurred with the investigation, preparation and prosecution of such action or proceeding.

8.6 The holding of any provision of this Agreement to be invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction shall not affect any other provision of this Agreement, which shall remain in full force and effect. If any provision of this Agreement shall be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced in whole or in part, such provision shall be interpreted so as to remain enforceable to the maximum extent permissible consistent with applicable law and the remaining conditions and provisions or portions thereof shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect and enforceable to the extent they are valid, legal and enforceable, and no provisions shall be deemed dependent upon any other covenant or provision unless so expressed herein.

8.7 It is agreed that a waiver by either party of a breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate, or be construed, as a waiver of any subsequent or other breach by that same party.

8.8 The parties agree to execute and deliver all such further documents, agreements and instruments and take such other and further action as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement.

8.9 This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, including via facsimile or PDF, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

8.10 Nothing in this Agreement shall create or be deemed to create any rights in any person or entity not a party to this Agreement. The Subscriber hereby acknowledges and agrees that it shall bear all costs and expenses incurred by it (including any fees and disbursements of any special counsel retained by it) relating to the sale of the Shares to the Subscriber.

#### IX. CONFIDENTIAL INVESTOR QUESTIONNAIRE

9.1 The Subscriber represents that it is an "accredited investor" within the meaning of Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Act because it comes within any of the following categories at each time of the sale of the Shares to the Subscriber (please initial beside the categories below applicable to the Subscriber). The undersigned agrees to furnish any additional information which the Company deems necessary in order to verify the answers set forth below:

\_\_\_\_\_\_ any bank as defined in Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act, or any savings and loan association or other institution as defined in Section 3(a)(5)(A) of such Act whether acting in its individual or fiduciary capacity, any broker or dealer registered pursuant to Section 15 of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, any insurance company as defined in Section 2(a)(13) of the Securities Act, any investment company registered under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940 or a business development company as defined in Section 2(a)(48) of the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, any small business investment company licensed by the U.S. Small Business Administration under Section 301(c) or (d) of the U.S. Small Business Investment Act of 1958, any plan established and maintained by a state, its political subdivisions, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or its political subdivisions for the benefit of its employees, if such plan has total assets in excess of \$5,000,000, any employee benefit plan within the meaning of the U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, if the investment decision is made by a plan fiduciary, as defined in Section 3(21) of the U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, which is either a bank, savings and loan association, insurance company, or registered investment adviser, or if the employee benefit plan has total assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or, if a self-directed plan, with investment decisions made solely by persons that are accredited investors;

\_\_\_\_\_ any private business development company as defined in Section 202(a)(22) of the U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940;

\_\_\_\_\_ any organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, corporation, Massachusetts or similar business trust, or partnership, not formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the securities offered, with total assets in excess of \$5,000,000;

\_\_\_\_\_\_ any director, executive officer, or general partner of the issuer of the securities being offered or sold, or any director, executive officer, or general partner of a general partner of that issuer;

\_\_\_\_\_ any natural person whose individual net worth, or joint net worth with that person's spouse, at the time of his purchase exceeds \$1,000,000 (excluding such person's primary residence);

\_\_\_\_\_ any natural person who had an individual income in excess of \$200,000 in each of the two most recent years or joint income with that person's spouse in excess of \$300,000 in each of those years and has a reasonable expectation of reaching the same income level in the current year;

\_\_\_\_\_\_ any trust, with total assets in excess of \$5,000,000, not formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the securities offered, whose purchase is directed by a sophisticated person as described in Rule 506(b)(2)(ii) of Regulation D under the Securities Act; or

\_\_\_\_\_ any entity in which all of the equity owners are accredited investors.

The undersigned agrees that the undersigned will notify the Company at any time on or prior to either Closing, in the event that the representations and warranties in this Agreement shall cease to be true, accurate and complete.

# 9.2 SUITABILITY (please answer each question)

(a)	For an individual Subscriber, please describe your current employment, including the company by which you are employed and its principal business:
(b)	For an individual Subscriber, please describe any college or graduate degrees held by you:
(c)	For all Subscribers, please list types of prior investments:
(d)	For all Subscribers, please state whether you have you participated in other <u>private placements</u> before:
	YES NO

(e) If your answer to question (d) above was "YES", please indicate frequency of such prior participation in <u>private placements</u> of:

		Public Companies	Private Companies	Public or Private Biotechnology Companies
	Frequently	Companes	Companes	Diotectinology Companies
	Occasionally			
	Never			
(f)	For individual Subscribers, d	o you expect your current level of inco	ne to significantly decrease in the f	preseeable future:
	YES		NO	
(g)	For trust, corporate, partne foreseeable future:	rship and other institutional Subscribe	ers, do you expect your total ass	ets to significantly decrease in the
	YES		NO	
(h)		have any other investments or conting excess of cash readily available to you:		v anticipate could cause you to need
	YES		NO	
(i)	For all Subscribers, are you purchase?	familiar with the risk aspects and the n	on-liquidity of investments such as	the securities for which you seek to
	YES		NO	
(j)	For all Subscribers, do you your entire investment?	understand that there is no guarantee o	f financial return on this investmer	and that you run the risk of losing
	YES		NO	
	9.3 MANNER IN WHICH	I TITLE IS TO BE HELD. (circle one)		
	(a)	Individual Ownership		
	(b)	Community Property		
	(C)	Joint Tenant with Right of Survivors	hip (both parties must sign)	
	(d)	Partnership*		
	(e)	Tenants in Common		
	(f)	Company* Trust*		
	(g) (h)	Other		
*If S		an entity, a Certificate of Signatory mus	st also be completed.	

## 9.4 FINRA AFFILIATION.

Are you affiliated or associated with an FINRA member firm (please check one):

v	Г	c
т	Ŀ	J

NO

If Yes, please describe:

\*If Subscriber is a Registered Representative with an FINRA member firm, have the following acknowledgment signed by the appropriate party:

The undersigned FINRA member firm acknowledges receipt of the notice required by the Rules of Conduct.

Name of FINRA Member Firm

By:

Authorized Officer

Date:

9.5 The undersigned is informed of the significance to the Company of the foregoing representations and answers contained in the Confidential Investor Questionnaire contained in this Article IX and such answers have been provided under the assumption that the Company will rely on them.

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

Name	of	Subs	criber:
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Signature

Name Typed or Printed

Address

Country, City, State and Zip Code

Telephone

Facsimile

Tax ID # or Social Security #

Name in which Shares should be issued:

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2017

# FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC.

By: Name: Title:

## SCHEDULE "A" SUMMARY OF OFFERING TERMS

# CONFIDENTIAL

This confidential term sheet summarizes the principal terms of a proposed equity financing by Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. Except as described below next to the heading, Confidentiality/No Trading (which is intended to binding on proposed investors), this term sheet is for discussion purposes only; there is no obligation on the part of any negotiating party until definitive transaction documents are signed.

New Issue



# TERM SHEET PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF COMMON SHARES

Issuer:	Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the " <b>Company</b> ").
Offering:	Private placement of up to 2,000,000 common shares in the capital of the Company (the "Shares")
Offering Size:	Up to USD\$8,000,000
Issue Price:	USD\$4.00 per Share.
Use of Proceeds:	The Company intends to use the net proceeds of the Offering for STS development and general corporate purposes.
Hold Period:	No prospectus or offering memorandum will be prepared. The Shares will be subject to certain hold periods in the United States pursuant to US securities laws and a hold period of four months and a day following the Closing Date pursuant to Canadian securities laws.
Listing:	The Company's common shares are listed on the TSX (FRX) and, in the United States, are quoted on OTC (FENCF). The Company will obtain the necessary approvals to list the Shares issued under this Offering on the TSX.
Closing Date:	June 8, 2017 (the " <b>Closing Date</b> ").
Confidentiality/No Trading	g: Investor understands and agrees that this Term Sheet, and the information set forth herein, constitutes confidential information and, accordingly, each investor agrees not to purchase, sell, short or engage in any securities transactions relating to the Company's securities whatsoever (or advise others to do so) in violation of applicable securities laws.

## SCHEDULE "B" REGULATION "S" RESALE REPRESENTATION LETTER

Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. PO Box 13628 68 TW Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 Attention: President and Chief Executive Officer

To Whom It May Concern:

The undersigned (A) acknowledges that the sale of the securities of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "**Company**") to which this declaration relates is being made in reliance on Rule 904 of Regulation S under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Act**") and (B) certifies that: (1) the offer of such securities was not made to a person in the United States and either (a) at the time the buy order was originated, the buyer was outside the United States, or the seller and any person acting on its behalf reasonably believes that the buyer was outside the United States or (b) the transaction was executed on or through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange and neither the seller nor any person acting on its behalf engaged in any "directed selling efforts" in the United States in connection with the offer and sale of such securities; (3) the sale is bona fide and not for the purpose of "washing off" the resale restrictions imposed because the securities are "restricted securities" (as such term is defined in Rule 144(a)(3) under the Act); (4) the seller does not have a short position in the securities sold and does not intend to replace the securities sold in reliance on Rule 904 with fungible unrestricted securities; (5) the contemplated sale is not a transaction, or part of a series of transactions which, although in technical compliance with Regulation S, is part of a plan or scheme to evade the registration provisions of the Act; and (6) the undersigned is not an "affiliate" (as defined in Rule 405 under the Act) of the Company. Terms used herein have the meanings given to them by Regulation S.

Name: Title: Date:

## **CERTIFICATE OF SUBSEQUENT SALE**

[Name and Address of Transfer Agent]

68 TW Alexander Drive

Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Attention: President and Chief Executive Officer

RE: Sale of Shares of Common Stock of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "Company")

Dear Sir/Madam:

The undersigned hereby certifies, in connection with the sale of Common Shares of the Company, that the undersigned has sold the shares in compliance with all securities laws applicable to the undersigned.

Selling Stoc	ckholder (the beneficial owner):		_
Record Hole	der (e.g., if held in name of nominee):		-
Restricted S	Stock Certificate No.(s):		_
Number of	Shares Sold:		_
Date of Sale	e:		_
		Very truly yours,	
Dated:		Ву:	
		Print Name:	
		Title:	
cc:	Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. PO Box 13628		

# SCHEDULE "C"

# ACCREDITED INVESTOR CERTIFICATE CANADA – NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 45-106

# TO: FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC.

In connection with the subscription for Shares of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "**Company**"), the undersigned (the "**Subscriber**") hereby represents and warrants that the Subscriber is an "accredited investor" as defined in National Instrument 45-106 – *Prospectus Exemptions* by virtue of being (check one):

(a)	<ul> <li>(i) except in Ontario, a Canadian financial institution or a bank listed in Schedule III to the <i>Bank Act</i> (Canada),</li> <li>(ii) in Ontario, a bank listed in Schedule I, II or III to the <i>Bank Act</i> (Canada).</li> <li>(iii) in Ontario, an association to which the <i>Cooperative Credit Associations Act</i> (Canada) applies or a central cooperative credit society for which an order has been made under subsection 473(1) of that Act.</li> <li>(iv) in Ontario, a loan corporation, trust company, trust corporation, insurance company, treasury branch, credit union, caisse populaire, financial services cooperative or credit union league or federation that is authorized by a statute of Canada or Ontario to carry on business in Canada or Ontario, as the case may be.</li> </ul>
(b)	the Business Development Bank of Canada,
(C)	a subsidiary of any person or company referred to in clause (a) or (b), if the person or company owns all of the voting securities of the subsidiary, except the voting securities required by law to be owned by directors of that subsidiary,
(d)	a person or company registered under the securities legislation of a province or territory of Canada as an adviser or dealer, except as otherwise prescribed by regulation,
(e)	an individual registered under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada as a representative of a person referred to in paragraph (d),
(f)	an individual formerly registered under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada, other than an individual formerly registered solely as a representative of a limited market dealer under one or both of the <i>Securities Act</i> (Ontario) or the <i>Securities Act</i> (Newfoundland and Labrador),
(g)	the Government of Canada, the government of a province or territory of Canada, or any Crown corporation, agency or wholly owned entity of the Government of Canada or of the government of a province or territory of Canada,
(h)	a municipality, public board or commission in Canada and a metropolitan community, school board, the Comité de gestion de la taxe scolaire de l'Île de Montréal or an intermunicipal management board in Québec,
(i)	any national, federal, state, provincial, territorial or municipal government of or in any foreign jurisdiction, or any agency of that government,
(j)	a pension fund that is regulated by either the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (Canada) or a pension commission or similar regulatory authority of a province or territory of Canada,
(k)	an individual who, either alone or with a spouse, beneficially owns financial assets having an aggregate realizable value that, before taxes but net of any related liabilities, exceeds \$1,000,000, and the undersigned has completed and signed the enclosed Form 45-106F9,
(l)	an individual who beneficially owns financial assets having an aggregate realizable value that, before taxes but net of any related liabilities, exceeds \$5,000,000,
(m)	an individual whose net income before taxes exceeded \$200,000 in each of the 2 most recent calendar years or whose net income before taxes combined with that of a spouse exceeded \$300,000 in each of the 2 most recent calendar years and who, in either case, reasonably expects to exceed that net income level in the current calendar year, <b>and the undersigned has completed and signed the enclosed Form 45-106F9</b> ,

(n)	an individual who, either alone or with a spouse, has net assets of at least \$5,000,000, and the undersigned has completed and signed the enclosed Form 45-106F9,
(0)	a person, other than an individual or investment fund, that has net assets of at least \$5,000,000 as shown on its most recently prepared financial statements, <b>and that has not been created or used solely to purchase or hold securities as an accredited investor,</b>
(p)	<ul> <li>an investment fund that distributes or has distributed its securities only to:</li> <li>(i) a person that is or was an accredited investor at the time of the distribution,</li> <li>(ii) a person that acquires or acquired securities in the circumstances referred to in sections 2.10 of National Instrument 45-106 ("NI 45-106") [Minimum amount investment], or 2.19 of NI 45-106 [Additional investment in investment funds], or</li> <li>(iii) a person described in paragraph (i) or (ii) that acquires or acquired securities under section 2.18 of NI 45-106 [Investment fund reinvestment],</li> </ul>
(q)	an investment fund that distributes or has distributed securities under a prospectus in a jurisdiction of Canada for which the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, has issued a receipt,
(r)	a trust company or trust corporation registered or authorized to carry on business under the <i>Trust and Loan Companies Act</i> (Canada) or under comparable legislation in a jurisdiction of Canada or a foreign jurisdiction, acting on behalf of a fully managed account managed by the trust company or trust corporation, as the case may be,
(s)	a person acting on behalf of a fully managed account managed by that person, if that person is registered or authorized to carry on business as an adviser or the equivalent under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada or a foreign jurisdiction,
(t)	a registered charity under the <i>Income Tax Act</i> (Canada) that, in regard to the trade, has obtained advice from an eligibility adviser or an adviser registered under the securities legislation of the jurisdiction of the registered charity to give advice on the securities being traded,
(u)	an entity organized in a foreign jurisdiction that is analogous to the entity referred to in paragraph (a)-(d) or (j) in form and function,
(v)	a person in respect of which all of the owners of interests, direct, indirect or beneficial, except the voting securities required by law to be owned by directors, are persons that are accredited investors,
(w)	an investment fund that is advised by a person registered as an adviser or a person that is exempt from registration as an adviser,
(x)	a person that is recognized or designated by the securities regulatory authority or, except in Ontario and Québec, the regulator as an accredited investor, or
(y)	a trust established by an accredited investor for the benefit of the accredited investor's family members of which a majority of the trustees are accredited investors and all of the beneficiaries are the accredited investor's spouse, a former spouse of the accredited investor or a parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild of that accredited investor, of that accredited investor's spouse or of that accredited investor's former spouse.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2017

Signed:	
Name:	
For:	
Title:	

#### SCHEDULE "D"

#### ACCREDITED INVESTOR CERTIFICATE FOR RESIDENTS OF AN INTERNATIONAL JURISDICTION

## TO: FENNEC PHARMACEUTICALS INC.

Any capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Subscription Agreement between the undersigned and Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. dated on or about the date hereof.

In connection with the subscription for Shares of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "**Company**"), the undersigned (the "**Subscriber**") hereby represents, warrants and covenants (on its own behalf or, if applicable, on behalf of those for whom the Subscriber is contracting hereunder) and certifies to the Company and acknowledges that the Company is relying thereon that:

## **General**

- A. The Subscriber is resident in an International Jurisdiction (as defined in the Subscription Agreement) or is subject to the laws of that International Jurisdiction;
- B. The Subscriber complies with the requirements of all applicable securities laws in their International Jurisdiction and will provide such evidence of compliance with all such matters as the Company may request;
- C. Upon execution of this Accredited Investor Certificate by the Subscriber, this Certificate shall be incorporated into and form a part of the Subscription Agreement;
- D. The Subscriber is purchasing the Shares as principal for its own account and not for the benefit of any other person, for investment only, and will comply with all applicable securities laws and with the policies of the TSX concerning the purchase, the holding of and the resale restrictions on the securities; or is acting as agent for one or more disclosed purchasers, each disclosed purchaser is purchasing as principal for its own account and not for the benefit of any other person, for investment only, and not with a view to the resale or distribution of all or any of the Shares;

#### **Prospectus Exemptions**

- E. The Subscriber is knowledgeable of securities legislation having application or jurisdiction over the Subscriber and the Offering (other than the laws of Canada and the U.S.) which would apply to this subscription;
- F. The Subscriber is purchasing the Shares pursuant to exemptions from any prospectus, registration or similar requirements under the laws of that International Jurisdiction or, if such is not applicable, the Subscriber is permitted to purchase the Shares, and the Company does not have any filing obligations in the International Jurisdiction; and
- G. No laws in the International Jurisdiction require the Company to make any filings or seek any approvals of any kind whatsoever from any regulatory authority of any kind whatsoever in the International Jurisdiction.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ For: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_

# Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Subsidiaries of the Company

Oxiquant, Inc., a Delaware corporation Fennec Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Delaware corporation Cadherin Biomedical Inc., a Canadian company

# CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the use in this Registration Statement of our report dated March 29, 2017 relating to the consolidated financial statements of Fennec Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "Company") (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and include explanatory paragraphs relating to the conditions and events that raise substantial doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern appearing in the Prospectus, which is part of such Registration Statement, and to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Prospectus.

/s/ Deloitte LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants Ottawa, Canada

August 10, 2017